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DAILY, TRI-WEEKLY AND WEEKLY.

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A RARE BIRD.

We reprint this morning portions of the record of Herschel V. Johnson, the Douglas candidate for the Presidency. He is proved to be,

1st, A Calhoun man of the rankest sort—in favor of intervention for Slavery, a Slave Code and all the abominations which the hot-bed of pro-slavery fanaticism has hatched;

2d, Opposed to Popular Sovereignty in the Territories, in all its form; and

3d, In favor of *the capitalist owning the laborer*, if we may believe his own words, without any reservations as to condition, color, age or sex.

Such a candidate as this ought properly to be put on the ticket with the candidate who "does not care whether Slavery is voted up or voted down." They are united in life; let them not be separated in death. But hurra for Douglas and JOHNSON—for Squatter Sovereignty and CONGRESSIONAL INTERVENTION!

DOMESTIC WAR.

A vigorous fight is going on among the Breckinridge men of this State in relation to the propriety of nominating an Electoral Ticket in Illinois. A few of them contend that the true policy of the party is to endeavor to carry the State for Douglas, throw the election into the House, and give their candidate an additional chance. These are for submission to the Douglas organization. The other side in the fight say that Lincoln is sure to be elected whatever they may do, and that it is their duty to organize, cast what votes they can and be in readiness for the next campaign when Douglasism will have been purged out of the party by defeat, and when they will be recognized as the Democracy of Illinois. They are for national, State and county nominations. Hence the squabble. Their Convention is on the 12th, at Springfield, then they will determine which faction within the faction is the strongest.

TREMENDOUS DEMONSTRATION.

Douglas Ratified in Chicago.

The adjourned Ratification Meeting of the Douglas Democracy of Chicago, (fourth adjournment), took place in front of the Tremont House on Saturday evening. The time fixed for the masses to assemble was 8 o'clock, but there being nobody there except the regular boarders of the house and the orator of the evening, a man was dispatched to get a lot of rockets which were discharged at intervals for half an hour, when a congregation of four or five hundred persons were collected, and Mr. R. T. Merrick proceeded to make his adjourned report of the Charleston and Baltimore obsequies of the Democratic party. He had spoken about fifteen minutes when the "West Side delegation," about which there was an elaborate splurge in the *Times* of Saturday morning, came in *seventy eight strong!* Three cheers were given for the West Side delegation.

Mr. Merrick assumed the narrative style of argumentation, and went forward as well as could be expected. He rehearsed the dispatches from Charleston and Baltimore to the Associated Press with tolerable accuracy, but kicked his own fat in the fire completely by alleging, *first*, that the seceders at Charleston misrepresented the people of the Southern States, but declaring, *secondly*, that "a state of feeling existed at Charleston which rendered it unsafe for the friends of Mr. Douglas to give expression to their peculiar views in the streets or at any public meeting." We leave to Mr. Merrick the job of reconciling his two statements, and of showing how far the South Carolina delegates misrepresented those citizens who would not tolerate a Douglas mass meeting in Charleston, nor even a free and full expression of the sentiments of the Illinois delegation in the streets of that city.

To say that the meeting was altogether tame and spiritless would be but a feeble expression of a palpable fact. We have already given to it more space than its merits or its proportions entitle it to. Perhaps the Democracy are waiting for a sample, in the way of public demonstrations, from the Republican side of Chicago. If so, they will be accommodated ere long with something worth talking about, and there will be no occasion for a waste of rockets to attract an audience.

It was a fitting termination of the fizzle on Saturday evening, for the chairman of the meeting—a mighty man in the Democratic party—to rise about half past ten o'clock, supported by a friend, and articulate: "Gentlemen, thish meeting's 'zhourned," with much thickness of utterance.

Rueful.

The N. Y. *Express*—which pretends to support Bell and Everett yet does all it can to turn over votes to Douglas and Johnson—protests against the Breckinridge movements as sinister and insincere! We dare the *Express* to join issue with us on the following predictions:

1. We predict that Lincoln and Hamlin will have the highest Electoral Vote, and that Breckinridge and Lane will have the next highest.

2. We predict that Bell and Everett—whom the *Express* pretends to support—will have more Electoral Votes than Douglas and Johnson, whom it really favors.

3. We predict that Breckinridge and Lane will have twice as many Electoral Votes as Douglas and Johnson.

4. We predict that Lincoln and Hamlin will have four times as many Electoral Votes as either Bell and Everett or Douglas and Johnson.

—These results are obvious. They inhere in the nature of things. Lincoln and Hamlin represent a principle—that of National resistance to the diffusion of Slavery. Breckinridge and Lane represent the antagonist principle—that of National protection to the diffusion of Slavery. Douglas and Johnson represent a dodge—namely: National indifference to the diffusion of Slavery. Bell and Everett represent a sham—National blindness to the diffusion of Slavery. Earnest men are necessarily with one or the other of the two first named. And earnest men happen to be greatly in the majority about these days. Really very few are indifferent, while none who can read are blind to the great, overshadowing issue of our age. Political trimmers who would ignore the gravest facts by revolving that they don't see, or care nothing about them, may vote for Douglas and Bell; but the people are overwhelmingly in favor of a settlement of the Slavery extension issue on its merits—one that shall be real and ending.—*N. Y. Tribune.*

Safe Return of Steiner, the Aeronaut.

[From the Milwaukee Sentinel, 7th.]

Professor Steiner, who made so fine an ascension from this city on the afternoon of the Fourth in his Balloon "Europa," returned hither last night about ten o'clock. He had rather an uncomfortable experience, having first "landed" *in Lake Michigan*, about nine miles from the East shore.

When about half way across the Lake, he encountered a heavy rain-storm, and his balloon, losing its buoyancy, gradually sank until his basket touched the water. After dragging along for some distance and getting thoroughly wet, the Professor cut loose from his basket and managed to get *safe* ashore with his balloon; effecting a second landing near the Kalamazoo river. Yesterday morning his basket also came ashore, but plundered of its contents.

The Professor crossed the Lake, ninety miles, in two hours and twenty minutes—a pretty quick trip.

Killed by Lightning.

[From the Genesee Republic, 5th.]

We regret to learn that a Mr. Laithorne and his wife, of Genesee, were instantly killed by lightning, Sabbath night last. They had both gone to the chimney for some purpose, when they were destroyed by a current of electricity which came down the chimney. There were five children and the aged mother of Mr. Laitherne in the room, but in bed, none of whom were hurt. The storm was terrific.

☞ The Raleigh *Daily Press*, Charlotte *Bulletin*, Wilmington *Journal*, *Star of Freedom*, *Western Democrat*, Salisbury *Banner* and every other Democratic paper in North Carolina that has taken any action, has hoisted the names of Breckinridge and Lane.

☞ The Breckinridge organs are dropping the Stephen in Douglas's name. They call him "Arnold Douglas."

From Washington.

Special Dispatch to the New York Tribune.

WASHINGTON, July 5, 1860.

THE QUARREL BETWEEN THE PRESIDENT AND MR. GWIN.

That was, perhaps, the most violent personal scene which the President has confronted since entering office, although he has had to encounter many disagreeable passages. Mr. Gwin and his household had been on the most familiar footing at the White House, and through that relation, exercised no little power elsewhere. The constant exactions were found worse than annoying, and the President finally refused some demand point blank. This led to an explosion, and Mr. Gwin told him emphatically, that he was unworthy of friends, and henceforth, neither he nor his Administration need expect any support at his hands.

Mr. Buchanan is not the man to forget such an indignity. Though he may fail to resent it, he will probably have pacific overtures made to Mr. Gwin, as was done to his friend Robert J. Walker. But if accepted, they will be followed by the same result in one case as the other. Mr. Walker consented to a reconciliation only to find himself again deceived. But Mr. Gwin knows better, and will not take promises for satisfaction. He must have his pound of flesh or the equivalent.

MR. WENDELL'S DEVELOPEMENTS.

Mr. Wendell, it appears, has more developments in reserve than were made before the Covode Committee, where the crust only was broken. When the President hesitated about signing the bill for the purchase of a Government printing office, which Mr. Wendell assumed for satisfactory reasons would result in the sale of his establishment, information was communicated to him that other disclosures would be made if he persisted in refusing to complete the law. The bill was signed, whether that fact operated or not to hasten it.

THE GUILLOTINE.

The removal of Mr. Carroll, Postmaster at Memphis, Douglas delegate to Baltimore, is only a part of the programme which has been marked out by the Administration.

GEN. CASS'S RETURN.

No time has been fixed for Gen. Cass's return to Washington. He may be absent the whole summer. The President conducts the diplomacy.

POSITION OF MR. DICKINSON.

Mr. Dickinson sent word here recently that he and his friends would not move in New York until every Douglas head was brought to the block. Mr. Buchanan had taken the resolution before the message was received.

THE FUSION IN NEW JERSEY.

As Senator Thompson is a member of the Breckinridge Executive Committee here, it is presumed he has not countenanced the movement in New Jersey for a coalition electoral ticket, which is openly denounced by his associates connected with that organization. They refuse co-operation on any terms with the present Douglas interest, knowing present success to be impossible, and regarding a mongrel combination now as injurious to their future control of the Democratic organization, which is the only object that both factions are now contending for. The New Jersey experiment will fizzle out worse even than that in Pennsylvania or New York.

FALL OF BUILDING AND FIRE IN ST. JOSEPH.

Loss $200,000—Nine Lives Lost.

[From the St. Louis Democrat, of yesterday.]

About two o'clock yesterday morning, the new four story building, in St. Joseph, owned and occupied by Nave, McCord & Co., as a wholesale grocery store, fell with a tremendous crash, crushing in the ruins a frame building adjacent, occupied by three families, killing nine out of the ten occupants instantly. Their names were Mrs. Boice, (late of Macon City), aged about forty years, and three children; Mr. and Mrs. Cogswell, and four others, whose names our informant did not learn. The building caught fire immediately afterwards, and the whole stock of Nave, McCord & Co., which was a very large one, was consumed. Partially insured. The flames spread to the store of Messrs. Tootles & Fairleigh, which was entirely consumed, together with their stock of boots and shoes.

The total loss is estimated at $200,000.

Two clerks who slept in the second story of the grocery store, named Meacham and Hudsmith, were buried in the ruins, but by great exertions were got out with but slight injuries.

This was the finest block of buildings in St. Joseph, and the parties owning them had just finished them off and moved in them this spring. The cause of the building giving way was owing to too much weight being placed in the building. Part of the stock was 4,000 sacks of flour.

Letter from Abraham Lincoln.

[From the Augusta (Me.) Journal.]

The Republicans of Boston celebrated Thos. Jefferson's birthday, on the 13th of April, 1859. Among those invited to be present was Hon. Abraham Lincoln, who responded in a letter of great power and of remarkable felicity of expression. We thought at the time that of all the political letters we had ever read, it was the most pointed and forcible, and our great surprise is that up to this time, so far as we have observed, it has not been published. After diligent search among some old clippings, we have succeeded in finding it, and with peculiar pleasure lay it before our readers. It is a platform in itself, worthy of the endorsement of all who believe in the fundamental doctrines of free government as taught by Thomas Jefferson. Here is the letter:

SPRINGFIELD, ILL., April 6, 1859.

GENTLEMEN: Your kind note inviting me to attend a festival in Boston, on the 13th inst., in honor of the birthday of Thomas Jefferson, was duly received. My engagements are such that I cannot attend. Bearing in mind that about 79 years ago two great political parties were first formed in this country; that Thomas Jefferson was the head of one of them, and Boston the head quarters of the other, it is both curious and interesting that those supposed to descend politically from the party opposed to Jefferson should now be celebrating his birth-day in their own original seat of empire, while those claiming political descent from him have nearly ceased to breathe his name everywhere.

Remembering, too, that the Jefferson party was formed upon its supposed superior devotion to the *personal* rights of men, holding the rights of *property* to be secondary only, and greatly inferior; and then assuming the so called Democracy of to-day are the Jefferson, and their opponents the anti Jefferson parties, it will be equally interesting to note how completely the two have changed ground as to the principles upon which they were originally supposed to be divided.

The Democracy of to day hold the *liberty* of one man to be absolutely nothing, when in conflict with another man's right of *property*. Republicans on the contrary, are for both the *man* and the *dollar*, but in case of conflict, the man *before* the dollar.

I remember being once amused at seeing two partially intoxicated men engaged in a fight with their great coats on, which fight, after a long and rather harmless contest, ended in each having fought himself out of his own coat into that of the other. If the two leading parties of this day are really identified with the two in the days of Jefferson and Adams, they have performed the same feat as the two drunken men.

But, soberly, it is now no child's play to save the principles of Jefferson from total overthrow in this nation.

One would state with great confidence that he could convince any sane child that the simpler propositions of Euclid are true; but, nevertheless, he would fail with one who should deny the definitions and axioms. The principles of Jefferson are the definitions and axioms of free society. And yet they are denied and evaded with no small show of success. One dashingly calls them "glittering generalities." Another bluntly calls them "self evident lies." And others insidiously argue that they apply only to "superior races."

These expressions, differing in form, are identical in object and effect—the supplanting the principles of free government, and restoring those of classification, caste and legitimacy. They would delight a convocation of crowned heads plotting against the people. They are the vanguard, the sappers and miners of returning despotism. We must repulse them or they will subjugate us.

This is a world of compensations, and he who would *be* no slave must consent to *have* no slave. Those who deny freedom to others ought not to have it themselves, and under a just God, cannot long retain it.

All honor to Jefferson—to the man who, in the concrete pressure of a struggle for national independence by a single people, had the coolness, forecast, and capacity to introduce into a merely revolutionary document an abstract truth, applicable to all men and all times, and so to embalm it there, that to-day, and in all coming days, it shall be a rebuke and a stumbling block to the harbingers of re-appearing tyranny and oppression.

Your obedient servant, A. LINCOLN.

To Messrs. H. L. Pierce and others, &c.

COMING OVER.—The Constantine (Mich.) *Mercury* says that several heretofore staunch Democrats in that village, have since the disruption at Baltimore, declared their intention to vote for Lincoln and Hamlin. The Kalamazoo *Telegraph* also notes that Horace Eldred, an influential Democrat of Galesburgh has joined the Republican party. When the Douglas men see how utterly hopeless their chances are there will be a general stampede of them into our ranks.

☞ Mr. Dickinson of New York, who used to be the leader of the New York Hards, but who joined the Softs a few months ago, has now gone back to the Hards, and is supporting Breckinridge and Lane. He is with the Hards and Softs alternately. He is with the Hards when he acts with his heart, and with the Softs when he acts from his head.—*Louisville Journal.*

— In Pittsfield, Vt., during the progress of a singing school in a school house, a thunder storm passed over the village, and the lightning struck the school house, passing down the chimney and through the head of a young man who was sitting near the chimney, with his hand stretched out towards it on the back of a seat. The ladies' hoops were struck by the fluid, stripped of all their windings, clasps broken, hoops bent in all sorts of shapes, dresses scorched, and some set on fire, and, wonderful to relate, no one was killed, and none injured but the young man.

THE CITY.

☞ Grace Church is still closed for repairs.

☞ Mrs. E. G. Bostwick of this city is giving concerts in Central New York.

☞ The Alton & St. Louis road carry passengers to the Convention at Springfield at half fare, from the 11th to the 13th.

CHANGE OF TIME.—On and after Monday, the 9th inst., the Joliet and Wilmington accommodation train will leave at 4:45 P. M. Arrive in Chicago at 9:35.

DETERMINED TO BE RID OF THEM.—The collection of old dens partially burned on Friday night, was set fire to once before on the night of the Fourth but extinguished.

NEWS.—Messrs. Norris & Hyde at No. 100 Dearborn street, have the magazines for July. Also late English papers and all late dailies of principal cities. They are large dealers in campaign literature, &c., &c.

CHANGE OF TIME ON THE ST. LOUIS, ALTON & CHICAGO RAILROAD.—On and after Monday, the 9th inst., the Joliet & Wilmington Accommodation train will leave at 4:45 p. m. Arrive in Chicago at 9:35.

☞ John Drake is beginning to feed the Tremont House guests on fresh tomatoes from the Tremont House gardens. From the same source that house is having no end of the finest "garden sass."

PIC NIC OF THE EDWARDS SABBATH SCHOOL.—On Monday, 16th inst., the Edwards Congregational Church Sabbath School will go on a picnic to Crystal Lake—the first to that beautiful spot this season. Tickets, 50c for adults and 25c for children.

CHICAGO HIGH SCHOOL.—The examinations in the Chicago High School commence to-day and continue until to-morrow afternoon. Hours from 9 to 12 and 2 to 5 each day. The public are invited to attend and we are glad to notice a growing interest in these occasions.

RAILROAD APPOINTMENT.—A. C. Barret, Esq., for the past three years connected with the Michigan Southern and Northern Indiana Railroad, has been appointed General Western Agent of the Buffalo, New York and Erie Railroad. His office will be in this city.

SUMMER VACATION.—The Court Rooms are closing, the Judges and Clerks are packing up for an out of door improvement of the "heated term," for which an immense grand jury has been summoned, composed of summer hotel keepers every where who will "find bills," doubtless—"plenty much." All will be dull in these justice-mills until early fall.

THE ZOUAVES.—The Zouaves abroad are covering themselves with laurels. At Adrian and Detroit our brethren of the quill were looking through both the big dictionaries for sweet phrases to give the boys. The adjectives are suffering some. Well they deserve it, and we congratulate them—our Zouaves.

NO QUARTERS.—The war on the Spanish quarters has began on Lake and other principal streets, many of our leading merchants signing a paper which is being circulated, pledging each neither to give or take these ancient Spaniards for more than twenty cents. Well, let everybody observe it and it will shorten the days of the well-worn Dons very materially.

"COMING TO DUNSINANE."—If Birnam Wood isn't coming to Dunsinane, it suits us better to say that Wood's Minstrels who in New York have collected many a basket full of vest-buttons lost by their audiences, are to open in Chicago at Kingsbury Hall, on the 18th. Though we don't intend to encourage loose habits in our readers, we advise them to put on their easiest apparelling and be ready for Wood's Minstrels.

PORT NEWS.—Up to Saturday the number of arrivals and clearances in this port by lake, were as follows:

Vessels, No.	2,093
Tonnage	469,357

Gentlemen of a statistical turn of mind will be delighted by the statement that this is equal to the arrival of a little upwards of twenty Great Easterns. We studied for some time upon some deduction from this fact, but have found none. From the Collector's books we are able to add that connected with this fleet of arrivals are 17,602 men.

PLEASURE EXCURSION TO LAKE SUPERIOR.—On Friday evening the splendid steamer, Lady Elgin, left this port for Lake Superior on her first pleasure excursion of the season. There were upwards of one hundred passengers, among whom were the following: Hon. Henry M Rice and family; Judge Manierre and family; Judge Caton and family; Judge Huntington of Indiana; C. V. Farwell, Esq., and family; Carlos Haven, Esq., and family; besides quite a number of prominent citizens from the interior of this and adjoining States. The next trip of the Lady Elgin will come off on the 17th inst.

POLICE.—A Frenchman named Lacroix was under examination before Justice Davis on Saturday, charged with the crime of rape. The case was not made out and he was discharged.

A man named Henry Hopewell was arrested for entering the premises of one Mary Broderick, No. 166 North Wells street, while she was intoxicated, and stealing two table spreads, a bed spread and a quilt, valued at $10. The accused was held in $500 bail to answer at the next term of the Recorder's Court.

A street fight occurred Friday night on Van Buren between Sherman and Griswold streets, between one Samuel Ross and David West, both colored, during which the latter was severely stabbed in the back. Ross is in custody, but has not yet been examined, West's injuries not allowing him to appear in court.

MCVICKER'S BENEFIT.—The lovers of the drama are largely under obligations to J. H. McVicker, Esq., for the energy and enterprize which in the face of all obstacles he has brought to the work of catering to the taste of our play-goers. And in doing this he has maintained a high standard. His establishment has always been most select and carefully kept free from what might offend the best taste. The Benefit spontaneously offered him for Monday evening by the united talent lately and long associated with him on the boards, in maintaining the attractions of the Theatre, comes as a deserved compliment to Mr. McVicker which our play-goers should promptly and generously second. The entertainment to-night will close the dramatic season until its reopening in the fall. Let there be a full house. The correspondence on this subject in another column explains itself.

STRAWS.—Straws tell how the wind blows—are very useful in hot weather. But if there is'nt any wind, straws may be made very useful (though even this form of the experiment will fail unless "you can raise the wind,") in hot weather, and a fair estimate of the measure of heat may be gained by observing the straws, which properly placed are a very delicate test. The mode varies among various professors, but pounded ice with a strawberry on top and a suspicion of lemon peel are among the more apparent concomitants. This branch of natural philosophy is said to have been the richer by the researches of the celebrated Roger Sherman, and the products, out of a delicate compliment and appreciation of his earlier professional labors on "the bench," are termed "*cobblers.*"—We do not know if Mr. Capen takes these things sufficiently into account, certainly Mr. Capen, you should do so.

THE BEREAN BAPTIST SUNDAY SCHOOL PIC-NIC, last year the most successful one ever got up in Chicago, at which over 2,000 persons were present, this year is to take place on the 26th of July, at Cold Spring Grove, on the Chicago & Rock Island Railroad. Arrangements are perfected by which this will be even more satisfactory than our last, in every respect. All are requested to bring baskets filled with provisions, as it is to be emphatically a Basket Pic-nic; also ropes, swings, hoops, balls, music books, etc., expecting to have a good time. Ice cream, candy, cakes, etc., sold by the school at moderate prices, and none others allowed to sell. The Light Guard Band will be in attendance. Tickets for adults, 50 cents; for children, 25 cents; to be procured at Sunday School Repository of Church, Goodman & Kenney, 51 Lasalle street, Wm. Tomlinson's, 91 Randolph street, and at the printing house of Brewster, Cox & Co., 120 Lake street. Cars leave Chicago at 9:15 A. M., and leave Cold Spring Grove at 4:40 P. M.

The Little Folks and the Canaries.

Kingsbury Hall bloomed like a flower garden, and rang like a music box, on Saturday afternoon, with the presence and prattle of the little ones. How they marvelled and shouted again, when Signor Blitz went through a well selected series of his feats, and then introduced the Canaries, his trained birds. The children enjoyed it with a will. Not as "you and all of us" have come to consider it genteel to take enjoyment in public, half under protest, and with the fact kept hung prominently out over our air and manner that we have seen much better things before—the same feeling that doesn't allow you to admire Mrs. Squibob's new Sevres porcelain, or Mrs. Hugh Gagg's picture gallery, which would lead you in the grand saloon of the Tuilleries to turn up your nose just a little slightly, as if the pile was knee-deep on your carpets at home, and you had an uncle in the furniture and picture business,—well this isn't the way childhood before the sun has dried up the dew on its petals, drinketh in enjoyment. The little folks went in for the Canaries, straightforward as the humming bird's bill seeks the honey cell, and shouted and laughed and said "O my" and "Did you ever" with a will and a zeal quite delightful to look upon.

In short, were it possible to travel the rounds with Kingsbury Hall full of these pets, the little Marys and Bobbies of our households, and did it not involve difficulties fully equal to taking along the five story building itself, we would be tempted to shake hands with Signor Blitz for joint chances at a thumping fortune, and say to the public in our handbills all over the land, "will be exhibited, &c., &c., ☞ *An audience not ashamed to appear delighted.*" ☜ The rush would be tremendous from very novelty, and, on account of the limited size of the halls, we should suspend the free list and hire the local editors to keep mum, to prevent dangerous crowds.

So, with these combined attractions, most assuredly, should we have full purses—we and Signor Blitz.

But we grow sad at the thought that this is not to be. The little folks cannot go, on account of pressing home engagements; and we fear much this delightful audience of Saturday afternoon will turn out the same old story. The little Misses will grow tall and prim, and come out strong in the line of beaux, patchouly, millinery, flounces, and small talk; and the lads will moult their spencers and take on airs and tail coats and stunning cravats and studs, and run sadly to sleeve buttons and capillary adornments of their upper lip, and bears' grease, and large seal rings.

Then of our late pretty and delightful audience, we should have only Kingsbury Hall full of genteel young people thoroughly "*blasé*" at the mature age of sixteen or eighteen, who will chat and laugh, in the very middle of the entertainment, criticise in loud whispers one another's bonnets and back-hair, giggle at everything and be pleased with nothing, whether it be Signor Blitz, or Jenny Lind, who will allow that nothing is new, not even were the Man in the Moon, his bush, dog, and all to be introduced on the stage, in select dialogue, with the new patent two-tailed comet of 1860; yes, verily, who would to such celestial attractions say they had seen better than it in "*Paree*" or New York, or when they were visiting their aunt whose husband was a well-known banker.

And then midway, when a few sober folk who had paid their money at the door and didn't think of being genteel, were enjoying what they came to enjoy, up would jump all these lads and lassies, that time had improved, and out they rush, singly or in pairs, chattering like magpies, to show that it wasn't new to them, who always had plum cake at home.

That is what time will do—even this frightful change, we sadly fear, for Signor Blitz delightful audience of Saturday last.

We have wandered some ways from our subject. What has all this to do with canaries. Really we have not time to look back and examine. Only this. There is something more than the stiff had hard world wot of in the process of head and heart change implied in becoming "*as a little child.*" All our arid formality of living needs it. Mrs. Grundy and her sons and daughters need it sadly.

Commencement Week at Evanston.

This is the commencement week of the Northwestern Female College at Evanston, and adds many inducements to those which always exist, for our citizens to visit the green groves of this beautiful, classical suburb of Chicago. The examination of classes will occupy Monday, Tuesday and the forenoon of Wednesday. The floral concert of the music class will occur on Tuesday evening, at 7½ o'clock, at the M. E. church.

The annual address will be delivered by the Rev. N. L. Rice, D. D., of this city, on Wednesday evening, at 8 o'clock.

The commencement exercises will begin on Thursday, at 10½ o'clock A. M., (immediately the arrival of the Chicago train) and close at 1 P. M., in time for the return train at 1½ o'clock. The degree of Laureate of Arts or Laureate of Science, will be conferred on eight young ladies of the Senior class.

Trains on Thursday will run to Evanston at half fare, and citizens are urged to join in an excursion to these literary exercises.

West Side Wide-Awakes.

At a meeting of the West Side Wide-Awake Club, on Thursday evening last, at the West Market Hall, the following gentlemen were elected officers.

President, Solomon M. Wilson; Vice Presidents, J. H. Bross, C. Haw, B. H. Bruns, Moses Gray, Z. C. Favor and H. B. Ruger; Secretary, Edward S. Salomon; Treasurer, Merrill Ladd; Capt. B. S. Raymond was elected Commander; J. A. Bross, Captain; J. R. Floyd, 1st Lieutenant: and R. Scott, 2d Lieutenant.

Mr. Alex. Hesler presented thirty fine badge photographic likenesses of Hon. Abraham Lincoln, to be distributed among the members of the West Side Wide-Awake Club.

J. H. Bross, Esq., offered the following resolutions, which were unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That the thanks of the Wide-Awakes of West Chicago are hereby tendered to Mr. Alex. Hesler for his generous donation of badge photographic likenesses of the next President of the United States.

Resolved, That these resolutions be published in the daily papers of this city with the proceedings of this meeting and a copy thereof be handed to Mr. Alex. Hesler.

RELIGIOUS INTELLIGENCE.—At the late meeting of the Fox River Association (Universalist) the following reports were made from Chicago Churches:

From the First Universalist Society of Chicago, pastor, Rev. W. H. Ryder. Average attendance on public worship, 400. No report of number of members of the church. No. of Sabbath school scholars average 125; No. of volumes in library, 1287. Religious service every Sabbath. Condition of the society prosperous.

From the Second Universalist society of Chicago, pastor, Rev. J. H. Tuttle. Number of members of the church, 55; average number of scholars attending Sabbath school, 174; No. of volumes in Sabbath school library, 360. Services in the church every Sabbath, and weekly meetings for conference and prayer. There is an interesting Bible class connected with the society.

METEOROLOGICAL.—The following is the state of the weather for the week, taken by E. L. O'Hara, Apothecary and Pharmaceutist, No. 30 West Randolph street:

Date.		7 A. M.	12 M.	6 P. M.
Sunday,	July 1.	70	73	72
Monday	" 2.	72	72	67
Tuesday,	" 3.	85	88	84
Wed'sday,	" 4.	80	80	78
Thur'day,	" 5.	73	80	77
Friday,	" 6.	75	77	76
Saturday,	" 7.	74	80	82

LINCOLN RANGERS.—The regular weekly meeting takes place this (Monday) evening at eight o'clock, at the Armory building. It is very necessary that every member should be present, as business of importance is to be transacted.

JOSEPH T. JAMES, Secretary.

FOUND DROWNED.—A man named James Roach, about sixty years of age, was found drowned in the lake on Friday night, near O'Neill's Brewery.

☞ The repairs on Grace Church not being completed, it will not be re-opened for divine service until Sunday, July 15th.

EXCURSION TO NEW YORK.—*Editors Press and Tribune:*—We see by the Eastern papers that excursions to see the Great Eastern are the order of the day. Why can't our Chicago folks get up an excursion. There are thousands in the North West that would like to see this "monster of the great deep." Let some enterprising, wide awake person get up an excursion at half fare and it would be a remunerative business. The Railroads could secure a large business, if any one is disposed to move in the matter. Who will take the matter in hand?—There's money in it for some one. [illegible]

By Telegraph.

The following supposed copy of the dispatch sent to the Associated Press on Saturday evening, from the office in this city, of the Tremont House Dagocratic rally, was not intended for publication here. It slipped off the wire however, and was picked up on the lake shore.—We submit that the figures are a little steep, but this city and Bridgeport are the home of Little Dug, and it would'nt do to be mealy mouthed. We believe in the last paragraph printer or operator must have made a blunder. For champagne we must doubtless read campaign:

CHICAGO, July 7th, 1860.

The grand rally at the Tremont House this evening, numbered one hundred and eighty-five thousand, counting in Lake and Du Page counties. The city has been filled for a week in anticipation of the event, and all the cars have been running the entire day long.—The ardor is intense and vehement, and the speeches were rousing. The Republicans are becoming rapidly convinced, and Lincoln has gone up. The utmost enthusiasm prevails here. Whatever day Senator Douglas may arrive trains will be run over all the railroads leading east, to arrive here that evening. This has been agreed upon and there is no doubt that the programme will be carried out. The Secession wing are nix and nowhere, and the *Herald* office has no offers for its Breckinridge flag. Merrick is speaking at 10 P. M., amid myriads of cheers and fish flies. He is followed by Dr. Davis of the Surgeons Staff. To better accommodate the crowd the next rally will be held in the Court House Square; speaking to take place from the top of the cupola, with a fireman's trumpet. The champagne is open for the season.

Landmarks.

The first frame house erected in Cook county is still standing and "in good condition." It is the cottage on the South side of Indiana street in the North Division, just west of Cass. It was built in 1828 by the United States Government for Billy Caldwell then chief of the Pottawattomies, and then stood on the present site of the Catholic College on Superior street.

Billy lived in it until 1836. It was afterwards bought by G. S. Hubbard, Esq., who still owns it, and who removed it to where it now stands. The building material of this structure was all brought from Buffalo.

When it was finished it was, as above stated, the first frame house in Cook county, and this was only thirty-two years ago.

Mr. Hubbard also owns another interesting relic of the past, in the shape of the little old frame house on Jackson street near Desplaines in the West Division. This has fallen out of repair. It is a small one story structure, built on its present site in 1834, on the then remote prairie, to be used as an office to pay off the Indians, chiefly Pottawattomies, then some seven thousand strong in this section of country. To this single trail led off diagonally southwest across the prairie from Lake street bridge.

The Cottage at times of payment was surrounded by a file of soldiers, and each Mr. Indian was admitted singly and alone to receive his annual payment of three dollars and fifty cents for each member of his household, which was paid in half dollar pieces.

In how short a time these old buildings referred to have seen the metropolis of the North West spring up about them.

LEGAL INTELLIGENCE.

JOHN B. ACKLEY *vs.* JAMES B. PACKARD, *Circuit Court of Cook County.*

The above case was brought upon a Lease from plaintiff to defendant; and the agreed state of facts submitted to the Court by the Attorneys for plaintiff and defendant are as follows: Defendant came from Connecticut to go into business in this city, wishing to rent a dwelling for his family, he was introduced to plaintiff who had a house to rent. Plaintiff and defendant visited the house of plaintiff's together, and plaintiff agreed to rent the house to defendant upon payment of one hundred dollars bonus for trouble of moving out, and to give defendant a lease for the house one year at the same price he (plaintiff) was paying for it, which price plaintiff stated to be $400 per annum. Defendant rented the house and signed the lease at a yearly rental of $400. Defendant having ascertained that plaintiff was paying only $300 per annum for the premises refused to pay any more rent than had been paid; having occupied the house, and paid rent all the year except the two last months.

Plaintiff's attorneys maintained that upon the above facts defendant could make no defence to the lease. Because, first; it was no such fraud as would vitiate an instrument under seal as the lease in question. Second, the statement of the plaintiff to defendant was not a legal fraud, as he (defendant) looked at the house himself, and could have judged for himself as to the value of the premises, and that defendant should have used reasonable caution in hiring the premises by inquiry, &c.

Defendant's attorneys contended, first, that fraud vitiates all contracts whether under seal or not

Second, That the facts stated by plaintiff to defendant were peculiarly within his own knowledge, and that good morals, as well as the common law, require good faith; and that every man should act with common honesty in his contracts, without overreaching his neighbor by false allegations or fraudulent concealments, and that when a Court had all the facts before them of *fraud*, either admitted or proved, they will not compel the party to keep his remedy in chancery.

Third, What the plaintiff stated in the above allegation about the amount of rent he paid, was not an *opinion*, but a *fact*, and therefore did not come within the class of cases cited by plaintiff, and was a fraud upon the defendant; and that defendant had a right to depend upon the statements of the plaintiff, and was not obliged to ascertain their truth or falsity.

Judge Manierre, in deciding the case, observed that he was satisfied that, although there had been no decision in this State bearing directly upon the points in this case, the defendant was entitled to a judgment in his favor. That the Courts of other States had rendered conflicting opinions on the questions involved in this case, as the briefs of opposing counsel show, but that a large majority of the later decisions sustained the opinion above rendered.

Messrs. Van Burens and Gary, Attorneys for Plaintiff; Messrs. Peck and Buell, Attorneys for Defendant.

Correspondence.

CHICAGO, July 5th, 1860.

J. H. MCVICKER—*Dear Sir:*—Your assuming the entire control of the Theatre bearing your name, will, in the belief of the undersigned, prove to be an era in Chicago theatricals, which will give both the public and the profession cause to rejoice, and we cannot let the occasion pass without offering our congratulations. Having been years under your management, and knowing the difficulties you have encountered since 1857, and the promptness with which you have met the demands upon you, we desire to express our feelings in some substantial way, and therefore ask to announce your name for a benefit at your earliest convenience, and tender our services on the occasion. We are confident the public will respond in their usual generous manner, and make the closing performance of the present season one long to be remembered.

With sincere wishes for your future success, we subscribe ourselves yours, truly,

Mrs. W. H. Leighton, Miss Woodbury, Mrs. Mrs. Mary Myers, Mrs. Anna Marble, Mrs. M. A. Graver, Mrs. Martin, Miss Hafferning, Miss Lester, W. H. Leighton, Samuel Meyers, J. A. Graver, J. B. Uhl, A. J. Martin, A. F. Snell, D. Pratt, G. F. Cline, F. A. Monroe, E. B. Dennison, W. L. Smith, Alex. Reynolds, Charles Woebrle, J. A. Burke, B. Levy, Wm. Simmons, W. D. Evans, W. L. Sweet, J. Zephens, Wm. Flynn, M. Mileman, S. R. Burke, T. F. LeBrun, W. Buderbach, Franz Schmitz, Gothold Fisher, Peter Hett, T. Barnard, W. Drake, H. Hinsche and P. Mathias.

CHICAGO, July 6th, 1860.

J. H. MCVICKER, Esq.—*My Dear Sir:* Although no longer a member of the theatrical profession—having made a resolve never to appear upon the "boards" again—yet I feel that in justice to you and myself, I cannot allow the occasion alluded to by my late associate to pass without adding my mite to the tribute so justly your due; and for this time only, break through my resolution. If therefore, my services will be of any avail, they are yours cordially.

A. D. BRADLEY.

MCVICKER'S THEATRE, July 6th, 1860.

Ladies and Gentlemen:—Your kind notes have been received, and the contents highly appreciated. To retain the esteem of those who have toiled with me so long is an honor much to be prized, and I trust, the friendship now existing will ever continue. It was my intention to start for New York at the termination of the Ravels engagement—in search of novelties for the coming season—but your generous offer cannot be refused, and I will, with your permission, name Monday evening, July 9th, for the Benefit to take place. With thanks for your liberality and kind wishes,

Yours truly, J. H. MCVICKER.

SAVE COSTS—STREET TAXES.

Improve the Streets!

All persons are hereby reminded that they are by law required to work THREE FULL DAYS upon the streets, or else upon suit pay THREE DOLLARS AND COSTS. But, before suit, which is about being commenced against all delinquents, by calling at once at the City Treasurer's office, No. 1 Court House, they can commute by paying one dollar and fifty cents. JOHN WENTWORTH, Mayor.

S. D. WARD, Comptroller.

ECLIPSE OF THE SUN.—We have received from M. Springer a projection of the eclipse of the sun, to take place on the 18th inst. It commences at 6h. 8m. A. M., greatest obscuration at 7h. 6m., ending at 8h. 4m. Seven digits are eclipsed on the sun's northern limb.

Spanish Quarters.

MESSRS. EDITORS:—In answer to the questions of "West Side," I would say that the amount in *Spanish quarters* in the hands of the poor is probably small. Our bankers would be more likely to have them in large amounts, which they receive on deposit and pay out at 25c each. If the general circulation is stopped, the bankers will send them to New York, or to the Mint, and realize 21 or 22c each, and will probably buy them up at that rate, or what they are worth by weight. If the poor, and the community generally, lose a small per centage now by their depreciation, they will be largely the gainers in the end by having a silver currency the value of which cannot be questioned. A small loss must be made at some time, and I think the present the best time to make it.

LAKE ST.

We, the undersigned hereby agree to receive and pay out Spanish and Mexican Quarters at only twenty cents, each on and after July 10, 1860:

T. B. Carter,	J. H. Reed & Co.,
A. G. Downs & Co.,	W. B. Keen,
W. M. Ross & Co,	W. R. Wood & Co.,
B[illegible]y,	Bigelow M[illegible] & Co.,
J. R. Sharp,	W. M. Laraway,
Scott, Keen & Co.,	P. Palmer,
J. D. [illegible],	J. A. Smith & Co.,
Geo. T. Abbey,	Verplank, Hubbard & Co.,
J. W. Loomis,	A. Graves,
D. B. Cooke & Co.,	Baker & Moody,
Stryker & Co.,	Pealon & Co.,
A. R. & G. Miller,	Robert Bamber,
J. [illegible] & Co.,	William Turner.
Barnum Bros.	

LOCAL MATTERS.

☞ Go to John Jones, 119 Dearborn street and get your clothes cleaned and repaired They will be well done and at prices to suit the times.

NEW GOODS.—Just arrived at G. W. Stevens & Co.'s, 77 Lake street, consisting of American Watches (gold and silver cases), Etruscan Pins, Ear Rings, Handkerchief Rings, Coin Silver Ware, new and desirable pattern. All in want of Jewelry should call on them immediately and thereby consult their own interest. jy9-3t

TO OUR LADY READERS.—W. M. Ross & Co., 167 and 169 Lake st., will commence on Monday, July 9th, a closing out sale of their entire stock of summer goods of every description, all of which will positively be sold, without regard to cost or value. Having determined to close them out within the next thirty days, at any sacrifice, as their stock is well known to be incomparably the largest and choicest in the whole West. This is a rare chance to secure choice goods at unprecedentedly low prices. Sale positive and without reserve till all are sold. jy7-2t

☞ Wide-Awake Uniforms furnished by J. M. Loomis, 97 Clark street. Single or by the quantity. jy6 6t

☞ Wide Awake uniforms made by Sam Dunn & Co., 101 Randolph st., as to quality call and see for yourselves. jy6 3t

☞ The Glorious Fourth is over, but the rush for those latest style of Hats continues. The Jeddo and ounce soft Hats are to be found at Sam Dunn & Co.'s 101 Randolph street. jy6 3t.

☞ If you want a good Kerosene or Coal Oil Lamp, which will give the light of eight candles, not costing but seven-eighths of a cent an hour, emitting no odor or smoke, and not explosive, go to the Lamp and Oil Emporium, 123 South Clark street, between Washington and Madison. Lard, Solar, Fluid, Lunar and all kinds of Lamps altered to burn Kerosene. je15-1m

SHAW'S GAS STOVES.—The following parties are using the above named articles, to any of whom we refer:

D. B. Fisk, 53 Lake—house Wabash av.
T. L. Miller, 150 South Water—307 West Washington.
M. D. Ogden, of Ogden, Fleetwood & Co.
F. J. Hayes, Ill. Central railroad—house Wabash av.
Wm. Osborn, Osborn, Adams & Co.
E. B. Talcott, 406 Wabash av.
Rev. S. C. Bartlett, 357 West Washington st.
John Beers, 18 Congress st.

And very many others. Call and see them at our office. WALWORTH, HUBBARD & Co.,
jy6 4t 181 Lake street.

☞ Wide-Awake uniforms furnished by J. A. Smith & Co., 118 Lake street at as low prices as any other manufacturer, and warranted superior in quality. jy2-12t

☞ Miller's Hair Invigorator—the best in use. S. T. Hinckley, agent, 302 State street. je20-3m.

WIDE AWAKE UNIFORMS.

G. M. SPEARS, Jr., With

J. & A. HERZOG,

HATS, CAPS & FURS,

No. 65 Lake Street,

Continue to supply the Wide-Awake Uniforms complete, and of the very best quality, at the reduced price of $1.75 per set. All orders from Clubs through the Western States will have prompt attention and be properly shipped, without delay. jy10-1y

CHICAGO ACADEMY.

THE FIFTH YEAR

OF THE MISSES LANE AND BAKER'S SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES WILL COMMENCE

Monday, Sept. 17th, at 218 Wabash-av.

References may be made to Rev. W. A. Stearns, President of Amherst College; Prof. C. C. Felton, President of Harvard University; Prof. F. A. Child, Harvard University; Prof. Jas. Peirce, Harvard University; Prof. G. M. Lane, Harvard University.

Also to the following gentlemen, Trustees of the Institution:

Hon. Wm. B. Ogden, Jonathan Burr, Esq.,
Hon. H. T. Dickey, S. H. Fleetwood, Esq.,
Hon. E. Lane, Henry Farnam, Esq.
jy7-1-1td I. H. Burch, Esq.

HANNIBAL CITY PROPERTY

FOR SALE

AT A BARGAIN.

I offer for sale at a Great Bargain, my Hotel property, known as the "TONCRAY HOUSE," situated on Front street, between Hill and Bird streets, Hannibal, Missouri.

This Hotel is built of brick and stone, is three stories high, fifty feet front, sixty feet deep, with an ell twenty by thirty feet, and contains thirty rooms. The lot is one hundred and fifty-two feet deep, with first rate ice-house on the back part.

This house has always done and is now doing an A No. 1 business, being the best location in the city for making money. My only reasons for selling this property, is, that my health is such that I cannot attend to business.

Also, my house and lot situated on Fourth street, between Hill and Bird streets. The house is a good two-story frame, with stone basement, and contains six rooms, with a first rate cistern, smoke-house, &c. Fruit bearing trees and shrubbery on the lot. JNO. G. TONCRAY.

☞ For particulars address or apply to ALEX. C. TONCRAY, No. 7 Levee, Hannibal, Mo.

REFERENCES:—Lamb & Lakenan, Thomas A. Harris, Attorneys at Law, Hannibal, Mo. jy4-d3d-1m

WIDE AWAKE UNIFORMS.

J. A. SMITH & CO.

No. 118 Lake Street,

Continue to furnish the WIDE AWAKE UNIFORMS, complete, and of the very best quality, at the lowest price they can be made, consisting of the Water Proof Cape, Cap, Also the Torch Lamp with Flag and Staff ready for use.

We also furnish copies of the Company Drill as adopted by the Chicago Clubs, with printed explanations.

All orders from Clubs through the Western States will have prompt attention, and be properly shipped without delay. my25-d438-3m

HOLLINGSWORTH'S PATENT

EXCELSIOR HYDRAULIC

Circulating Self Draft Furnace.

THIS Furnace can now be seen in model at the office of E. Burling, architect. The patentee, believing that he has fully combined all the necessary qualifications in this furnace, now ask the opportunity of testing its unequaled ability for heating, simplicity of operation, economy of fuel, and adaptedness to public schools, dwellings, &c. The pure atmosphere constantly flowing through this furnace, free from dust and gas, enters the apartments to be warmed, not heated to excess, but to that of a mild, balmy summer's heat, and in volume capable of filling the apartment, at the same time removing all impure and vitiated air by free under ventilation.

The undersigned will commence the manufacturing of these Furnaces at once, and all orders for home or abroad will be promptly attended to, and in all cases

Warranted to Give Satisfaction.

Will also sell State and County Rights at prices to greatly favor the purchaser.
jy6-12t eodx BROWN & HOLLINGSWORTH.

SEARCH THE COUNTRY

through and where will you find a Machinist who has not been troubled to obtain a good Oil for lubricating fast motions, such as

JOURNALS, CYLINDERS, SMALL COGS and FINE MACHINERY in general.

Those who desire an Oil which will not Gum, at a moderate price, will be suited if they inquire for

"Fine Spindle Machinery Oil,"

AT THE

LAMP AND OIL EMPORIUM,

123 Clark street, between Madison and Washington

CHAS. L. NOBLE, Manager.

[illegible]

INSURANCE.

Fire, Marine and Life.

SPRINGFIELD F. & M. INS. CO.,

OF SPRINGFIELD, MASS.

Capital and Surplus $[illegible]

MASSASOIT FIRE INS. CO.,

OF SPRINGFIELD, MASS.

Capital and Surplus $[illegible]

HOPE FIRE INS. CO.,

OF NEW YORK.

Capital and Surplus $[illegible]

HANOVER FIRE INS. CO.,

OF NEW YORK.

Capital and Surplus $[illegible]

KNICKERBOCKER LIFE INS. CO.,

OF NEW YORK.

Capital and Surplus $[illegible]

CARLILE BOYD, T. C. VAN BUREN, Agents.
No. 1 Dole's Building, cor. South Water and Clark streets.
[illegible]

FAIRBANK'S PATENT SCALES!

SOLD BY

Fairbanks & Greenleaf,

[illegible] 36 Lake street, Chicago.

New Advertisements.

☞ C. H. SCRIVEN, Advertising Agent, 63 Dearborn st. is authorized to receive Advertisements for this and all the Leading Papers of the North West. ja1-[illegible]

FOUND—A small red Cow. The owner will please call and identify her at Tiffany's Livery stable, and pay charges. jy9-[illegible]

WANTED—A convenient dwelling house and lot on Wabash or Michigan avenue, North of Twelfth street, for which payment will be made partly in cash and partly in superior farming lands. Address box 142 post office. jy9-[illegible]

WANTED—A Furnished House.

THE ADVERTISER WISHES TO RENT

A SMALL HOUSE, FURNISHED,

CONTAINING

About Six or Eight Rooms,

WITH GAS WATER, ETC.

☞ A Location in the South Division preferred. ☜

Address "FURNISHED HOUSE," THIS OFFICE.

jy9-[illegible]

FOR SALE AT A BARGAIN—A Steam Flouring Mill in Fulton City, Whiteside County, Illinois. The Mill has three run of 4 feet [illegible] inch French Burrs—two pair for wheat and one for corn. The two run can make one hundred barrels of flour in twenty-four hours; and the house is fitted up for the fourth run of burrs. The Mill has a large Custom Work and any amount of wheat can be bought at the Mill. The Chicago [illegible] to the Mill door, and the Mississippi River to St. Louis and New Orleans. This Mill was built by and for one of the firm of Thomas Bradford & Co., who has been in the mill business for over twenty years, and is one of the

BEST ARRANGED AND MOST CONVENIENT

Mills of its size in the West, and everything in the best of order. Part payment will be taken in real estate in Cincinnati or vicinity. For further information apply to JOHN FLACK, at the Mill, or to

JOHN BRADFORD,
jy9-2w 59 Walnut street, Cincinnati, Ohio.

CAMPAIGN DOCUMENTS.—

I.

THE LIFE AND PUBLIC SERVICES OF HON. ABRAHAM LINCOLN, of Illinois, Republican Candidate for the Presidency. By D. W. Bartlett, Washington Correspondent of the "N. Y. Evening Post" and "Independent." 12mo. Cloth. Price $1.

II.

ALSO—A CHEAP EDITION OF THE SAME, In Paper Covers, Price 25 Cents.

III.

REPUBLICAN SONGSTER, Edited by John W. Hutchinson, one of the well-known family of Singers. The book embraces a great variety of original and selected songs, admirably adapted to the approaching Republican Campaign, together with a $25 prize song. Price 12½ Cents.

IV.

WIGWAM EDITION—LIFE OF LINCOLN AND HAMLIN, with fine Portrait and Speeches. Price 20 cents

V.

DEBATES OF DOUGLAS AND HAMLIN IN THE ILLINOIS CAMPAIGN OF 1858. Price 40 Cents in Paper; 50 Cents bound.

For sale at Wholesale by

W. B. KEEN, Bookseller,
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NORTHERN TRANSPORTATION CO'S LINE

FOR OGDENSBURG AND OSWEGO,

And Intermediate Ports.

Cheapest route to the East. Boston, 1st class, $[illegible]; 2d class $11.00. Montreal, 1st class, $13.00; 2d class $[illegible]. New York, 1st class $16.00; 2d class $10.5[illegible].

The splendid Screw Steamer

OGDENSBURGH

Will leave as above on

TUESDAY EVENING, July 10th, at 6 o'clock.

☞ For passage apply on board or to GEO. BLAKELEY, No. 3 North end Wells street Bridge.
jy9c70-3t MATHER & CO., Agents.

ONLY HALF PRICE!

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FIFTY PER CENT. LESS THAN

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THOSE CHEAP GOODS

—AT—

STRYKER & CO'S.,

141..........Lake Street..........141

Are going off with a

Perfect Rush!!

THOSE DESIRING A CHANCE AT THE

BARGAINS

will do well

TO CALL EARLY

—AND—

See the Cheapest Goods

EVER OFFERED IN CHICAGO.

Don't forget the number,

141..........LAKE STREET..........141

STRYKER & CO.,

[Store formerly occupied by WM. P. ROSS & CO.]
jy9

RUPTURES CURED

BY THE

Hard Rubber Riggs Truss.

This Truss is unlike all others ever used, both in construction and material. Does not constantly press on the rupture, and thereby give a call for a Truss for life, like most trusses in use, but presses in four places, bringing the parts together, giving nature a CHANCE to cure, which it does in nearly all cases. Does not press UPON THE CORD, or obstruct circulation; never soils or corrodes, and is always clean and new. Young persons and recent cases always cured. Physicians say it is the ONLY PHILOSOPHICAL TRUSS IN USE. None but those who have suffered with the miseries of rupture can appreciate the value of the "Riggs Truss." An illustrated pamphlet, containing all particulars sent free to any one, by addressing I. B. SEELEY.

Exclusive and Sole Agent for the Western States.

Office 194 Lake street. Post office box 4355 Chicago, Illinois.

Wholesale trade supplied at New York prices. jy[illegible]-1y

H. P. STANLEY,

DEALER IN FRUIT AND PRODUCE,

No. 165 South Water street,

CHICAGO, ILL.

Sales guaranteed within six days on articles of extra quality or DECIDED RARITY. All consignments in store covered by Policy of Insurance. Cash advances made on property in hand. je[illegible]-1y

CADDIE LEE RATHBURN,

The great

NATURAL CLAIRVOYANT PHYSICIAN and FORTUNE TELLER,

No. 190 Randolph street.

Those who have not called should take this opportunity, as she leaves the city positively on the 20th of July. We see hundreds who have called on this wonderful young lady, and all were surprised and perfectly satisfied. We hear the mother thank her for finding their lost child; the unfortunate to find their losses; the sick finds their healing; the drunkard's wife finds her restored husband, and restoring happiness where there was misery. Many business men have called on this wonderful Clairvoyant with a downcast look, and left with a smile, seeing their way the right road to wealth. Let those who are suffering call, as this is the only chance.

To LADIES.—We would say, call if you wish to enjoy health again; her Medicines are safe and pleasant; yet wonderful cures have been treated by her; and then how nice it is to know your future life, and to be sure of the love of your choice.

N. B.—Do not forget 190 Randolph street, opposite Briggs House. jy9-3t

450 HHDS. N. O. SUGARS, landing and in store.
REYNOLDS, ELY & CO.

750 BBLS. N. Y. SYRUPS,
REYNOLDS, ELY & CO.

2000 MATS CASSIA,
REYNOLDS, ELY & CO.

800 BOXES CANDLES,
REYNOLDS, ELY & CO.

350 BAGS RIO COFFEE,
REYNOLDS, ELY & CO.

350 BAGS O. G. JAVA COFFEE.
REYNOLDS, ELY & CO.

100 BAGS PEPPER,
REYNOLDS, ELY & CO.

100 BAGS PEPPER,
REYNOLDS, ELY & CO.

50 BAGS ALLSPICE,
REYNOLDS, ELY & CO.

500 BBLS. N. S. CRUSHED, Powdered and Granulated Sugar.
REYNOLDS, ELY & CO.

FOR PIKE'S PEAK.—The undersigned are prepared to offer for sale a newly invented QUARTZ PULVERIZER, (DuBois Patent) especially adapted for Pike's Peak; one that combines the qualities of being Light, Cheap, Easily Managed and DURABLE; can be propelled by two horses or a four horse engine; costs only $5 and weighs but [illegible] pounds, and can be placed in the mountains on mules, and will answer on land or water. We WARRANT this Mill to do ten per cent. more work, with the same power, than the best stamp mill.

We are prepared to furnish all kinds of mill of any size; also, the best machinery in use, (under the same patents), for crushing Iron Ore or Macadamizing Stone.

A machine may be seen in operation at the Machine Shop of Mr. Moses, on Polk street, West of the bridge, or address post office box 1690, Chicago, Illinois, for further information.

[illegible] DuBOIS & AUSTIN. jy[illegible]

TO RAILROAD AGENTS AND OTHERS—1,000 Railroad Ties for sale at a bargain. Apply at Bale's Dock, adjoining Wells Street Bridge. jy9-[illegible]

MONEY TO LOAN.—For one, Two or Five Years, at low rates. Business paper wanted.
jy9 J. L. LEE, 34 Clark street.

GROCERIES.—50 Bbls. N. Y. Syrup, [illegible] [illegible] Coffee, [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]
[illegible] WM. LITTLE & CO., [illegible]

Wanted.

WANTED—I have Twenty-Five Hundred Dollars Worth ($2,500) of Boots and Shoes I would like to trade for Real Estate.
jy9-[illegible] D. L. MOODY, 31 Lake street.

WANTED—A person to do cooking, washing and ironing, for a small private boarding house. A middle aged protestant woman preferred. References required. Apply to 49 VanBuren street, East of State. jy7-3t

WANTED—A capable and honest young man to perform services in and about a private residence. None need apply unless they can furnish unexceptionable references. Apply at 135 South Water st. jy7-2t

WANTED—A well improved Farm, worth from $3,000 to $[illegible], in exchange for good improved paying real estate in Chicago, [illegible] per year three [illegible].
jy6-3t R. H. CUMMINGS, No. 1[illegible] Randolph st.

WANTED—500 Shares of Pittsburgh, Ft. Wayne and Chicago Railroad stock, for which the highest market price will be paid. Apply to PITTS, [illegible]
jy[illegible] 167 State street.

WANTED—By a respectable young Protestant woman, a situation as Chamber Maid and seamstress, or to sew, where she will not have to wash. The best of city references can be given. Apply at Mrs. BATES' Intelligence Office, 171 Washington street. jy6-3t

WANTED—Agents Wanted.—200 active Agents wanted through Illinois, Indiana, Michigan, Iowa and Wisconsin, to sell two new and saleable articles that afford from 100 to 300 per cent. profit. Papers giving this two insertions will receive one of Mendel's Great Portraits of Lincoln. Size 20 by 28 inches. Address with stamp, GARRISON & CO., Post Office Box 3871, Chicago, Ill. jy[illegible]-1m

WANTED FOR THE UNITED STATES ARMY.

Wanted for service on our Frontiers, young, able-bodied men, of good character, to whom will be given good pay, board, clothing and medical attendance. Also, Musicians for the third Infantry Band. Pay ranging from

$11 to $22 per Month,

ACCORDING TO MERIT

Recruiting Rendezvous at 126 South Clark street, Chicago.
ap17-[illegible] J. D. O'CONNELL, Lieut. 3d Infantry.

For Sale.

FOR SALE CHEAP.—Lot 25 by 125 feet on West Washington street east of Roby, (in block 61, lot 13.) Also, a fine family Horse and Carriage, for sale cheap for cash or in exchange for lumber, brick, or building material. Address "J. W.," Box 116, Chicago P. O. jy6 6t

SUBURBAN RESIDENCE FOR SALE.—A first-class residence with three acres of land, in Wright's Grove, near the Northern city limits. Inquire of HOSMER & PECK, No. 3 Masonic Temple. je30x2w

STEAM MILL FOR SALE!—The subscriber offers for sale, to close an estate, the "Galesburg Mill," a first class brick steam flouring mill with two run of four feet burrs besides a "corn run," with a new engine of abundant capacity and all the machinery in good running order. The above Mill has a good trade, is pleasantly located, and in a very growing country and will be sold at a bargain. For further particulars address
S. P. HILL, Executor,
[illegible] Galesburg, Knox Co., Ill.

COMO MILLS FOR SALE.—The above property, situated in Como, Whiteside County, Illinois, is offered for sale on easy terms, in consequence of the decease of one of the partners. The mill is on the banks of the Rock River, has six pairs of four feet burrs, and a fall of 10 feet. Its power is supplied by the Elk Horn Creek,

A Never Failing Stream.

It is situated in one of the best wheat growing regions in the West, with railroad communication to Chicago and Fulton. For further information apply to Messrs. D. L. QUIRK & CO., Chicago, or to S. LEHMAN SMITH, on the premises. [illegible]

FLOURING MILL FOR SALE!

PEORIA, ILLINOIS.

This Mill has been newly built and contains every modern improvement. The most complete mills in the State, and fitted with two pairs of Reed's Patent Burrs, each of which will make 16 barrels per hour, making a great saving and better quality of flour than can be made by the old process, wheat for wheat. THE WHOLE OR PART INTEREST, is for sale, as the Proprietors are desirous of building other mills on the same principle. The situation is in the business part of the city, on Water street, Peoria, on the bank of the Illinois River, with a railway passing in rear, in the centre of a large grain growing district and easy access to the Eastern and Southern markets. The crops in the surrounding neighborhood promise great abundance and offer an opportunity to make a large fortune to a man of enterprise and sufficient means to stock it. Apply at the
PEORIA CITY FLOUR MILLS,
Peoria, Illinois.

Where the Patent Burrs may be seen at work, and patent rights obtained. jy[illegible]

DAIRY FARMS FOR SALE,

Within 20 Miles of Chicago.

THE ILLINOIS CENTRAL RAILROAD COMPANY have 20,000 acres of high, rolling Prairie Land within 20 miles of Chicago, well adapted to grazing which they offer for sale on the most liberal terms.

To those who wish to engage in the business of supplying the city with fresh Milk, Butter, Vegetables, &c., no more desirable location can be found. [illegible] can be delivered early in the morning and late at night. Every facility will be offered to those who desire to examine these lands. Apply to LAND DEPARTMENT, I. C. R. R. Central Depot, Chicago. [illegible]

To Rent.

TO RENT.—A Wharfing Lot on South Branch, 167 feet front by 180 feet deep from the river to Franklin street, between Van Buren and Harrison streets. This has a good wharf of the best description, and is well adapted for a Coal, Stone or Lumber Yard. Apply to E. C. LARNED, 27 Washington street. [illegible]

NEW AND SECOND Hand Pianos for sale low. Pianos and Melodeons to Rent. Orders for Tuning Pianos, Melodeons, Organs, and all kinds of Musical Instruments promptly attended to. All kinds of Musical Instruments repaired at short notice.
[illegible] Lake street—near Clark.

SUBURBAN RESIDENCE TO LET.

The elegant house and grounds at

HYDE PARK,

Lately occupied by Dr. A. NEWKIRK, to let cheap.

Apply to L. D. OLMSTED & CO., corner Lake and Lasalle streets.

Boarding.

BOARDING.—Two front rooms with or without furniture, to rent with board, and other pleasant rooms. [illegible] also, eight or ten day boarders can be accommodated at [illegible] Michigan avenue. je[illegible]

BOARDING—157 State street.—Two or three single gentlemen, or gentleman and wife can be accommodated with good board and pleasant rooms at reasonable terms. jy 6 1wx

BOARDING.—Wanted Board and Room by a gentleman, in a private family, location must be either on Michigan or Wabash avenue, between State street and Michigan avenue. Address Post Office Box 761. jy[illegible]

General Notices.

CHANCE FOR BUSINESS.—For Sale—The Stock and Trade of a FLOUR and FEED STORE, in a good location, and doing a fair CASH business. A limited capital required. The present proprietor being desirous of leaving the city for the East is his only reason for closing out. Address, immediately, post office box 2303. jy [illegible]

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.—Take Notice, that on the 18th day of July, 1859, at a sale of lots and lands for the unpaid State and County taxes for the year 1858, held at the north door of the Court House in Chicago, Cook county, State of Illinois the undersigned became the purchaser of lot one (1), block four (4) in the village of Bremen, in county and State aforesaid, the time of redemption thereof will expire on the 18th day of July, 1860. S. R. HAVEN,
jy6 3tx Purchaser.

CAUTION TO THE PUBLIC.—We are informed that WILBUR M. DAVIS, of Carmel, Maine, has obtained a Patent dated March 13, 1860, for a Wire Guard Tip, as an alleged improvement upon the "A. Mitchell's Tip," for the protection of the toes of Boots and Shoes, for which Letters Patent were granted to said Mitchell, January 8th, 1856, and reissued December 9th, 1856.

All Tips made under said DAVIS' Patent infringe upon MITCHELL'S Patent, and no one has a right to make or use them without a license from the undersigned, assignees of said Mitchell.

That parties may not be misled, we hereby give notice that we shall prosecute all persons who use or sell Tips made under the patent of said WILBUR M. DAVIS, without a license from us. CHASE, MCKINNEY & Co.

Boston, June 18, 1860. [illegible]

ILLINOIS SAVINGS INSTITUTION, 104 and 106 Washington-st., Methodist Church Block.

Chicago, July 2d, 1860.

DIVIDEND.—The Sixth Semi-annual Dividend of three per cent. will be paid to depositors in this Institution, (entitled thereto) on presentation of their bank book.
jul[illegible] N. B. KIDDER, Cashier.

$300 REWARD.—We the undersigned agree to pay the sum of One Hundred Dollars EACH, for the arrest and conviction of the person or persons who set fire to the frame Warehouses at Bridgeport, belonging to G. A. Seaverns, on the night of the 23d of June, 1860.
GEO. A. SEAVERNS,
J. L. HANCOCK,
[illegible] ANDREW BROWN.

HOT CORN WILL NOT PAY.—SYLVESTER MARSH, manufacturer of and dealer in Caloric Dried Grain, Meal, Feed, &c. The Meal is superior in quality, and will keep for years in any climate. Cargoes of Corn for Foreign shipment Dried so as to preserve its original quality to any port on the Ocean. Office of Caloric Grain Drier north end of Rush street bridge. jel-ly

NOTICE is hereby given to the Creditors of the late Bank of Massillon, Ohio, to present to the undersigned, Receivers of said Bank, at the office of George Harsh, at Massillon, on or before the first day of March, 1861, for dividends, all their claims against said Bank. All claims not so presented, will be forever barred from all the dividends of the assets of said Bank. By order of Court.
GEORGE HARSH, [illegible], Receivers.
Massillon, June 19th, 1860. [illegible]

IMPORTANT TO GRAIN BUYERS. FOR SALE—A Grain Warehouse, with steam elevators and bins capacity for storage. Located at a [illegible], and one of the best Grain Stations in Illinois [illegible]. Will be sold low and possession given immediately. For particulars address "G. B.," box 387 Chicago.

REMOVAL.—The United States Express Company have this day removed their office from No. 14 Dearborn street to the Lake and 82 South [illegible] streets, having Lake and Clark streets on sides. The [illegible] Lake street will be considered the entrance for money, collection and small package business. The entrance on Clark street will be regarded as the entrance for freight. However, [illegible] money be delivered on Clark street or [illegible] Lake street, the Public with which we have done business for the past six years would not be induced to believe that it is in our nature to refuse it. May we have [illegible] in our old stand, we ask the public, as well as our friends, to continue their liberality, and we believe we will continue as heretofore to faithfully, and promptly to their interests, as well as to that of our Company.
[illegible] H. D. COLVIN, Agent.

ST. NICHOLAS HOTEL.

SPRINGFIELD, . . . ILLINOIS.

[illegible]

FREEMAN & BURBANKS, Proprietors.

TOBACCO.—100 hf. bbls. Chewing Tobacco, [illegible]

Press & Tribune.

MONDAY, JULY 9, 1860.

GET UP CLUBS!

GREAT REDUCTION.

Campaign Press and Tribune.

The best Republican document that can be distributed in the West, during this campaign, is the Chicago PRESS AND TRIBUNE. In order to give it a broadcast circulation, it will be sent in Clubs, from July 1st until after the Presidential election, at the following greatly reduced rates:

FOR THE CAMPAIGN WEEKLY.	
Fifteen copies, one address	$5 00
Fifty copies, one address	15 00
Single copy	40
FOR THE CAMPAIGN TRI-WEEKLY.	
Ten copies, one address	$11 00
Twenty copies, one address	20 00

☞ Furnish the Post Master with a list of the names, and, by a recent law of Congress, he is obliged to deliver the papers from a bundle sent to one address.

☞ Money in Registered Letters sent at our risk.

Address PRESS & TRIBUNE, Chicago, Ill.

NEW YORK.

The Chicago *Times*, having suppressed the dispatch to the Associated Press announcing the call of the New York Hard Shells for a State Convention to nominate a Breckinridge and Lane electoral ticket, proceeds to notify all whom it may concern, that Lincoln has no chance of carrying the Empire State. This intelligence the *Times* derives from "private information." Why not say something about the *public* information which is just now in everybody's mouth? Why not publish the returns of the election in New York after the last Presidential or the last State campaign? Why not inform the public that nearly all the prominent and influential papers which supported Mr. Fillmore four years ago are laboring for Lincoln and Hamlin? Why not enlighten the people on the subject of the schismatic movements of Daniel S. Dickinson and his fellow Hards in the Empire State? Why put so much faith in a species of information so strictly "private" that no one else can comprehend or believe it? These are questions altogether pertinent to the issue and we insist that they be answered before any argument is raised on the corollaries to the proposition that Lincoln cannot carry the State of New York.

TO REPUBLICANS.

The Chicago *Times* is blathering away in the interest of Douglas. On Saturday morning it entered into an elaborate calculation to prove that Mr. Lincoln could not, and that Mr. Douglas could, be elected President of the United States, in November next. That paper is guilty of gross deception of its readers, or it is open to a charge of stupidity, which, if proved, ought to degrade the editor. Now we, for humanity's sake, beg Republicans, especially those of the rural districts, not to take advantage of their neighbors, Douglas men, who are deluded by the *Times'* blustering, and win their money by bets on election. A great many of the *Times'* readers, misled by the articles which are daily appearing in that sheet, will, in the excitement of the canvass, offer to wager all sorts of sums upon propositions like these:

1st. That Douglas will be elected;
2d. That he will carry fifteen States;
3d. That he will carry ten States;
4th. That he will carry five States;
5th. That he will carry one State; and
6th. That LINCOLN will be defeated.

Now, any Republican, taking these bets together, would win them all, except, possibly, the 5th. But to do so would be cruel—would be little less than wicked; and our advice to all our party friends is that they do not rob the Douglasites and beat them too, simply because the *Times* is determined to play the braggart and the fool. But if to maintain the front which all parties must show, the insane men who have tied themselves to the coat tail of the "Little Giant" insist upon putting money into Republican pockets, we have not a word to say. Betting has an immoral and destructive tendency. In some States it temporarily disfranchises the men who indulge in it, the law rightly allowing nothing to the desire of politicians who are always anxious to "back up their opinions." We abhor the practice; and we are only sorry that, *for their sakes*, we cannot make the Douglas men dislike it as much as we do. We have no influence over them; but our opinions among Republicans are worth something. To them we appeal: Do not win the money of the Douglasites by betting that Douglas will not be the next President! Don't!

THE STAMPEDE COMMENCED.

The evidences of a determination on the part of the Douglas men to vote for Lincoln, and thus kill two birds with one stone, are multiplying on every hand. It is justly conceded that every vote cast for Douglas in the free States is a vote for Breckinridge or old Jo. Lane, just in the proportion that it is effectual in carrying the election to the House of Representatives. The honest supporters of Mr. Douglas would a hundred times prefer the election of Lincoln to that of either Breckinridge or old Jo. Lane. This is the first bird to be killed, by all manner of means. On the other hand, a large number of them are burning with the desire to give a blow to the South in return for the dastardly treatment they have received during the past three years, and particularly at the Charleston and Baltimore Conventions. They see no other way half so effectual in accomplishing their revenge, as voting Lincoln into the White House. Chicago is swarming with this class of Douglas men, and among them may be counted some of the most efficient politicians of that persuasion. The *Times* is laboring desperately to hold them back—for the purpose, we suppose, of carrying the election into the House and insuring the success of the "disunionists," as it terms them. But the stampede has commenced, and it will not be stopped.

We have no doubt a large majority of Democratic politicians in the North are anxious for some kind of a compromise which may possibly save the offices to themselves, but the people, who want no offices, are in for the fight on principle. The party has arrived at that perplexing fork in the road described by the colored preacher, where "one leads to hell and the other to d——nation." If Douglas and Breckinridge are both withdrawn, Lincoln will be elected. If both remain in the field Lincoln will be elected. If either of them remains in the field Lincoln will be elected. But neither of them will withdraw unless the other does, and Lincoln will be elected anyhow. That is the whole mathematics of the campaign. Joint electoral tickets will not avail the warring factions, because that sort of thing implies that one or the other is to be cheated, and the people are bound *not to be cheated*. Turn it which way you will, Lincoln comes uppermost every time. If anybody doubts it let him just hold his breath till the 6th day of November!

THE BRECKINRIDGITES.

The common assertion of the more unscrupulous organs of Mr. Douglas, that the Republicans of the North-West are affording secret encouragement to the little squads of Breckinridge men in the States of Wisconsin, Iowa, Illinois, Indiana and Minnesota, needs no denial, because its untruth is apparent on its face. Our party friends will be chary of all such aid,

1st. Because they recognize the fact, which seems to be indisputable, that the Breckinridge men will become the Democratic party, and that though their numbers may now be few, they have, admitting their premises—as the Douglas men do—a position which no logic or argumentation can overturn. It surely is not the policy of the Republicans anywhere to give foothold to that fundamental error upon which the doctrine of a Territorial Slave Code is based—that monstrous heresy that the Constitution of the United States recognizes property in human beings.

2d. Because the Republicans are strong enough to gain a victory over an united bogus Democratic party; hence, they need not coax or flatter either of the factions into which that party is now broken;

3d. Because the Douglas men—those, we mean, who *believe* in the doctrine of Popular Sovereignty—are much nearer to the Republican faith than the heretics of the Slave Code school; and,

4th. Because we expect in all the Free States, a large Douglas vote to be cast for LINCOLN; and it would be poor policy to drive it off by the attempt to give efficiency to a movement as heretical as that which the Breckinridgeites have undertaken. As soon as it becomes evident—it is now so to us—that Mr. Douglas stands no chance of success, his adherents, who are earnest in their wishes for the spread of free principles, will come over by thousands. We do no not want them to find a Breckinridgeite at the door when they ask for admission.

These are the reasons why Republicans will stand, as they have stood, aloof from that Southern heresy to which the pure Democracy of the North is committed. They want no contact with it—no bargains or plots with its friends. They hate and loathe it. But we cannot conceal from ourselves the fact that, like some other heresies, it is destined to have its day and perhaps to play an important part in the politics of the North. Our fear of it is, that it is a logical deduction from the premises which all men who dub themselves Democrats are willing to grant—the heresy that the Constitution establishes the right of one man to own another man. That admitted, and all the rest follows. The decadence of the popular sentiment in the North on this question of Slavery has been so great that a larger part of the Democratic party is willing to concede the rightfulness of buying and selling men—rightfulness in a legal as well as a moral sense. The man who makes that concession has no business anywhere outside of the Breckinridge ranks. There are so many of that sort, that we fear that after this election is over, they will, when aggregated, prove inconveniently strong. We beg Republicans to do nothing for the encouragement of any faction which holds to opinions so wholly irreconcilable with all correct and tenable ideas of human liberty. Content yourselves, friends, with working for HONEST OLD ABE and against all abominations of doctrine by whomsoever held.

A New Picture of Lincoln.

Thos. Doney, Esq., of Elgin, Illinois, has engraved on steel a mezzotint picture of Mr. Lincoln, which we are enabled to pronounce, on personal inspection, an admirable work of art both in respect of fidelity to the subject and skill of execution. Mr. Doney is well known among artists as the engraver of a number of striking scenes in the Senate of the United States, but we doubt if he has ever put his hand to anything more successfully than to this portrait of Mr. Lincoln. We understand that copies are now being taken in New York, and that they will be for sale here in the course of a few days.

Democratic Strongholds for Breckinridge.

The Philadelphia *Argus* and the *Pennsylvanian*, the Reading *Democrat*, the Lancaster *Intelligencer*, the old Berks county *Atler*, the Morristown *Register*, the Carbon *Democrat*, the York *Gazette*, all old and influential Democratic papers of Eastern Pennsylvania, are out against Squatter Douglas and Slave Code Johnson, and are working for the straight pro-slavery, National Democratic nominees, Breckinridge and Lane. The Democratic strength of the State has always been in the eastern counties. The western and northern portions of Pennsylvania are overwhelmingly Republican. It is believed that east of the Alleghenies and south of Wilmot's region, the Breckinridge ticket will poll a much larger vote than the Douglas ticket; but in the Republican counties the Squatters are stronger than the Slave-Codeites. And so it is everywhere. In the Democratic strongholds South or North, East or West, the Douglas ticket meets with little or no support; while in the sections of country where Republicanism prevails, there the Squatterites have the advantage of the more orthodox faction. In the Northern Republican States Douglas will probably play second fiddle to Lincoln, and in the Southern Democratic States he will play second fiddle to Breckinridge. And at the end of the contest Douglas will come out of the "little end of the horn," without having received a single electoral vote—just as Van Buren did in 1848.

The Slave Trade.

The slave trade, with all its horrors, still prevails in Cuba, the vigilance of American and British cruisers to the contrary notwithstanding. Advices from Guantanamo, Cuba, assert that ten or twelve American vessels have landed over 5,000 negroes on the island within the last six weeks. The amount of human woe and misery comprised in this simple announcement is perfectly appalling to contemplate. We would chronicle the arrest and conviction of some of these bold slave trade pirates with much pleasure. In the meantime, we learn from New York that the revenue-cutter Harriet Lane has seized the bark Kate in New York bay, on the suspicion of being connected with the slave trade. She had been cleared for Cape Palmas, Africa, and was manned with a crew of Spaniards and Portuguese. The cutter had also seized the steam-tug Magnolia, with a suspicious number of men on board, while she was steaming towards the Kate.

Nothing but the election of LINCOLN will put an effectual end to the accursed slave traffic between Africa and Cuba. When a Republican Administration comes into power, Spain will be called on to stop receiving stolen negroes in Cuba, and to carry out her treaty stipulations in good faith. If she refuse, the loss of Cuba may pay the penalty of her bad faith and inhuman cupidity.

Grand Reception to Hon. E. B. Washburne at Galena.

It being intimated on Thursday last that Hon. E. B. Washburne would reach his home at Galena that evening, his friends and neighbors determined to give him a reception worthy of the noble part he has borne as their representative in Congress, for the last six years. Mr. Washburne's approach was announced by the firing of cannon, and his friends in immense numbers, rushed to the depot, including a full turn out of Wide Awakes, with their lamps burning. When Mr. Washburne appeared he was received with rousing cheers, and then placed in a carriage, and a procession formed which marched through the streets to the De Soto House. Here he was welcomed on behalf of the people by Col. Chetlain, and thence escorted to the portico of the De Soto, where he addressed the assembled multitude in fitting terms of acknowledgment.

The Galena *Advertiser* says it was decidedly the most successful demonstration ever seen in that city, either as regards numbers or enthusiasm.

The Fourth in Indianapolis.

They had great times at Indianapolis on the 4th. The proceedings consisted of an imposing procession, military parade and prize drill, exhibition of the steam fire engines, a balloon ascension, great pyrotechnic display, a fire, store burned, numerous fights, a murder, an attempted suicide, and a big drunk all over the city. They had lively and pat-riot-ic times down thar.

Smoking Him Out.

Foster, the candidate for Governor of the bifurcated Democracy of Pennsylvania, is attempting to ride two horses going in opposite directions. He is mildly for Douglas and not against Breckinridge. But Forney is resolved to permit no such double-faced allegiance, and has proceeded to smoke the gentleman out of his hole. He says in a late issue of the *Press*:

> We noticed in one of the city papers, yesterday, the remark that Hon. Henry D. Foster, the Democratic candidate for Governor, was greatly delighted at the scandalous action of the majority of the State Central Committee, in proposing that the Douglas men of Pennsylvania should vote for the Disunionists on the electoral ticket. This, we are disposed to believe, is a somewhat unauthorized surmise, arising probably from the presence of General Foster at the Merchants' Hotel, during the session of the committee. Mr. Foster professes to be a friend of Judge Douglas, and a man of too much sagacity not to be aware that, with an electoral ticket recognizing, in any manner whatever, the slave trade and slave-code platform, and the desperate secession movement at Charleston and at Baltimore, at least fifty thousand Democratic voters in Pennsylvania would remain from the polls. He should also know that, in a crisis like this, no double dealing and no equivocal silence will be supported by the Democratic masses.

PROPERTY IN MAN.—The New York *Times* publishes a luminous paper from one of the surviving sons of Alexander Hamilton, upon the leading political topics of the day, which discusses the provisions of the Federal Constitution upon the subject of slavery, in a spirit of candor and with the temper and ability of a statesman. He shows conclusively that Judge Taney's dogma, that the Constitution recognizes the idea of property in man, is utterly false. There is nothing whatever in the Constitution to warrant it; on the contrary, the authorities cited by Mr. Hamilton show conclusively that the framers of the Constitution took especial care to keep so odious an idea out of that instrument.

MOVEMENTS OF THE PEOPLE.

XLTH REPRESENTATIVE DISTRICT.—The Republican Delegates of the XLth Representative District, embracing Henderson and Warren counties met at Monmouth, in the latter county, on the 28th ult., for the purpose of nominating a candidate for Representative. On the first ballot Philo E. Read, Esq., of Warren county was nominated. Subsequently, Mr. Reed having declined the nomination, S. H. Maley of Warren county was nominated, and accepted the nomination.

PIKE COUNTY.—Two thousand persons attended the Pike county Republican Convention held at Pittsfield on the 30th ult., notwithstanding it was only called as a nominating convention, and no intimation had been given by handbills or otherwise that anybody but the regular town delegations would be present. It was simply a spontaneous outpouring of the Republican masses. First class speeches were made by Coffee, Gilmer, Creswell, Grimshaw, Kelly, Metz, Onsby, Severs, Furry, Crassey, Grammer, Allen and others. The Convention nominated the following ticket, which the Republicans of Pike expect to elect: For Representative, Benjamin Metz of Chambersburgh; Circuit Clerk, M. P. Vace; Sheriff, Henry Bonell; Coroner, N. Voll.

RICHLAND COUNTY.—We learn from a correspondent at Olney, Richland county, that the attempt of the Douglasites in that locality to get up a demonstration on the occasion of his nomination, was a perfect fizzle. Many of the leading Democrats were merely lookers on, and refused to take any part in the affair. Richland will make a good show for Lincoln and Hamlin.

MINNESOTA.—Three more papers, in addition those we have heretofore named, sustain the Breckinridge and Lane ticket. They are the *Scott County Democrat*, published at Shakopee; the Henderson *Democrat*, and the St. Peter *Statesman*. The St. Paul *Minnesotian* says that when all of the Democratic papers in Minnesota have taken their position, they will stand *eleven* for Breckinridge and Lane, and *four* for Douglas and Johnson.

IN A BAD FIX.—Leading Douglas men in the interior of Iowa have been busying themselves for two months past in getting up campaign clubs for the Boston *Post*. Since the Baltimore Convention the *Post* has repudiated the infinitesimal "giant," and fights for Breckinridge and Lane. As Martin Van Buren once said, their "sufferings *is* intolerable."

VIRGINIA.—In addition to the many papers already named, the following Virginia journals have hoisted the Lane and Breckinridge flag: The Liberty *Democrat*, the Abingdon *Democrat*, the Salem *Register*, the *American Eagle*, (Madison, C. H.,) the Clarke *Journal*, Cooper's Clarksburg *Register*, the Danville *Appeal*, the Charlestown *Democrat*, and the *Republican*, (Culpeper, C. H.)

PENNSYLVANIA.—The Philadelphia *Daily News*, on Monday morning last, raised the flag of Lincoln and Hamlin. This paper in 1856 was the leading Fillmore organ in Pennsylvania. A new penny paper called the *Daily Journal* has just been started in Philadelphia. It is one of the neatest and raciest little sheets we have seen. It goes for Lincoln and Hamlin.

HOW THE "HARMONIOUS" PAPERS STAND.—The New York *Herald* publishes a long list of leading Democratic papers to show which candidates they support. The following is its recapitulation:

	Breckinridge.	Douglas.
Northern States	26	88
Southern States	57	13
Total	83	101

THE COUNTY RALLY.—The Republicans of Jersey, Macoupin and Green counties will have a grand union rally in the grove near Macoupin Creek, Jersey County, on the 20th inst. Senator Trumbull, Richard Yates, Jo. Gillespie, J. C. Conkling, J. M. Palmer, Carl Schurz, and other able speakers have been invited.

MAINE.—We have a letter from a friend at Norway, Oxford county, Maine, from which we take the following extract:

> Our people, in this most remote county in Maine, were never so fully aroused so early in a campaign as now. Burlingame and our own "Little Giant," Washburn, are to address a county mass meeting on the 10th inst., when we anticipate twice as large a gathering as was ever met in this once stronghold of the Democracy. Our county generally gives the Republican candidate about 700 majority; but we promise ourselves 1000 majority this coming September, and 1200 for the "coming man" of your own State, in November.

DE KALB COUNTY.—The Republicans of De Kalb county have laid out their work for the campaign, and they intend to do it up thoroughly. A correspondent writes:

> DE KALB, July 4.—The political horizon is clear, as far as this county is concerned. De Kalb is perfectly reliable for 2,000 majority for the Republican party. We intend to contest closely for three fourths of the remaining votes of the county. We make but little noise, but there is an honest conviction that we are in the right. The red coat army might as well have tried to frighten our fore-fathers from Bunker Hill by a proclamation, as for any of the followers of "the little dodger" to get any portion of the Republicans of De Kalb. *We do care* whether Slavery is "voted up or voted down." *We do care* "whether slavery is extended west to the Pacific, over five degrees of latitude." Then give us Lincoln and Hamlin—not Lincoln the "flat-boatman" or "rail-splitter," but Lincoln who has risen from these honest and worthy callings to be a great statesman; in short, it is the "HONEST OLD ABE," the patriot, that we expect to place at the head of our nation.
>
> F. S. L.

Squatter Head and Slave Code Tail.

"What a nominee
Is Herschel V.
Of Geo—gee!"

GEMS FROM JOHNSON.

"CAPITAL SHOULD OWN ITS LABOR."

On the 17th day of September, 1856, the Squatter candidate for Vice President, in a public speech said:

> "We believe that capital should own labor; is there any doubt that there must be a laboring class everywhere? In all countries and under every form of social organization there must be a laboring class—a class of men who get their living by the sweat of their brow; and then there must be another class that controls and directs the capital of the country."

"NO PERSON CAN EXCLUDE SLAVES."

Extracts from his speech in the U. S. Senate, July 7th, 1848. See Congressional *Globe*, vol. 19, page 887, viz:

> "That question is, whether it is the duty of Congress to guarantee to the slaveholder, who shall remove with his slaves into the territory of the United States, the undisputed enjoyment of his property in them, so long as it continues to be a territory. Or, in other words, whether the inhabitants of a territory, during their territorial condition, have the right to prohibit slavery therein. For the purposes of this question, it matters not where the power of legislating for the territory resides—whether exclusively in Congress or jointly in Congress and the inhabitants of the territory: the power is precisely the same—no greater in the hands of one than the other. In no event can the slaveholder of the South be excluded from settling in such territory with his property of every description."

HE DENIES TERRITORIAL SOVEREIGNTY.

> But suppose that Congress have the right to establish a Territorial Government only, and that then, all further governmental control ceases: can the Territorial Legislature *pass an act prohibiting slavery? Surely not.* For the moment you admit the right to organize a Territorial Government to exist in Congress, you admit necessarily the subordination of the people of the Territory—their dependence on this Government for an organic law, to give them political existence. Hence, all their legislation must be in conformity with the organic law, they can pass no act in violation of it—none but such as it permits. Since, therefore, Congress has no power, as I have shown, to prohibit Slavery, *they cannot delegate such a power to the inhabitants of the Territory*; they cannot authorize the Territorial Legislature to do that which they have no power to do. The stream cannot rise higher than its source.

HE DENIES THE RIGHT OF THE PEOPLE TO GOVERN THEMSELVES.

> But suppose the right of legislation for the Territory be in its inhabitants, can they prohibit it Slavery? *Surely not;* and for reasons similar to those which show that Congress cannot. Sovereignty follows the ownership of the domain, and therefore the sovereignty over the Territories is in the States in their confederated capacity. Now, if the sovereignty over the Territories is in the States, and the right of legislation not in Congress, but in the inhabitants of the Territories, it is evident that they can have no higher rights of legislation than Congress could have. They must be bound by the limitations just mentioned; and if the prohibition of slavery in the Territories by Congress be inconsistent with these limitations, its prohibitions by the Territorial Legislature would be so likewise.

HE DEMANDS A SLAVE CODE.

> It is urged that slavery does not exist in New Mexico and California; that they are free territories; and although we deny to Congress any jurisdiction over the subject, *yet we ask Congress by this amendment to establish slavery therein.* Upon the execution of the treaty, all political regulations of the United States were extended over the Territories, *and the institution of slavery being political in its character, it now exists, in legal intendment, as absolutely in New Mexico and California as it does in Virginia and Georgia.*

POPULAR SOVEREIGNTY IS RIDICULOUS AND ABSURD.

> If you assert the broad proposition that the inhabitants of the Territory, by *virtue of the right of self-government*, have the right to exclude slavery therein, the question arises, how many inhabitants shall there be to enable them to do this? Shall it be five hundred, or ten or twenty thousand? Shall a few thousand people in Oregon—a vast territory out of which five or six States may be carved—determine that question for all future generations, and fix their destiny for all time to come? Shall a few thousand half civilized Mexicans, inhabiting the Territories of California and New Mexico decide what institutions shall exist there. *The idea is ridiculous and absurd.*

We submit the foregoing gems from Johnson to the advocates of squatter sovereignty, and hope they will relish them. What a beautiful ticket! A squatter head and a slave code tail! Which end is national, which sectional?

AN INTERESTING LETTER.

Lincoln's Old Rail-mauling Partner.

We find the following interesting letter from John Hanks—Lincoln's early partner in the rail-splitting business—in the Decatur *Chronicle*. Hanks is an honest old Jackson Democratic farmer, who shared with the next President the privations and hardships of pioneer life in Illinois, before the days of railroads and canals. His letter is a plain, unvarnished statement, that will find a response in the breasts of hundreds of old Democratic farmers of the pioneer times:

Editor of the Decatur Chronicle:

DEAR SIR: The following item appeared in the Columbus *Statesman* a few days ago, which I take from the Coles County *Ledger*:

"HANKS AGAINST LINCOLN."

> "We were informed a day or two ago by a delegate to the Baltimore Convention, who called at our office, that John Hanks, the man who assisted Abe Lincoln to make those rails about which the Republicans are making such a terrible hubbub, has announced himself opposed to the election of Lincoln. Hanks, who has never been a Democrat, is against the Republican nominee because he knows Lincoln to be a humbug, and nothing else. Hurrah for Hanks!"

To this article I desire briefly to reply. If my choice for President, or how I shall vote as between the candidates for that office, is worth considering at all, I claim it as a simple right to be correctly represented. I am but a farmer, and regret to say not an educated one. I have never been a candidate for any office, nor do I expect ever to be; whilst I can with all truthfulness say this, yet I have never been a negative man in politics. From my boyhood I have been a constant voter with the Democratic party in all essential elections; I have thought that party to be upright and straightforward in all the principles it has really adopted. So late as 1858, I voted for Mr. Douglas and against my old friend Lincoln. For forty years I have looked upon the party with pride and hailed its success with pleasure; but as Mr. Douglas made a speech in Decatur in 1858, and in my hearing spoke so pleasantly and so honorably of the old Whig party and of Mr. Clay, its leader, after having for fifteen years, in discussing general politics, when I used to love to listen to him so well, spoke so complainingly and so abusively of that party and of Mr. Clay, charging upon it and him many bad and mean things, until listening at him I learned to look upon both as dangerous and full of evil. The thought struck me that for the future I would never judge of a party or its leaders by what an opponent might say, and this conclusion I mean to follow the balance of my life. How foolish it is to abuse a party because my friend may do so, and then praise the same party because that friend may change and do so; he may be designing—I would, in all probability be a dupe. Ever since Mr. Douglas made that speech in 1855, he has been abusing the Republicans just like he used to abuse the old Whigs. I am tired of this kind of warfare; I think it is not right to do so, and as Mr. Douglas further said in that speech that he was in the habit of sometimes changing his politics, I did not know but that it was about time for him to begin to excuse and cease to abuse the Republicans, and made up my mind to let him go in time. Now, as to entirely changing my politics I cannot say I have done this, but for the life of me I can see nothing in the Republican party that any honest Democrat can seriously oppose. It is true, were they such a party as Mr. Douglas used to say they were, I could see objectionable features about it; but then is it wise to believe everything Mr. Douglas has said, when he tells us he sometimes changes, and when we have near us honest men known to be purely honest for more than thirty years, who deny all this and propose to tell us the true state of the case, and to give us the true principles of that party? I think not. Besides this, when we have for years been opposed, in politics, to a man who has again and again seen his party defeated, and has himself sometimes failed, and still seen that man true to his colors, re-arming and re-entering the field to try to uphold and successfully plant his colors upon the side of victory, when all the time we knew he had but to *change* once to win, and yet has never changed, I think I may say never faltered, how are we to respect him? Such a man I have known Mr. Lincoln for thirty years to be. In boyhood days we toiled together; many are the days we have lugged the heavy oar on the Ohio, the Illinois and the Mississippi rivers together; many are the long cold days we have journeyed over the wild prairies and through the forest with gun and ax, and though it is not pleasant to refer back to it, well do I remember when we set out together in the cold winter to cut and maul rails on the Sangamon river, in Macon county, thirty years ago, to enclose his father's little home, and from day to day kept at work until the whole was finished and the homestead fenced in; we often swapped work in this way, and yet during the many years we were connected together as laborers, sometimes flat boating, sometimes hog-driving, sometimes rail making, and too, when it was nearly impossible to get books, he was a constant reader; I was a listener; he settled all disputes of all the young men in the neighborhood, and his decisions were always abided by. I never knew a man so honest under all circumstances, for his whole life. Thus associated with Mr. Lincoln, I learned to love him, and when in 1858 he was a candidate for the first time within my reach, against my feelings, and I may say against my convictions, my old party ties induced me to vote for Mr. Douglas: my Democratic friends all declared Lincoln was an abolitionist; I heard him make a speech in Decatur just before the election and I could see nothing bad in it; but I was told by the party he was wrong; I could not see how he could be, but they said so, and I was a Democrat and went it. My wife use to say to me that some day Abe would come out and be something; I thought so too, but I could not exactly see how a man in the lower walks of life, a day laborer, and hopelessly poor, would ever stand much chance to get up very high in the world; at last, one day at home. we heard that the Republican State Convention was to be held at Decatur, and that they were going for Abe for President. As soon as I found this out, I went into town and told a friend of Abe's that as great and honest merit was at last to be awarded in the person of my friend Mr. Lincoln, by the Republican party, I thought of the hard and trying struggles of his early days, and recollecting the rails we had made together thirty years ago, made up my mind to present some of them to that Convention as a testimonial of the beginning of one of the greatest living men of the age, believing they would speak more in his praise than any orator could, and honor true labor more than the praise of men or the resolutions of Conventions. On our way to get the rails, I told this friend of old Abe that if Abe should be nominated for President I would vote for him; everybody knows what he has been, and I rejoice that I live to give this testimony to his goodness and honesty, and hope I shall live to vote for him for President of the United States next November. Is there anything wrong in this? who ought to refuse to vote for as good and as great a man as he is. I know that in voting for him I vote with the Republican party, and will be considered as adopting its principles; as I now understand them I see no good reason why I may not do so; our own party is divided, and we have no Solomon to tell who shall take the child. Slavery has divided the Democratic party; no body can blame Republicanism for the destruction that came upon us at Charleston; slavery has disunited us—it has united the Republican party; if there is any good about the question, they have it all, and we have the trouble. If I understand Mr. Douglas now, he occupies a position on this question just as distasteful to the South as Mr. Lincoln does—with this clear difference: the South seem to understand Mr. Lincoln's position better than his, and to respect it a good deal more, and I am convinced if Mr. Douglas does not reflect the nigger he does the mulatto, and one brings just as much in Mobile as the other, and stands as high in the market.

Many of my Democratic neighbors will say I have done wrong, but I know there are many who would do as I have done, were it not they do not feel willing to break away from party ties and to encounter "*the talk*" of old friends. As long as I have "Old Abe" to lead me I know I shall never go very far from right. Should he be elected President and find any trouble in steering his new boat, he has only to remember how we used to get out of hard places by rowing straight ahead and never by making short turns. The tallest oaks in the forest have fallen by his giant arm; he still wields a tremendous maul; out of the largest timber he can make the smallest rails; I have seen him try a tough cut and fail once; the second trial he never failed to use it up. Though not a very beautiful symbol of honesty, I think the rail a fitting one, and mean to present Abe with one of his own make, should he be elected, in the city of Washington, on the day of his inauguration, to be kept in the White House during his administration.

JOHN HANKS.

Rally in Greenville, Illinois.

GREENVILLE, ILL., July 2, 1860.

Editors Press and Tribune:

Our friends and party will have a great ratification meeting in Greenville on the 20th inst. We have promise of the first speakers in the State, including our candidate for Governor, (Yates), to be present on that occasion. A free dinner will be given. No one doubts that our county will give the largest majority against the Democracy she has given for years. We intend to rout that "Dred Scott," "unfriendly legislation," "don't care whether slavery is voted up or voted down" party, in our county and State, next November. Our people are sanguine and enthusiastic.

Yours, W. P.

Indictment of the Sanborn Kidnappers.

THE HARPER'S FERRY INVESTIGATION NOT YET ENDED.—The Taunton (Mass.) *Gazette*, of the 2d inst., says that in the Supreme Court in Concord, on Saturday last, indictments were returned against James Carleton, George J. Coolidge, William B. Tatton and Watson Freeman, jr., of Boston, for attempting to kidnap S. B. Sanborn, of Concord, on the night of the third day of April, 1860. These men, it will be remembered, were acting under instructions from the "Harper's Ferry Investigating Committee." The indictment embraces four counts, as follows:

> "First, the inveigling or seizure of Sanborn without lawful authority, with intent to take him out of the State, second, an assault; third, a forcible seizure, with intent to confine within the State; and fourth, that they seized, confined and handcuffed him, with the design of transporting him out of the commonwealth."

Burnt to Death in a Bonfire.

At Akron last night, in celebration of the Fourth, a bonfire was made at the corner of Market and Howard streets. A young man named Samuel O'Neil, carrying a barrel to the pile (which was already blazing with tar barrels and pine boxes) by accident fell headlong into the flames. He was, for seconds, in the midst of the flames, and came out crawling on hands and knees, with not a shred of raiment on him. "Kill me!" he shrieked, "For God's sake kill me. Cut my throat—anything—only kill me." After all effort that medical or surgical skill could give had been rendered, he died this morning, after suffering physical distress unspeakable. Our informant says his shrieks still ring in his ears.—*Cleveland Herald.*

FROM EUROPE.

Details of the Persia's News.

THE STRUGGLE IN ITALY.

AID FOR GARIBALDI INTERCEPTED—AN AMERICAN AND A SARDINIAN VESSEL SEIZED.

The Naples correspondent of the *Times* sends the following account of the capture of the two vessels bound for Sicily with aid for Garibaldi. The facts are stated to be derived from official reports which have been shown to him:

The Vice-Consul of Sardinia at Gaeta reports: The Fulminante, Neapolitan war steamer, commanded by Colonel Lettieri, arrived at Gaeta on the 11th instant, at 1 P. M., towing a Sardinian vessel, Captain Molesca, and a vessel with the American flag, the Charles and Jane, of Baltimore, Captain Quain. The two vessels had on board nearly four hundred persons. On being hailed by Marshal Roberto, who was on board the Fulminante, he said he had captured two vessels, Sardinian and American, fifteen miles north of Cape Corso, and that he waited orders from his government, retaining in the meantime the men and vessels as prisoners of war. He asked the Vice-Consul to demand the papers of the Sardinian captain. This he refused to do, assuring Roberto that it was not proper to use underhand means of interrogation, and that the papers could not be withdrawn until the Health Officer had done his duties; it must be considered, too, whether the captain desired pratique, and whether a vessel admitted to pratique could be considered a prisoner, with all on board.

The Vice Consul here came alongside and asked if they had need of anything. Late reports say that the captain of the steamer declared to the Vice Consul that he had been captured at night, eight miles north of Cape Corso; that he had left Genoa directed to Cagliari, towing the American vessel, his own vessel being a tug; and that he had moreover taken some of the passengers on board; that his papers were all *en regle*, and that he had refused to show them on account of his capture. He had not chosen to take an useless pratique in his position, reserving it to himself at the proper time to make his protest and demand an indemnity. The Vice Consul immediately took a dispatch to the telegraph office for Marchese Villamarina, at Naples, but he was told that the telegraph was occupied with government business, and at the first possible moment the dispatch should be sent. Until the 16th however, no despatch arrived. A communication sent later by the post was delayed in the same way, and at last a special messenger was sent off and arrived here before the other two.

There were other subjects on board besides Sardinians under the cannon of the Piazza and the frigate, and an involuntary movement might have led to their being fired on. They were besides guarded by soldiers on land, and by boats at sea. The Vice Consul supplied them with provisions, though the Utile declared herself to be well provided, not having more than one hundred and twenty men on board; the American vessel had seven hundred or eight hundred men on board.

The same authority states that on the evening of the 4th the Fulminante approached the waters of Genoa, and hailed the vessels in French. Supposing it to be of that nationality, those on board replied that they were bound for Sicily, and shouted "*Viva Italia!*" The Fulminante then fired on them and took them prisoners of war.

THE TERMS OF CAPITULATION.

The following is the text of the capitulation concluded at Palermo on June 6, between the royal troops and Garibaldi. It is entitled, "A convention to put an end to the shedding of blood between the combatants at Palermo."

"For humanity's sake the truce is prolonged until the accomplishment of the following operations: Art. 1. All the sick at present collected in the hospitals or elsewhere shall be embarked with all possible despatch. Art. 2. The whole *corps d' armes* existing at Palermo shall be free to embark or leave by land, with its equipages, stores, artillery, horses, baggage and whatever belongs to it, according as his Excellency Lieutenant General Lanza shall decide, including the armament of the fort of Castellamare. Art. 3. If embarkment should be preferred, the war material, equipages and part of the animals shall first be shipped, and then the troops. Art. 4. The embarkation to take place from the Mole, all the vessels to be taken out into the roadstead. Art. 5. Fort Castelluccio, the Mole, and the Lanterna battery shall be evacuated by General Gribaldi. Art. 6. Gen. Garibaldi shall give up all the sick and wounded in his power. Art. 7. The prisoners on each side shall be exchanged in totality, and not head for head. Art. 8. The prisoners at Castellamare shall be given up when the embarkation or departure has been effected and the garrison of Castellamare has retired. These prisoners shall be left at the Mole, to which place they shall be conducted by the said garrison. Art. 9. The preceding articles being signed, it is agreed by the present additional article that the departure shall be effected by sea, from the Mole of Palermo.

"For General Lanza, Colonel Camillo Rovo, of the Staff,

"General Giuseppe Letizia,

"General Giuseppe Garibaldi."

RELIEF FOR THE SUFFERERS.

On the same day appeared the following decree for the adoption of the children of those who had died for the national cause:

Art. 1. The children of those who have died in defence of the national cause are adopted by the country. They shall be maintained and educated at the expense of the state—if girls, to the age of sixteen years; if boys, to that of seventeen. At the age of sixteen years the girls shall have a dowry suitable to their birth, to be paid them whenever they marry. At the age of twenty-one the young men shall receive a capital suitable to their birth.

Art. 2. The widows of those who have fallen in the national cause shall have a provision suitable to their position, and to last during their widowhood. The same pension is granted to the widows of the thirteen persons who were shot on April 14, 1860, whose children shall also receive the benefit of the foregoing article.

Art. 3. All those who through wounds received in fighting for the defence of their country shall remain crippled, or mutilated, or otherwise incapacitated for the work to which they were accustomed, shall be received into suitable hospitals and maintained by the state.

The Dictator, G. GARIBALDI.

Secretary of the Interior, F. Crispi.

For carrying out the provisions of this decree two orphan asylums have been instituted at Palmero.

THE INSURRECTION IN CATANIA.

The following is the most systematic account that we have yet received of the insurrection in Catania:

"On the morning of the 31st of May, to the cry of 'Italy and Victor Emanuel,' a small body of armed men attacked the royal troops in the city, nearly 2,000 strong, consisting of infantry, horse and artillery. For nearly eight hours they continued the combat, taking two guns from the royalists; but, wanting ammunition and reinforcements of more than 2,000 men, approaching to support the royalists, the insurgents were obliged to slacken their fire, and withdrew with a slight loss in killed and wounded, the loss on the part of the royalists exceeding three hundred killed and wounded. When the attack was over, the troops set fire to various buildings, whether they had been fired from or not. Many houses were pillaged; the troops shot down every one they met in the street indiscriminately, whether rich, or poor, or sick—whether man or woman—robbing them afterwards. The library of the University has suffered considerably, many valuable books being destroyed. Many houses and shops were pillaged, and what could not be carried off was destroyed. The city having been placed in a state of seige, a military commission was appointed, and a disarmament ordered, when, to the astonishment of every one, on the night of the 3d the troops withdrew, escorted by a steamer, carrying off, assisted by hired ships, all the portable articles and ammunition. Gen. Clay did not omit clearing out the strong boxes of the "Ricevitoria Generale" and "Cassa Provincialle." At the present moment, Catania is left to its own resources, and has pronounced itself for union with Italy and Victor Emanuel.

AFFAIRS IN SICILY.

The correspondent of the London *Times*, writing from Palermo, June 13, furnishes us with the latest details in regard to the movements of Garibaldi, and of affairs in Sicily.

THE STATE OF PUBLIC FEELING.

With every Neapolitan vessel which leaves, the town breathes more freely, although numbers of Neapolitans are still within sight, and the white flag of the Bourbons flutters from the citadel. Although the barricades still obstruct most of the streets—a memento of danger scarcely past—there is more life and freedom than there has been for the last eleven years. It is as if the whole town had been kept for years in prison, and was now liberated and enjoyed the first moments of freedom.

The stories which you hear of the oppression and arbitrary behavior of the police are almost incredible; not a house, not a shop, which has not been the scene of its brutality, and not a family which has not been the object of its annoyance. The police ruled supreme, and everything else was subordinate to it. Thousands of secret police agents found their way into all the houses, and often served for the satisfaction of private vengeance. Especially during the last two months no one was safe for an hour, and every one went to bed trembling.

Now that the pressure is withdrawn all the natural vivacity of the people comes out like the escape of a steam-pipe. Every one tries to make up for lost time, as it were, and the late excitement contributes to enhance this tendency. The shops, which have been closed for the last two months, are all open now; gunmakers, saddlers, tailors, and boot and cap makers cannot suffice for all the demands they get. There is a regular race every year from Sicily with the first fruit; let those who want to make enormous profits reverse the direction of the race, and bring out muskets, swords, pistols, powder, guns, steamers, saddlery, ammunition pouches, red flannel, and leather, and they will find a ready market. Arming, arming and arming is the only thought which has taken possession of every one, and every kind of weapon, however old, is repaired in the absence of a better.

POPULAR AMUSEMENTS.

Music has taken the place of the cheers all over the town. Three or four bands attired in the indispensable red shirt, go about the town, stopping at the Palazzo Reale, the Pretorio, and wherever else the spirit of harmony seizes them—above all, before *cafes* and ice-shops. Their *repertoire* is not large, but they make the most of it; there is, above all, an air with the refrain of *Viva la Tricolore, Viva la Liberta*, which seems to electrify the audiences. They begin and end with it, and the people never have enough of it. Every part of the town resounds with it in the evening, and every boy in the street is humming it.

All this singing and playing goes on till late at night, despite of barricades; crowds wander about in the streets, which are still illuminated, until further orders. The precaution is not useless, for Palermo has no gas, except for a few months on the Marina, and the scanty oil lamps would scarcely give sufficient light to get over the ruins and barricades. In ordinary times life in summer does not begin here till near sunset, the rest of the day being too hot, and as by degrees order is restored people naturally fall into their old ways. At first no one dared to go out after sunset; now midnight is the limit, and when the Neapolitans are gone people will keep it up till dawn.

THE SICILIAN RECRUITS.

They are volunteers in the literal sense of the word, doing pretty nearly as they like, obeying their self-elected chief whenever it suits them, remaining or going away according to their pleasure—in one word, not to be depended upon. They are as like Bashi-Bazouks as possible; you send them to one place, but you can never calculate on finding them there when you want them. For instance, the day before yesterday the commander of one of the *squadri*, which was placed quite close to the pickets of the enemy, came into town for a couple of hours.—When he returned at sunset a sergeant was the only man to be found out of several hundreds. Nothing has been heard of them since, but I dare say they will turn up on pay day. The other day, going out on the road to Monreale, I met six carriages full of these "picciotti." I asked whence they were coming, and was told that, it being Sunday, they had gone to see their wives and put on clean shirts.

GARIBALDI'S MILITARY SUCCESS.

His secret is to do away, as much as possible, with useless and pedantic formalities, and to simplify everything. Knapsacks and baggage are proscribed; every man and officer carries an extra shirt and towel, and whatever he wants in the pocket of his blouse, his provisions in a havresack, and his ammunition in his pouch. In this way alone was it possible to make those extraordinary marches which led to the taking of Palermo, the enemy holding a concentrated position and being out manœuvred in a *rayon* of fifty or sixty miles.

MATTERS AT NAPLES—PREPARING FOR A PANIC.

[Correspondence for the London Times.]

NAPLES, June 13.—The plot is ripening, and the appearance of things reminds me very much of what Naples was in 1848. In front of my house are stationed no fewer than twelve foreign vessels of war. On Sunday morning arrived La Bretagne, and three other line-of-battle ships, making altogether five French line-of-battle ships (besides two other smaller vessels,) with the flags of a vice and rear admiral.

A Russian two decker came in on Saturday with an Admiral's flag; and we have, moreover, an Austrian and a Spanish steamer. All this is very magnificent and ominous, and looks very much like the preparation for a catastrophe, if not for assisting at Royal obsequies. Neapolitan vessels, too, are constantly going and coming, and bringing up the discomfited troops of the Bourbons from Palermo. I saw many of them disembarking at Portici yesterday, and by the reproaches they cast upon their officers, they seemed to have some sense of shame at the recollection that 18,000 well disciplined and provided men had been compelled to fly before not more than 1,000 good soldiers and 6,000 or 7,000 irregular fighting men.

Their presence here, or in any other part of the country to which they may be sent, will only do the work of Garibaldi, by discouraging and demoralizing all those with whom they come in contact. In fact, if there be no intervention, as God forbid there should be, the game is up.

I observe great preparations for defense going forward in the city, as if a resolution had been formed to make a desperate struggle to the last. Masons are at work on the Castello Nuovo, raising it so as to form another battery towards the sea. Another fort is being built at Carmine, and as you already know, the entrance to the Castello Nuovo is being raised and strengthened.

People talk openly of two men having been hired by the Royalist party to assassinate Garibaldi. One man is said to be a sergeant, and the other a brigand. One's whole nature revolts at such an idea, still it must be remembered that acts not less atrocious have been the daily practice of this government for many years.

On Sunday morning last two columns were ordered to start, the one for the Puglias, and the other for the Calabrias, and the report is that armed bands have begun to show themselves in the latter place; in fact, every pore of the country seems bursting with latent energy, and every person in the streets seems to ask the other by the silent expression of his face, what is to happen. There has been talk some days of a Royalist demonstration, but it never comes off, so that I suppose it is regarded as a desperate case.

JUNE 14.—The Cæsar came in this morning from Castellamere and saluted the French and Russian Admirals, who returned the salutes; then there were salutes exchanged with the Neapolitans, and a general lifting of hats has taken place all around, until our eyes are dazzled, our ears are deafened. By the time I despatch another letter we shall probably have the Renown and the London here, as they have already left Malta for these waters. On their arrival we shall have an aggregate British and French force of 8,000 men.

There has been a strong importation of the Palermo police here, and as a consequence those Sicilians in Naples who cannot get away are well watched in Naples.

From official sources I can now inform you that revolutionary movements broke out at Monteleone, Cosenza, and Catanzaro last week. On Saturday and Sunday troops were sent from Messina to Pizzo to the number of 1,000 men, in two steamers. Most have declared, however, that they will not fight any more against their brothers. Several officers told me that they regarded the King as lost, and that the sooner this fratricidal war was over the better.

A Proclamation for the Encouragement of Piety and Virtue.

[From the London Gazette, June 18.]

BY THE QUEEN.

Victoria R.—We, most seriously and religiously considering that it is our indispensable duty to be careful above all other things to preserve and advance the honor and service of Almighty God, and to discourage and suppress all vice, profaneness, debauchery and immorality, which are so highly displeasing to God and so great a reproach to our religion and government; to the intent, therefore, that religion, piety and good manners may flourish and increase under our administration and government, we have thought fit, by the advice of our Privy Council, to issue this our royal proclamation, and do hereby declare our royal purpose and resolution to discountenance and punish all manner of vice, profaneness and immorality, in all persons of whatsoever degree or quality, within this our realm; and we do expect and require that all persons of honor, or in place of authority, will give good example by their own virtue and piety, and to their utmost contribute to the discountenancing persons of dissolute and immoral lives; and we do hereby strictly enjoin and prohibit all our loving subjects, of whatever degree or quality soever, from playing on the Lord's day at dice, cards, or any other game whatsoever, either in public or private houses, or other place or places whatsoever; and we do hereby require and command them, and every one of them, decently and reverently to attend the worship of God on every Lord's day.

Our further pleasure is, and we do hereby strictly charge and command all our judges, mayors, sheriffs, justices of the peace, and all other our officers and ministers, both ecclesiastical and civil, and all other our subjects whom it may concern, to be very vigilant and strict in the discovery and the effectual prosecution and punishment of all persons who shall be guilty of dissolute, immoral, or disorderly practices; and that they take care also effectually to suppress all gaming-houses and places, and lewd and other disorderly houses; and also to suppress and prevent all gaming whatsoever, in public or private house, on the Lord's day; and likewise that they take effectual care to prevent all persons keeping taverns, or other public houses whatsoever, from selling wine, beer, or other liquors, or receiving or permitting guests to be or remain in such their houses in the time of Divine service on the Lord's day.

And for the more effectual proceeding herein, we do hereby direct and command all our judges of assize and justices of the peace to give strict charges at their respective assizes and sessions for the due prosecution and punishment of all persons that shall presume to offend in any of the kinds aforesaid; and also of all persons that, contrary to their duty, shall be remiss or negligent in putting the said laws in execution; and that they do at their respective assizes and quarter sessions of the peace, cause this our royal proclamation to be publicly read in open court immediately before the charge is given.

Given at our Court at Buckingham Palace this 9th day of June, 1860.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

Getting Ready for Fillibustering.

The Mobile *Mercury* has a letter, dated Rutan, one of the Bay Islands off the coast of Honduras, June 19, from which we extract, as follows:

> You may expect to receive some interesting news soon. Immigration is still on the increase, and during the dull season with you, many doubtless will avail themselves, if the opportunity is presented, of enjoying their *otium cum diginitate*. Tell the boys who are out of employment for the summer to come over and maroon it with us. The trip will cost them from $15 to $20, and all they want is a hammock or a tent, a good revolver for amusement, and as many pair of breeches as they choose. The custom of the country is a free shirt. Plaintains are plenty, so are cocoanut trees and the like—a couple to hang the hammock to and a supply of provisions for the family are enough, and will last a long time. When they give out, the lodgers can move a few yards or so; if too lazy, let them starve. Cigars are cheap and good. Come over for three months at least, and save board.
>
> Who knows what a day may bring forth?—The government is still English, but all are anxiously looking forward to the time when these lovely islands may be left to work out their own destiny.
>
> I believe I have no items of news—let me see—ah! There has been stationed here recently a company of *nigger* soldiers (?) from Jamaica. Some say they are here to enforce the collection of taxes due before the change of government; others, that they are sent to watch the Americans who immigrate hither. Humph! fifty niggers, black bucks too, look after the Americans on the island! Two guns with good men, would clean them out in five minutes. But what are they after? *Quien sabe?*
>
> We are being visited by numerous rain and wind squalls. Passengers continue to come in—each load brings a dozen or twenty. Honduras is scared to death.

Terrible Accident at Belvidere.

[From the Rockford Republican.]

One of those terrible accidents which so frequently mar the happiness of a Fourth of July celebration, and casts a gloom over the public mind, occurred at Belvidere, during the celebration yesterday. It appears that a cannon had been procured in Freeport, for the purpose of firing the usual national salutes, and that no accident might arise from the use of it, six men who were in the habit of managing the gun, were employed to take charge of it. After firing a number of rounds, the piece became heated, and by some carelessness a cartridge took fire, and a premature discharge was the result. One man had an arm and part of his shoulder torn away, and the other arm broken, and another man had one arm blown off, the other broken, and an eye put out.

Little hope, we believe, is entertained of the recovery of either. They were taken through this city on the cars yesterday to Freeport. This melancholy accident put an end to the celebration at Belvidere, as no one thereafter had any heart for the remaining ceremonies.

☞ If it will be any consolation to our Breckinridge and Lane friends, we can, after having thoroughly examined their chance in the election, assure them that they have a dead thing of it.—*Louisville Journal.*

Queen Victoria's Proclamation against Vice and Immorality.

A State paper of quite an unusual character has been promulgated in England, and we give it in our columns to-day—the proclamation of the Queen against vice and licentiousness, or, as it is denominated, "for the encouragement of piety and virtue." It is the good fortune of the people of Great Britain at the present day to have for their sovereign a lady of spotless life, who shows them an example of the personal virtues in a sphere where example does the most good and attracts the greatest number of imitators.

The proclamation is worthy both of her character and station, and is a fit expression of her concern for the welfare of her subjects. We can read it with the satisfaction of knowing that this manifestation of abhorrence for the vices which so many of her predecessors on the throne encouraged by their profligate example, is as sincere as it is unlike anything ordinarily done by the sovereigns of Europe. We hope, for the good of the country which she is said to govern, that the reign of Queen Victoria will be prolonged to the latest date which can be assigned to human life.

Whether it was the example of the English monarchs and their court, penetrating to the classes of society placed below them, which has so frightfully aggravated what is called "the social evil," the extent, the causes, and the cure of which have lately been made the subject of so much discussion, we will not stop to inquire. If so, it must have been the cumulative effect of a long series of evil influences that has reduced the morals of the population of Edinburgh to such a debasement, that, as is affirmed, the illegitimate births exceed the offspring of lawful wedlock. It must require many years of wholesome example in the class most elevated in station, and a long course of discouragements from vice to allow us to expect anything better. A new generation must grow up under more wholesome influences before the evil can be materially lessened.

One of the vices against which this proclamation is particularly levelled is that of gaming, and issued, as it is, so soon after the great prize fight, which was a mere gambling affair of the most vulgar sort, it has a peculiar significance. Some of the persons most distinguished by birth and station in Great Britain took part in the affair, entering into it with the greatest zeal, and taking part in its shameful termination. If the proclamation of Queen Victoria had gone further and advised her subjects, if they would persist in gambling, to gamble fairly, and not to make the matter worse by acting the part at once of a gambler and sharper, the admonition, whatever might be thought of its dignity, would not have been inappropriate.—*N. Y. Post.*

A New Phase of the Traffic—West India Negroes Kidnapped.

The New Haven *Register* publishes the following extract from a letter dated St. Croix, June 20th:

> There is a very strange story here from Tortola, which is asserted from a very respectable source, and of which I have no doubt myself of its truth, viz: that an American vessel, about two weeks since, called off the island of Anagada and hoisted signals of distress, which of course immediately brought off a host of wreckers, all negroes or colored men, to the number of 21. On their getting on board they were politely asked below to take some refreshments, when their boats were cut adrift and the vessel made sail and stood to the north, where bound to no one of course can tell, but it is generally supposed she is destined for New Orleans or some other Southern port. Another strange circumstance has recently occurred here which I can vouch for, and which should be made known through the press. A number of negroes landed from an open boat a few weeks ago on the east end of this island, who, on being questioned, stated that they, with one or two other boats, (which are supposed to have made Tortola) left the Dutch island of Saba two nights previous to their landing here.—Slavery still exists in the Dutch colonies, but the owners of slaves apprehend that the Government intend to emancipate them ere long, without suitable compensation. These fugitives state as their reason for making their escape that their owners were making arrangements to dispose of them for the New Orleans market, to the captain of some American vessel lying in the harbor of St. Eustatia; hence they had concluded to risk the dangers of the sea in an open boat, with the chance of starvation, rather than be subject to the hard life of a sugar plantation in Louisiana. These people are now at work as hired laborers on different plantations.

A Minister Knocked Down in his own Church.

[From the Rock River News.]

Rev. A. D. Field of Ogle, in Ogle county, was knocked down in his own church, in presence of his congregation, under the following circumstances:

On Saturday a man came to the house of Mr. Field and said: "Mr. F. I am burdened for your soul," and finally wished Mr. F. to allow him to preach on Sunday. This was declined, the man having no authority, nor even any confidence among the people for such a place. On Sunday this man went to the church early. Mr. Field preached at the usual time. Having closed his sermon, he commenced to read a hymn. The Redfieldite Beecher took a stand before the pulpit and said: "If you want to see salvation flow, look to the centre of the house." He made some strange remarks. The congregation commenced to sing. Mr. B. stepped quickly towards the preacher, and with one blow, which is said to have sounded like a pistol, laid the minister flat on the floor. What took place can better be imagined than our space will allow us to tell. The man was undoubtedly deranged. Mr. Field and his people were trying to investigate the matter and put a stop to such things.

H. V. Johnson at Home.

We take the following extract from a private letter dated

MACON, GA., June 30, 1860.

> Gov. Johnson, our former great Southern Rights advocate, has accepted the nomination for Vice President on the ticket with Mr. Douglas, to the great mortification and disgust of his old friends and admirers in Georgia. He spoke here last night, and all who heard it pronounced it the poorest effort they ever heard from him. When he had spoken about three quarters of an hour, the Breckinridge enthusiasm was so strongly manifested that the Governor stopped and closed his speech by saying: "Minorities had no terrors for him," evidently feeling that his ticket wouldn't "go down" in Georgia.—*Nashville Union.*

A Respectable Citizen Shot by a Horse Thief.

Detective Bedford and Marshal Brush have furnished us with the particulars of a shocking tragedy which occurred in Lawrence County on Saturday. A horse thief being closely pursued by a well known citizen, named Graham, was overtaken near a blacksmithshop in Bedford, and turning upon his pursuer, shot him through the heart, killing him almost instantly. Graham exclaimed, "Catch him, he has killed me!" The murderer escaped from the town, and stealing a horse eluded pursuit until he reached Bloomington, where his conduct excited suspicion, and the Regulators got after him. He fled to the timber and was pursued by the entire company, numbering nearly one hundred men on horseback, armed with shot guns, rifles and side arms. After an exciting chase of several hours he was overtaken, and making a show of resistance he was shot down and captured. His wounds are not serious. He obstinately refuses to divulge his name or place of residence. Two hundred and eighty-four dollars were found upon his person. He was lodged in jail at Bloomington. The affair has created intense excitement, and it is not improbable that the murderer will be taken out and hanged without judge or jury.—*Lafayette Courier.*

Lola Montez at the Point of Death.

The New York *Tribune*, of the 4th says:

> At a late hour last evening we were surprised to learn that the celebrated Madame Lola Montez, Countess of Landsfeldt, lay at the point of death, and was not expected to survive the night. On Saturday morning, she arose in her usual health, but soon complained of giddiness, and, lying down, was at once deprived of speech and motion by a paralytic stroke. Sunday and Monday she was able to partially recognize those about her, but yesterday seemed to have lost all consciousness, and was pronounced by her medical attendants as beyond hope of life. For some time past she has resided at No. 15 Clinton Place, and during her sickness has been faithfully cared for by several of her intimate friends.

Later From Prentice.

—Some of the Democratic editors mount their columns with roosters. They make regular barn-yards of their papers.

—Douglas is no longer a prophet to the Democratic party, and the party will be no profit to him.

—The Boston *Bee* says that "the Democratic party has reaped the whirlwind." It must have first reaped and then swallowed it if we may judge from the awful commotion in the poor thing's bowels.

—Honest Old Abe seems to have got his entering wedge pretty well into the gnarled log of the Northern Democracy. We guess he'll find that it will make very crooked rails.

—It is said that Mr. Douglas will get nearly or quite all of the Roman Catholic vote of the country. Mr. Breckinridge has no show in that quarter, he being of well known and distinguished Presbyterian lineage.

—It is threatened in Mississippi that she will secede. She had better not. If she once gets outside of the protection of the American flag, Great Britain will whip her and make her pay the Union Bank bonds.

—President Buchanan tries to whitewash Secretary Toucy, and Secretary Toucey tries to whitewash President Buchanan. A couple of chimney sweeps might as well try to make each other clean by rubbing their noses together.

THE GREAT CLOSING OUT
of our
ENTIRE STOCK OF SUMMER GOODS
Will commence
Monday, July 9th.
SILKS, SILK ROBES, BAREGES, BAREGE ROBES, ORGANDIES, ORGANDY ROBES, BAREGE ANGLAIS, in the piece and Robes. MUSLINS, LACE SHAWLS, LACE MANTLES, PARASOLS,
and Summer Goods of every description, will positively be sold without regard to cost or value.
Look out for the Greatest Bargains ever Offered in Chicago.
WM. ROSS & CO.,
No. 167 and 169 Lake Street.

A COMPLETE ASSORTMENT
—OF—
ALEXANDER'S KIDS,
Just received at A. GRAVES,
76 Lake street.

WE ARE JUST OPENING AN
Elegant assortment of
Parasols and Sun Umbrellas,
A. GRAVES.

HOSIERY, GLOVES,
Gauze Merino Flannels.
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76 Lake street.

COOL SODA.
TWO FOUNTAINS.
One kept exclusively
For the Ladies.
PURE FRUIT SYRUPS
Of our own Manufacture,
AND OF SUPERIOR QUALITY.
CONGRESS WATER
Kept on ICE for those who wish to drink it in our store.
J. H. REED & CO.,
144 and 146 Lake street.

No. 37 Lake St. | IRON BLOCK. | No. 43 Wabash av.
REMOVAL.
PEAKE, MARSH & DELONG,
Compelled by their increasing business to seek larger quarters, have removed from their old stand, nearly opposite, to the above spacious stores
Burch's Iron Block,
Where they will be able to offer at wholesale, a still larger and more varied stock of
Dry Goods, Hosiery, Notions.
Customers will always find us with full lines of known brands of HEAVY DOMESTICS, bought at first hands, and offered at a small advance, together with a large stock of
Woolens, Shawls, Dress Goods, &c.
We shall continue our motto,
"LOW PRICES WIN,"
And invite the attention of all close, prompt paying buyers.

FANS! FANS! FANS! FANS!
Pearl Stick, in White, Blue, Cherry, Red.
Fans. Fans. Fans. Fans.
Pearl Stick, Plain, Spangled, Silvered, Embroidered.
Fans. Fans. Fans. Fans.
Ivory Stick, in White, Blue, Cherry, Red.
Fans. Fans. Fans. Fans.
Ivory Stick, Silvered, Painted, Embroidered.
Fans. Fans. Fans. Fans.
Sandall Wood Stick, in Silk, Crape Linen.
Fans. Fans. Fans. Fans.
Sandall Wood, Com. Straight, Round and Broad Stick.
Fans. Fans. Fans. Fans.
Plain Linen, Spanish and Mourning Fans.
Fans. Fans. Fans. Fans.
Opera, Bridal and Party Fans, all Patterns.
Fans. Fans. Fans. Fans.
Palm Leaf, Plain Palm Leaf, Trimed, all Styles.
Fans. Fans. Fans. Fans.
All Kinds, All Prices, from 5 cents to $20.00.
AT PARK'S, 124 LAKE-ST

Garters. Garters. Garters.
Embroidered in Silk and Velvet.
Garters. Garters. Garters.
Wire Elastics, in Kid, Linen and Cotton.
Garters. Garters. Garters.
In Pink, in Blue, in White, in Red.
Garters. Garters. Garters.
All Sorts and Sizes, All Patterns and Prices.
AT PARK'S, 124 LAKE STREET

BURLEY & TYRRELL,
No. 48 Lake street,
OFFER
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,
Self-Sealing Fruit Cans,
PRESERVE JARS,
JELLY TUMBLERS,

GO TO
JOHN D. PARK'S,
124 LAKE ST.,
FOR
HALL'S BALSAM,
CHRISTIE'S
AGUE BALSAM,
SCOVILL'S
BLOOD AND LIVER
SYRUP,
AYER'S
CHERRY PICTORAL,
AYER'S
SARSAPARELLA,
HOSTETTER'S BITTERS,
AND ALL
POPULAR FAMILY
MEDICINES.
ALSO FOR
PURE SPARKLING
AND
STILL CATAWBA WINES,
GO TO
124 LAKE STREET.

NEW STORE! NEW GOODS!
—AT—
191 LAKE STREET.
The subscribers would inform the citizens of Chicago and vicinity that they have a very large and superb stock of
BROADCLOTHS, CASSIMERES,
Doeskins and Vestings,
Of the latest styles, which they will make up in the most approved manner, and warrant to give satisfaction.
We have, also, a superior lot of
FINE READY-MADE CLOTHING,
Of the very best and latest styles. Also,
Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods,
Of every description, all of which we will offer to the public cheap, and solicit a share of their patronage. Call and examine at
SMITH & PRINDLE'S,
131.........Lake Street.........131

HAIR NETTS,
ZEPHYR WORSTEDS,
TRAVELING BASKETS,
Hosiery of all Kinds,
Knitting Cotton and Cotton Warp, Chenile Canvass, &c. Serpentine Braids and Crochet, and Small Wares,
AT SUTTON & BARKETT'S,
(Late R. Dunk.)
41.........LASALLE STREET.........41
Opp. Hoffmann & Gelpcke's Bank.

RICHMOND & CO.,
Agents for the
New York Central R.R., Cleveland & Pittsburgh R.R., Troy & Erie and Troy and Western Lines on the Erie Canal,
and (running in connection with the above) the Buffalo, Cleveland and Chicago Line on the Lakes, consisting of FOURTEEN FIRST CLASS PROPELLERS,
Will contract freight at the lowest rates to and from all the principal points East, via steam on the Lakes and Rail or Canal between Buffalo and Albany.
Also, freight contracted to and from
PITTSBURGH, WHEELING, BALTIMORE AND PHILADELPHIA
at Lower Rates than by any other route.
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FOR ALL KINDS OF CLOTHING FOR Men and Boys, GO TO THE
EASTERN CLOTHING EMPORIUM,
116 . . Randolph Street . . 116

MASSER'S FIVE M
Ice Cream Free
AS IMPROVED FOR
The only Freezer constructed on
with a revolving can and spring blade
The most rapid in freezing, with the
The most economical in cost, as it is the
durable in structure. For sale at
VAN SCHAACK'S,
47 - - State Street
☞ General Dealer in Housekeeping Articles

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T. B. CARTE
Will offer, REGARDLESS OF
His entire stock of
Dress & Fancy G
☞ GREAT BARGAINS may be had
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50,000
STARK MILL
At $23.75 per Hundred
P. PALMER,
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SAFES! SAFES!!
The largest and best stock of the above
ways to be found at the DURYEE & F
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They have also on hand,
HAY, PORK, FLOUR, DORMANT,
PLATFORM, and all other description of
full assortment of TRUCKS, LETTER
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BURGLAR PROOF BANK
Or, Fire and Burglar Proof
Secured with heavy round wrought iron
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WITHOUT KEY OR KEY
We Invite Bankers to Examine
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The Best Fire Proof Safe in the
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Have now in store a very large stock of
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SMALL ADVANCE FROM COST
OUR STOCK CONSISTS IN PART OF:
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And all other Articles
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GROCERIES
Will please give us the pleasure of showing them
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Fourth of July!
CORPORATIONS, COMMITTEES, P
ETORS OF GARDENS, & WHOLE
SALE BUYERS,
Can select from the largest stock of
FIRE WORK
In the city, embracing everything in the pyrotech
PEUGEOT'S
GREAT VARIETY STO
KINGSBURY BLOCK,
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☞ Sole Agency of the BLACK ROCK FIRE
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NEW GOODS AT REDUCED
I have now on hand and to arrive, a large
stock of Crockery, China and Glassware, Paris
and Terra Cotta Vases,
SILVER-PLATED WARE, TABLE CUTL
with a general assortment of
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Also, Oil Paintings, Yankee Notions, Clocks,
and Jewelry, which I will sell at greatly reduced
to which I would invite the attention of Merchants
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THIS WARM WEATHER
Van Schaack
Will be sure to please Housekeepers from his
of Stoves, Furnaces, and Heaters.
CHARCOAL FURNACES of Fire Clay and Cast
FLAT IRON STOVES, for 4 and 6 Irons,
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Westlake's Patent Stove Fu
Cheap, Convenient, Valuable.
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☞ General Dealers in Housekeeping Articles
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"HOTSPUR,"
Large Oven Air Ti
Cooking Stove!
For Wood or Coal, and adapted to country or city
best, surpassing all other cooking inventions
its superior operation and practical
economy. Just received by
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ICE BOXES, WATER COOLERS,
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Pumps, Garden Engines, Rubber Hose, Weather
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Stoves, Ranges, Hot-Air Furnaces, Ventilators and
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These beautiful preparations are becoming
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Put up in bottles at 50 cents each by
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IN GREAT VARIETY.
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These delightful Plasters yield readily to the motion of the body, absorb perspiration and throw off all the offensive congulated impurities of the system. Should be used for all Chronic Pains, Faintness, Dyspepsia, Colds, Consumption, Rheumatism, Female Weakness, &c. They retain their active properties when other plasters are useless, and where applied PAIN CANNOT EXIST. Every family should have them. One size cloth, three sizes on leather. Samples sent by mail on receipt of twenty five cts.

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THIS MATCHLESS DYE

contains no particle of deleterious matter. Hair of any obnoxious color is INSTANTLY CHANGED to black or any shade of brown. Sold everywhere, and applied by all hair dressers. CRISTADORO, No. 6 Astor House, New York.

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☞ **Dead Shot for Bed Bugs.—The** neatest and most reliable exterminator in use. Faithfully applied, it remains one year a trap ready set for these noxious tormenters of our nightly rest.

THE LIGHTNING FLY KILLER.

Destroys Flies instantly. Every sheet will kill a quart. Commence early and the house may be kept clear of flies all Summer. Both articles for sale by the Druggists everywhere. Send for a sample sheet.

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St. Albans, Vt., Proprietors.

☞ Sold by all good druggists. je18c097-1m

☞ **Health and Pure Blood are In**separable.—Recollect that all sickness arises from impurity of the blood, and that Judson's Mountain Herb will so surely find out and cleanse these impurities from the system that disease cannot exist. So simple and innocent are the herbs and plants that compose them, that it is not necessary to have them sugar coated in order that the stomach can bear them. In most cases, Pills are sugar coated because the materials of which they are made are so griping and malignant that otherwise a delicate stomach could not bear them.

These Pills deal with disease as it is, and will not only cure by removing the cause, but will build up and restore the broken constitution. There are many who have so trifled with their constitutions that they think medicine cannot help them; let not even these despair; incredulity and scepticism is overthrown by a mass of testimony which is truly irresistible. At first the virtues ascribed to these MOUNTAIN HERB PILLS were deemed fabulous. The public has been so often deceived that they could not believe the simple truths advanced by their discoverer. Yet facts undeniable, attested by witnesses of the highest character and respectability, have proved, and are proving each day, the virtues of this "mighty healer." They mark by their miraculous efficacy and power a new era in medicine. Sold by all medicine dealers. je15-1m

☞ **Meyers' Miraculous Vermin Dis**troyer, the oldest and best remedy for Exterminating RATS and MICE, COCKROACHES, BUGS, ANTS, MOSQUITOES, FLEAS, MOTHS, GRAIN-WORMS and GARDEN INSECTS.

☞ Principal Depot 612 Broadway, New York.

Sold by druggists everywhere. my22c610-3m

☞ **Bourbon Whisky Bitters.**— These popular BITTERS possess all the nourishing and invigorating properties of PURE OLD BOURBON WHISKY, and are considered the most efficacious TONIC and STIMULANT, as well as the most agreeable STOMACHIC ever offered to the public. As a Tonic for Old People, delicate Ladies, convalescent invalids, and all weakly people, they cannot be surpassed; in all cases of Weakness or Debility, they will give immediate relief, and impart a strong healthy tone to the system. A trial will establish their merits over all other Tonics now in use. For LUNG COMPLAINTS, BRONCHITIS, DYSPEPSIA, NERVOUS DISEASES AND LIVER COMPLAINTS, they are an invaluable Remedy; and are a certain preventive of CHILLS and FEVERS.

Put up in Quart Bottles, in cases of one and two dozen, and for sale by Druggists and Grocers everywhere.

W. F. & A. W. GREELEY, Proprietors, No. 25 Tremont street, Boston, Mass.

J. H. JOHNSON, General Agent,
No. 70 State street, Chicago.

E. R. LANDON, Agent. ap27b0-dawly

☞ **Those who are Curious to wit**ness the wonderful perfection to which A. Ohawa at (late manager at Batchelor's, N. Y.) has brought the manufacture of Wigs and Toupees, are invited to visit his Wig and Hair Dying Rooms, at No. 100 Lake street and examine these curious productions of art. No scrutiny can detect the artificial from the natural when adjusted to the head.

☞ **Barry's Tricopherous is the best** and cheapest article for dressing, beautifying, cleansing, curling, preserving and restoring the hair. Ladies, try it. Sold by all Druggists and Perfumers. mh16-b09-6m

☞ **Congress Water.—Much spuri**ous mineral water has been imposed on the public as "CONGRESS WATER" by unprincipled persons or counterfeiters, who, when they dare not use that name, call it "Saratoga" Water; which many persons suppose to be the real title of the Congress Water, although it is only the name of the town in which the Spring is situated.

To protect the public from such impositions, we have ALL our Corks Branded thus:

CONGRESS.
C. W.
WATER.

Any one not having those words and letters on the Corks, are counterfeit; and the purchaser should prosecute the seller for swindling.

☞ Orders will receive prompt attention if addressed to us at Congress Spring, Saratoga, New York, or at our Southern Depot of Congress Water in New York city.

CLARKE & WHITE,
Proprietors Congress Springs.

Messrs. Gage, Bro. & Drake, Tremont House; Gale Bros. J. H. Reed & Co.; Penton, Robinson & Smith; F. A. Bryan, Esq.; W. F. Tucker & Co., of Chicago, Illinois, are supplied with the genuine Congress Water direct from our house; and we would recommend them favorably to persons in Chicago, or vicinity, who desire to purchase GENUINE Congress Water. CLARKE & WHITE.

my1c271-4m

"BOKER'S BITTERS."

For more than thirty years, have stood unequaled and unrivaled—NOTWITHSTANDING NUMEROUS IMITATIONS AND COUNTERFEITS—for their tonic and truly valuable medicinal properties in all cases of complaints connected with the Stomach or the Nervous System, as well as for their general usefulness as a most agreeable stimulant in their various pleasant appliances. In accordance with the testimonials of medical Faculties in Europe, they have also here been pronounced and acknowledged, by all who tried them, to be "THE BEST BITTERS EVER INTRODUCED," and it is confident felt that they will maintain their reputation on their own unsurpassed merits.

☞ For sale by most of the prominent Grocers and Druggists, and, with a liberal discount to the trade, by the Agent,

L. FUNKE, JR.,
my11-c211-3m No. 9? Front street, New York.

Medicines, &c.

THE GREATEST WONDER OF THE NINETEENTH CENTURY.

Prof. Wood's Hair Restorative.

Says the St. Louis, Mo., Democrat: Below we publish a letter to Dr. Wood, of this city, from a gentleman in Maine, which speaks glowingly of the superior merits of his hair tonic. Such evidence must have its effect, when coming from a reliable source. If certificates are guarantees of truth, the Dr. needs no encomiums, nor useless puffery from the press:

BATH, MAINE, Jan. 20, 1858.

Professor O. J. Wood & Co.—Gentlemen: Having my attention called a few months since to the highly beneficial effects of your hair restorative, I was induced to make application of it upon my own hair, which had become quite grey, probably one-third white; my whiskers were of same character. Some three months since I procured a bottle of your hair restorative, and used it. I soon found it was proving what I had wished. I used it about twice a week. I have since procured another bottle, of which I have used some. I can now certify to the world that the grey or white hair has totally disappeared, both on my head and face, and my hair has resumed its natural color, and I believe more soft and glossy than it has been before for twenty-five years. I am now sixty years old; my good wife at the age of fifty-two years, has used it with the same effect.

The above notice I [illegible] due to you for your valuable discovery. I am assured that whoever will rightly use, as per directions, will not have occasion to contradict my statement. I am a citizen of this city and a resident here for [illegible] fifteen years, and am known to nearly every one here and adjoining towns. Any use you may make of the above, with my name attached, is at your service, as I wish to preserve the beauties of nature in others as well as myself. I am truly yours A. C. RAYMOND.

BALTIMORE, Jan. 23, 1858.

WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE.

Professor Wood—Dear Sir: Having had the misfortune to lose the best portion of my hair, from the effects of the yellow fever, in New Orleans in 1854, I was induced to make a trial of your preparation and found it to answer as the very thing needed. My hair is now thick and glossy, and no words can express my obligations to you in giving to the afflicted such a treasure. FINLEY JOHNSON.

The undersigned, Rev. J. K. Bragg, is a minister in regular standing, and pastor of the Orthodox Church at Brookfield, Mass. He is a gentleman of great influence and universally beloved. WM. DYER.

BROOKFIELD, Jan. 12, 1858.

Professor Wood—Dear Sir: Having made a trial of your Hair Restorative, it gives me pleasure to say that its effect has been excellent in removing inflammation, dandruff and a constant tendency to itching with which I have been troubled from my childhood; and has also restored my hair which was becoming gray, to its original color. I have used no other article with anything like the same pleasure or profit. Yours truly, J. K. BRAGG.

O. J. WOOD & CO., Proprietors, 312 Broadway, New York, (in the great N. Y. Wire Railing Establishment,) and 114 Market street, St. Louis, Mo. And sold by all good Druggists and Fancy Goods Dealers.

H. KNAPP, M. D.
FORMERLY OF NEW YORK.

Can be consulted, either personally or by letter, in regard to all diseases, which he treats with unprecedented success, on a new system. He cures Chronic Cases of Disease, which have been pronounced incurable by the medical faculty generally, such as Nervous and Neuralgic Affections, Diseases of Women, All Forms of Scrofula, Dyspepsia, Constipation, Skin Diseases, Cancerous and Tubercular Affections, including Pulmonary Consumption, Rheumatism, Paralysis, Epilepsy, Asthma, Salt Rheum, Remittent and Intermittent Fevers, the Diseases of Children, &c.

He has had an extensive practice and wonderful success in the treatment of

CANCERS,

which he cures without the knife.

Remember, the Doctor does not promise to cure all stages of Disease. While ALL DISEASES ARE CURABLE, if taken in season, all STAGES are not. Your case may be curable this week, not next—to-day, not to-morrow; hence, the danger of delay.

☞ Consultation free. Office hours from 9 a. m. to 5 p. m.

OFFICE 173 SO. CLARK STREET,
[illegible] Chicago, Ill.

Business Cards.

P. HOFFMANN,
Mechanical Draughtsman and Constructor,
101 Washington street, between Clark and Dearborn.

All kinds of Machinery constructed and repaired; working drawings and calculations for every kind of machinery, iron and wooden bridges, Locomotives, Sugar-mills, fire proof Warehouses, Buildings, etc. etc. Drawings and models for Patent Office, Patterns of machinery, etc., carefully executed and warranted. jy6-lmx

PAYSON & REYNOLDS,
ATTORNEYS & COUNSELLORS AT LAW.
80 – Dearborn Street. – 80

GEO. PAYSON..........................WM. C. REYNOLDS.

CHICAGO, ILLINOIS.

REFERENCES:—Reynolds, Ely & Co., I. H. Burch & Co., Chicago; Wm. S. Reynolds & Co., Boston; John M. Atwood, Esq., Philadelphia; Messrs. Springer & Whiteman, S. S. L'Hommedieu, Esq., Cincinnati; Jona Andrews, Esq., Pres. Board of Control, D. W. Deshler, President, Columbus, O.; L. S. Ely & Co., George Stephenson, Esq., Edward Pierrepont, Esq., New York; Hon Ira Harris, Hon. Amasa J. Parker, Albany, N. Y.; John G. Deshler, Esq., Buffalo. jel3'60-ly

HENRY A. KAUFFMAN,
DETECTIVE POLICE AGENCY,
And County Constable.
Office, No. 43 South Clark street, (up-stairs.)
CHICAGO, ILL.

☞ Collections promptly attended to. my19'60-ly

S. K. DOW,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Office No 1, Methodist Block,
Corner Clark and Washington streets, Chicago, Illinois
my7'60-1y

MELVILLE W. FULLER,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
AND SOLICITOR IN CHANCERY.
No. 1 Methodist Block.
Southeast corner Clark and Washington-sts. my4c249-3m

STARK & ISHAM,
ATTORNEYS & COUNSELLORS AT LAW,
Room 4—80 Dearborn Street,
Chicago, Illinois.

JAS. L. STARK, JR.......ap30c137-3m........EDW. S. ISHAM.

STILES & DEAN,
COUNSELORS AT LAW AND SOLICITORS IN CHANCERY,
Room No. 11, Dickey's Building, corner Lake and Dearborn street, Chicago, Ill.

S. & D. will attend to all business pertaining to their profession, in the several Courts of the City and County.

THEY REFER to Doggett, Bassett & Hills, M. D. Gilman & Co., Joseph B. Doggett, Esq., Savage, Keith & Co., Jas. Larmon, Esq., Hodges & Co., J. M. Marshall, Esq., Chicago, Ill.; Hon. A. Underwood, Wells River, Vt.; Vose Brothers, New Orleans, La.; Nathaniel Harris, Esq., Pres. Atlantic Bank, Boston, Mass.; Henry D. Bassett, Esq., Boston, Mass.; Fishers & Chaplin, do.; Potter, Nute, White & Bayley, do.; Wm. Reed Dean, Esq., do.

R. B. STILES. [ap16'60-1y] WM. ROSCOE DEANE.

CRAWFORD, SHARP & CO.,
IMPORTERS AND DEALERS in Crockery, Glass and China Table Cutlery, Looking Glasses, Castors and Britannia Ware, No. 105 Lake street, Chicago, Ill. mh27.58-1y

KNOX, EUSTACE & REED,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
NO. 130 CLARK STREET,
Between Washington and Madison, Chicago, Ill.

JOSEPH KNOX. JOHN V. EUSTACE. CHAS. H. REED.
[dec8 '59-1y]

SPIES & BURT,
COUNSELLORS AT LAW,
No. 75 Chestnut, North Side,
Between Third and Fourth streets, St. Louis, Mo.

Mr. B. is Notary Public and Commissioner of Deeds for every State in the Union.

References in Chicago—Scripps & Bross.

FREDERICK SPIES. [jel-1y-¶185] CALVIN C. BURT

Money and Exchange

MONEY TO LOAN ON REAL Estate in Chicago or well improved Farms in Cook and adjoining Counties in sums of not less than one thousand dollars for five years at ten per cent per annum

HOFFMANN & GELPCKE,
je20-c611-1m Bankers, Chicago, Ill.

MONEY TO LOAN in sums of from $500 to $1,500 on Real Estate in this city, or on Farms in Illinois, within one hundred miles of Chicago. Apply to GEO. W. NEWCOMB,
je[illegible]-1m No. 80 Dearborn street—Room 8.

MONEY TO LOAN ON
CHICAGO CITY PROPERTY,
OR ON
GOOD IMPROVED FARMS in this State.
CHAMBERS, LEE, & Co.,
my26-c442-2m 121 Lake street, Chicago; Room No. 8

MONEY LOANED
—ON—
FIRST-CLASS SECURITIES,
—AT THE—
Banking Office of Wm. H. Rice & Co.,
NO. 63 CLARK STREET.

Three to five year Loans at 10 per cent. Short Paper Discounted. Cash advances on Warehouse Receipts

☞ City Scrip wanted. my29c456-3m

EXCHANGE ON ENGLAND,
IRELAND, SCOTLAND,
And all other Countries in Europe.

The undersigned, having completed their arrangements for making exchange on the principal cities in Great Britain, Ireland and the Continent, are now prepared to issue drafts for any amounts from £1 and upwards.

Bills on Europe cashed at the highest rates.

Advances made on grain warehouse receipts, and shipments of produce to Eastern markets. Business paper discounted. CLEGHORN, LECKIE & CO.,
British Consulate,
ap18c111 6m Custom House Building, 18 S. Lasalle st

FOR MONEY TO LOAN
ON REAL ESTATE SECURITIES APPLY TO
ERNST PRUSSING,
DEALER IN FOREIGN EXCHANGE,
MONEY AND REAL ESTATE BROKER,
Agent for the British Commercial Life Ins. Co., and Notary Public,
NO. 6..........LARMON BLOCK..........NO. 6
no14-1y N. E. cor. of Clark & Washington sts.

AIKEN & NORTON,
BANKERS AND DEALERS IN EXCHANGE,
Corner Clark and Lake street, Chicago, Ill.
jal-1y

TELEGRAPHIC EXCHANGE
On New York.

Drafts, Acceptances, and Notes paid in New York on the day of maturity, or last day of grace, and money deposited for account in the city of New York, and sent to cities in the vicinity of New York, on telegraphic orders.

ap18 1y c955 EMERY COBB, Telegraph Office.

Co-Partnership Notices.

NOTICE of COPARTNERSHIP. —The undersigned have this day formed a copartnership under the name of "Turpin, Lake & Co." for transacting a general commission business. Office No. 182½ South Water street, Chicago.

W. L. TURPIN.
WELLS LAKE.
D. J. LAKE.

Chicago, July 5, 1860. jy6c695-3t

THE COPARTNERSHIP HERETOFORE existing between William Woods and Charles H. Barnes, under the style of "Woods & Barnes" is this day dissolved by mutual consent. C. H. Barnes will settle the accounts and business of the late firm.

Notice!

Each partner will continue the Produce and Commission business on his own account, at the old stand, No. 141 Kinzie street. WILLIAM WOODS.
CHAS. H. BARNES.

Chicago, July 5, 1860. jy6-1wx

THE CO PARTNERSHIP heretofore existing under the firm name of HEYWORTH, BRIERLY & CO. is this day dissolved by mutual consent. J. O. Heyworth will sign the firm name in settlement.

J. O. HEYWORTH,
J. F. BRIERLY.

Chicago, June 26, 1860.—je28,1mx.

Eye and Ear.

LOUIS MAUSS,
Practical Optician,
79.........SOUTH CLARK STREET.........79

Opposite the Court House. Best French Crystal and Brazilian Pebble Spectacles, Eye Glasses, Opera Glasses, MICROSCOPES, TELESCOPES,

Mathematical instruments, etc., etc., constantly on hand. All kinds of instruments and spectacles repaired, and glass inserted into old frame. 1a

EYE AND EAR.—Dr. Underwood, the Occulist and Aurist, No. 124 Randolph street, three doors east of Clark, Chicago Ill. Dr. U. is a regular Physician of the Old School, and has devoted his entire professional lifetime to Opthalmic and Aural Surgery, giving sight to the blind and hearing to the deaf, and now stands unequalled by any Specialist for his science, skill and success. Dr U.'s operations upon the Eye and Ear, many of which were of difficult and dangerous character, and all of which have been performed with complete success has attracted patients from all parts of the Union and given him a reputation as an eminent and skillful operator never before attained by any Specialist on the Continent. A treatise on the Eye and Ear which will contain over four hundred pages is being prepared and will shortly appear. Prescriptions sent to patients at a distance, where surgical operations are not required. mh7-1ydaw

For Pike's Peak.

PIKE'S PEAK OUTFITS.

Guns, Rifles, Pistols; Colt's, Allen's, Sharpe's, and every variety of Revolver; Bowie Knives, Tents, Picks, Shovels, Pans, Gold scales, Blankets, and all kinds of miner's tools; Powder, Shot, Caps, and ammunition generally.

Agent for St. Louis Shot.
Sole Agent for Hazard's Powder.
ap1,y GEO. T. ABBEY, 138 Lake street.

FOR THE GOLD MINES.

CHAS. A. EATON, Agent,
[SUCCESSOR TO D. EATON & CO.,]

SHARP'S AND COLT'S RIFLES, COLT'S PISTOLS, BOWIE KNIVES; also, a large assortment of Target and other Rifles, Shot Guns, and other apparatus for a general outfit for the Mines, at 56 Lake st.

Dentists' Cards.

FULLER & ALBAUGH,—
DENTISTS,
[illegible]....WEST RANDOLPH-ST., CHICAGO.......[illegible]
Post Office Box 3[illegible].

A. C. FULLER.............[oc8-a807-1y]............WM. ALBAUGH.

DENTAL DEPOT IN CHICAGO.
—
WESTERN BRANCH HOUSE OF
JONES & WHITE,
(S. R. BINGHAM, MANAGER,)
103 . . Randolph Street . . 103

Constantly furnishing every variety of Dental merchandise, including their unrivalled

PORCELAIN TEETH,

(awarded thirty "first premiums" in the United States and Europe,) Gold and Tin Foils, Gold, Silver and Platinum Plate and wire, Operating Instruments, Office Furniture, Lathes, Corundum Wheels, Rolling Mills, &c. Terms strictly cash.

W. W. KIMBALL,
DEALER IN
PIANO FORTES & MELODEONS.
90 . . Clark Street . . 90
HALLETT, DAVIS & CO.'S
Premium Piano Fortes, which have been awarded thirty-two First Premiums in Gold and Silver Medals.
GEO. A. PRINCE'S MELODEONS,
PIANOS TO RENT.
Apply at Music store, 90 South Clark street. 372

100,000 HAM SACKS,
ASSORTED SIZES.
For sale at
Corn Exchange Bag Factory,
HART, ASTEN & CO.,
[illegible] 187 South Water street.

Press & Tribune.

MONDAY, JULY 9, 1860.

ARRIVAL AND DEPARTURE OF TRAINS.

Trains Depart.	Trains Arrive.
MICHIGAN SOUTHERN.	
7.30 A. M.	8.00 A. M.
8.00 P. M.	8.00 P. M.
MICHIGAN CENTRAL.	
7.30 A. M.	8.00 A. M.
8.00 P. M.	8.00 P. M.
PITTSBURGH, FORT WAYNE & CHICAGO.	
6.40 A. M.	8.00 A. M.
7.35 P. M.	8.30 P. M.
GALENA & CHICAGO UNION.	
9.45 A. M.	6.00 A. M.
9.30 P. M.	5.00 P. M.
DIXON AIR LINE.	
9.45 A. M.	5.30 A. M.
9.40 P. M.	5.00 P. M.
CHICAGO, BURLINGTON AND QUINCY.	
9.15 A. M.	5.55 A. M.
9.15 P. M.	6.00 P. M.
4.15 P. M. Mendota Accommodation.	
ILLINOIS CENTRAL.	
6.35 A. M.	9.00 A. M.
6.35 P. M.	9.00 P. M.
CHICAGO AND ROCK ISLAND.	
9.15 A. M.	5.50 A. M.
9.15 P. M.	6.00 P. M.
5.30 P. M. Joliet Accommodation.	
ALTON AND ST. LOUIS.	
9.00 A. M.	6.10 A. M.
9.00 P. M.	7.20 P. M.
4.45 P. M. Wilmington Accommodation.	
CHICAGO AND NORTHWESTERN.	
9.45 A. M.	5.15 A. M.
9.30 P. M.	6.45 P. M.
3.00 P. M. Janesville Acc.	12.55 M.
MILWAUKEE.	
9.45 A. M.	1.55 P. M.
9.00 P. M.	6.45 P. M.
5.25 P. M. Waukegan Accommodation.	

☞ *Officers of the above roads will please advise us when changes in this table are necessary.*

From the Chatfield Republican.

THE LITTLE GIANT AND HIS SHORT LEGS.

A Ballad,

[NOT BY TOM MOORE.]

I.

There was a giant small,
Farther through than he was tall,
And he said unto his covies, let us try, try, try,
If we cannot succeed,
(Though we are of doubtful breed,)
In getting to the White House 'fore I die, die, die,
In getting to to the White House 'fore I die.

II.

No sooner said than done,
All his covies one by one
Assembled to determine what to do, do, do;
Some for love, and some for hire,
In secret did conspire
To try to put their little fellow through, through, through,
To try to put their little fellow through.

III.

At Charleston, the accursed!
All these covies gathered first,
And for fourteen days they labored with a will, will, will,
There they fought with might and main,
But alas! 'twas all in vain,
The path their Giant led them was up hill, hill, hill,
The path their Giant led them was up hill.

IV.

But they didn't dare to shirk,
So they plied them to their work,
But while they worked was heard a ghostly sound, sound, sound.
"You are on fools-errand bent,
He cannot be President,
His coat-tails are too near, sirs, the ground, ground, ground,
His coat-tails are too near, sirs, the ground."

V.

Then in wonder and surprise,
Stopped they all and turned their eyes,
From whence the voice proceeded, to find out, out, out,
Whose the wierd, prophetic tongue,
That thus all their withers wrung,
By clouding their desires with a doubt, doubt, doubt,
By clouding their desires with a doubt.

VI.

Then, behold! a shape of air,
'Twas Old Benton with a square!
And his look had less of anger than of fun, fun, fun,
"See his legs," said he, "look here,
They're but just one foot in clear,
Don't you know that such an object cannot run, run, run,
Don't you know that such an object cannot run?"

VII.

Then the leaders of the host
Cursed the swift receding ghost,
For the damage to their Giant he had done, done, done.
But still the ghost replied,
As to spectre land he hied;
"Don't you know that short legged monsters cannot run, run, run,
Don't you know that short-legged monsters cannot run?"

AGRICULTURAL.

[Prepared expressly for the Press and Tribune.]

DESTROY THE WEEDS.

It is well known to all our readers, that for several years past the Democratic party has tenderly cultivated a certain notorious plant named Slavery, and that in a recent attempt to grow another crop with it, the young shoots were utterly smothered, and the field had to be abandoned. A most notable warning, this, to farmers. Weeds may be allowed to start among corn or potatoes, and at first do no apparent harm; but unless soon exterminated, they will surely destroy your prospects of a crop. At this season of the year, corn should generally be hoed for the last time; but if there be now a fresh crop of weeds and grass, go at them immediately, and leave not a remnant. A good day's work in a corn field at this time should be worth five or ten dollars. An acre well tended, is worth two given up to weeds, and the cost of raising is but little more than half. A farmer's corn field is a pretty good index of his character.

WEATHER SIGNS.

Every farmer knows that there are men of his profession who possess the gift of foretelling the weather three or four days ahead. There are no certain and infallible signs; none, at least, which can be written down as positive guides for others; nevertheless, certain indications may almost invariably be relied on. For instance, the colors of the sky at particular times afford wonderful good guidance. Not only does a ruddy sunset presage fair weather, and a ruddy sunrise bad weather, but there are other tints which speak with equal clearness and accuracy. A bright yellow sky in the evening indicates wind; a pale yellow, wet; and a natural gray color constitutes a favorable sign in the evening, and unfavorable in the morning. The clouds again are full of meaning in themselves. If their forms are soft, undefined, and feathery, the weather will be fine; if the edges are hard, sharp, definite, it will be foul. Generally speaking, any deep, unusual hues betoken wind and rain; while the more quiet and delicate tints bespeak fair weather. These are simple maxims; and yet not so simple but that the Board of Trade of New York has thought fit to publish them for the use of seafaring men.

CONCRETE HOUSES.

An Iowa correspondent, alluding to our article on concrete houses, asks for an explanation to "the late improvements in the mode of construction," of which we spoke. Our description was the explanation. We gave simply an account of the "late improvements." The inventor of the process is a New Yorker, and refers those who desire further information to Messrs. Fowler & Wells.

RUST IN WHEAT.

Wet, lowery, warm weather, at the period in the growth of wheat when the berry is in a milky state, has usually been set down as the cause of rust in wheat. But an old farmer in Winnebago county offers a different reason, which, though not new, may be interesting to close observers. "Rust," he says, "strikes the growing wheat during the extremely hot weather in the latter part of June or the fore part of July—according to the latitude and the forwardness of the season.

Now, let it rain one hour, either fast or slow, then let the sun shine out as hot as it generally does at that season of the year, and so it may continually do for a half dozen times a day, alternately, and at night what is the reseult? Why, the rain has all run off the stalk down into the roots, to send forth nourishment to the stalk. No rain adheres to the stalk; but let the night be warm and close, there will be a heavy dew, and this dew is called a honey dew; it sticks to the stalk, or leaf, wherever it falls, and a hot sun the following morning dries it on the stalk, or leaf, which proves a deadly poison to wheat or oats. Now, let it rain the following morning, after the dew, and there will be no rust to hurt the wheat. I would say to all farmers who may chance to read this article, to examine for themselves. I have never known this kind of dew to fall except in the extreme hot weather in the month of July, and I have known wheat entirely destroyed by rust, when there had been no rain to cause the rust on the grain when it has been very showery."

MORE ROOT CROPS.

It is well understood by scientific farmers that there are certain descriptions of crops which enrich, and certain other descriptions which exhaust the soil. Among the former are reckoned the leguminous plants, such as beans, peas and clover, and probably turnips and other cruciferous plants, when not raised for seed. Among the exhaustive plants are wheat, barley, oats, rye, maize, sugar cane and the grasses proper, such as timothy, red-top, rye-grass, &c. All these latter have starchy seeds and glassy stems, and take from the soil, from rains, dews, and the atmosphere, more ammonia than they contain when grown. On the other hand, the leguminous plants, turnips, etc., retain the ammonia, and when the plants are plowed in or consumed on the land by the animals, they increase the supply of ammonia in the soil. Thus it will be seen that all crops grown for feeding animals on a wheat, corn, or oats farm, or for plowing under as a manure, should belong to the turnip class as much as possible. Now, any one who has traveled through the Western, and even Eastern States of the Union, must notice the predominance of crops of the exhaustive character, while those that of themselves tend to enrich the soil are almost wholly neglected. This is especially true, however, of the Western States; and the consequence is, that notwithstanding the natural richness of the country, and the fact that the land, being new, contains a large amount of ammonia, the average quantity raised to the acre is gradually diminishing, and the uncertainty of the crops as gradually increasing. Could England, or Germany, or Holland, increase in fertility from year to year, were it not for their root crops? This process of tearing the very life out of our land and exporting it to Europe must be abandoned. There is no use in contending against an absolute certainty. The larger portion of our crops must be consumed on the farms which produced them. In a future article we shall try to demonstrate that a protective tariff, by creating a home market, will do very much towards establishing a better system of culture in this country.

FARM RESERVOIRS.

In the Northwest there are hundreds of otherwise splendid farms which are at a sad discount for the want of water. Can this drawback be remedied? A Wisconsin farmer, who had such a farm, constructed a reservoir, or ravine cistern as he called it, and recommends the following plan: First determine the place; then the size you want, say 10x15 feet, and 10 feet deep. Unless the bottom be rock or gravel, dig it out in the shape of the bottom of a bath-tub, begin the wall in the centre of the bottom, and build an inverted arch for the sides to rest on. Then build the hight you want your walls and arch over, if you have plenty of the right kind of stone, if not, plank it, cover over and let it settle and dry out before you plaster it. Build a dam across the water run with the earth you dug out, so as to let the water settle some before you let it in the cistern; what little mud runs in will not injure the plaster any, and you can clean it out every time you get a chance.

Another plan is, to construct a dam across the ravine out of the earth taken from the bottom of the proposed reservoir. And let us here remark, that a span of good horses, with a plow and scraper, will do as much work as half a dozen teams at hauling. Make the dam very thick at the bottom—twenty feet is not too much—and at the top let it be loaf-shaped, or rounding. On this dam, and in the bottom of the reservoir, salt your cattle, horses, and sheep, for several weeks, by sprinkling the salt on the ground. Let them tramp and pack every square foot of the surface. Then sod the outer slope of the dam and wait till the rain comes. If the work be well done, it will not wash in the heaviest rains.

These reservoirs should be constructed in the dryest seasons—August or September—and the stock should have access to only a portion of it, fenced off by itself, and deepened. Ten feet is not too deep for a reservoir. Plant willow around the edges, and, if possible, cover the bottom with gravel. Fish will thrive in it, and keep the water pure. We have seen several such artificial lakes in Ohio and Kentucky. Cassius M. Clay has one or two on his farm. They cost very little, and are of incalculable benefit.

BEE MOTH.

This is the season when moths are most apt to deposit their eggs in bee hives. Do not depend on moth traps and patent humbugs; but procure a hive with movable combs, and whenever you suspect, by the conduct of your bees, that something is wrong inside, make an examination. We shall in a future number give the result of some future experiments.

A CHEAP SMOKE-HOUSE.

A New York farmer thus describes a cheap country smoke house: "Fifty hams can be smoked at one time, in a smoke-house seven by eight feet square. Mine is six by seven feet, and is large enough for most farmers. I first dug all the ground out below where the frost would reach, and filled it up to the surface with small stones. On this I laid my brick floor, in lime mortar. The walls are brick, eight inches thick, and seven feet high, with a door on one side two feet wide. The door should be made of wood and lined with sheet iron. For the top I put on joists, two by four, set up edgewise, and eight and a half inches from centre to centre, covered with brick, and put on a heavy coat of mortar. I built a small chimney on the top in the centre, arching it over and covering it with a single roof in the usual way. An arch should be built on the outside, with a small iron door to shut it up, similar to a stove door, with a hole from the arch through the wall of the smoke-house, with an iron grate over it. This arch is much more convenient and better to put the fire in, than to build a fire inside the smoke-house, and the chimney causes a draft through into the smoke-house. Good corn cobs or hickory wood are the best materials to make smoke for hams. The cost of such a smoke-house as I haave described is about $20."

STOCK.

A GOOD DAIRY COW.

The celebrated Mr. Harley gives the following as the marks of a good cow: "Head small, long and narrow towards the muzzle; horns small, bent and placed at considerable distance from each other; eyes not large, but brisk and lively; neck slender and long, tapering towards the head, with a little loose skin below; shoulders and fore quarters light and thin; hind quarters large and broad; back straight, and joints slack and open; carcass deep in rib, tail small and long, reaching to the heels; legs small and short, with firm joints; udder square, but a little oblong, stretching forward, thin skinned, and capacious, but not low hung; teats or paps small, pointing outwards, and at a considerable distance from each other; milk veins capacious and prominent; skin loose, thin, and soft like a glove; hair short, soft and woolly; general figure, when in flesh, handsome and well proportioned.

CHARCOAL FOR PIGS.

We have experimented with charcoal dust for pigs, both when growing and fattening, and considered uniformly that the results were most favorable. Many others recount the same experience. Exactly what the philosophy of the matter is we will not pretend to say; but this much is practically certain—it is a very efficient aid in maintaining swine in a condition of healthy growth and ready fattening. Charcoal does not serve as food, that is certain. It operates favorably as a purifier of foul gaseous exhalations, as an absorbent of liquors which it purifies, causing decompositions, resulting in the production of pure gases and liquids from those before highly offensive.

These effects, which we may readily notice, go on in the system as well as without, and the result is that as a general corrective and regulative of the system, keeping it in a sound, healthy tone, promoting appetite, etc., its value lies. It has no properly medical effect, as have ashes, or at least it possesses medical properties to a very small extent. This we think is reason enough for all the good effects observed. Keep a box or heap of charcoal dust in one corner of the hog-pen, and occasionally throw some corn or small grain into it. If near coal pits, use the old bottoms. It should not, as is often recommended, be mingled with the manure.

THE GARDEN.

THINNING OUT.

It seems a pity to put a hoe into those luxuriant rows of beets, carrots, parsnips, and onions, that already give promise of an abundant harvest. But full two-thirds of them must still be sacrificed before you can get a full crop. They are cramped for room. The carrot sends out its roots on all sides of the main tap, and if it have chance will completely occupy the soil on all sides of it with its fine rootlets. One root will appropriate the aliment in a square foot of soil much better than half a dozen, and will make a greater weight of nutritious food at the harvest. This is what wise cultivators are seeking for—the most food upon the least surface. Thin out then to six or eight inches apart, and if you want very large specimens for fairs, make the spaces a foot wide. The roots that are pulled up are excellent fodder for cows and pigs, and if you throw a few into the poultry yard, they will be appreciated.

TREE BORERS.

A correspondent writes from Ohio, that he saved half a dozen choice peach trees in his garden by scattering around the roots the refuse tobacco leaves and stumps swept out of a cigar manufactory.

Another recommends boring an upward slanting auger hole in the stem, four inches deep and two feet from the ground. Into this put a roll of brimstone, and close up the hole with cork. The brimstone is supposed to impregnate the sap of the tree.

Another plan has been invented by Mr. William W. Taylor, of South Dartmouth, Massachusetts. It has been used in New England, and found highly efficacious and satisfactory: being so constructed as to be an impassable bar to everything that seeks to go up or down the body of the tree. It consists of a circular kind of dish, that shuts on to the body of the tree, and is kept filled with some liquid, usually a preparation of bitter or salt water, entirely offensive and destructive to insect life. The top part of the dish constitutes a projecting roof, to prevent flying up from the lower ledge, also to exclude rain water.

There is a soft packing used to fill a considerable space between the collar of the dish and the body of the tree, so as not to interrupt growth or free circulation. All in all, they seem exceedingly well contrived for the purpose; and we notice that they are highly endorsed by such fruit men as Wilder, Downing, and Thomas.

DOMESTIC.

TO BOIL POTATOES.

In Ireland, potatoes are boiled to perfection. The humblest peasant places his potatoes on his table better cooked than could half the cooks in America, trying their best. Potatoes should always be boiled in their "jackets." Peeling a potato before boiling is offering a premium for water to run through it, and making them waxy and unpalatable. They should be thoroughly washed, and put into cold water. In Ireland they always nick a piece of the skin off before they place them in the pot; the water is gradually heated but never allowed to boil; cold water should be added as soon as the water commences boiling; and it should thus be checked until the potatoes are done; the skins will not then be broken or cracked until the potato is thoroughly done; pour the water off completely, and then let the skins be thoroughly dry before peeling.

SALTING MEAT.

A French professor denounces the use of saltpetre in brine intended for the preservation of flesh for food. That part of the saltpetre which is absorbed by the meat, he says, is nitric acid—a deadly poison. He ascribes to this chemical change all the diseases which are common to mariners and others, who subsist principally upon salted meats—such as scurvy, sore gums, decayed teeth, ulcers, etc., and advises a total abandonment of saltpetre in pickle for beef, etc.

A Chance for the Girls.

Jane Swisshelm advertises editorially in her last issue as follows:

WANTED:—In St. Cloud, a large supply of raw material for the manufacture of brides. None in the market, and a pressing demand. Those having surplus to dispose of, would do well to put up small packages, carefully, in straw bonnets, berage veils, crinoline and silk flounces; and consign them to the care of any of our commission merchants, Miller & Swisshelm, or H. Z. Mitchell, at Lower Landing, Burbank's express office, Larlett & Cims, druggists; Able, stationer; Proctor & Clarke, or any of our business men will gladly receive consignments. Evans, postmaster, requires one super extra package for his own use. McKelvy, county attorney is in like condition. Our place is perfectly infested with widowers and old and young bachelors, kept so from the necessities of the case. Widows and maiden ladies, none on hand, and none likely to be.

NORTH IOWA POLITICS.—The North of Iowa will roll up a tremendous majority for Lincoln in November. The Republicans of Alamakee county held a grand ratification meeting at Wawkton last week. About 3,000 people were present. Processions of wagons of great length, with music and banners of many ingenious varieties, told of the enthusiasm of the people for Lincoln and Hamlin. They were addressed by Chaplins, of Dubuque, Odell and Noble, of McGregor, Johnson, of Madison, Wis., and others.

LARGE IMMIGRATION TO KANSAS.—The agent of a large colony of Swedes has recently concluded a satisfactory arrangement in Johnson county, Kansas Territory, near Olathe, by which there will be 4,000 Swedes settled there in the course of a few months.

☞ There are two languages that are universal—the one of love and the other of money. The girls understand one and the men the other, all the world over.

HUMOROUS.

In endeavoring to take the census for the government, the marshals occasionally meet with such difficulties as well nigh to deprive them of their own senses. The following took place in Canal street, New Orleans:

"Who is the head of this family?"

"That depends on circumstances. If before 11 o'clock, it's me husband—if after 11 it's meself."

"How so?"

"Because afther 11 he's dhrunk as a piper, and unable to take care of himself, let alone the family."

"What is his age?"

"Coming nixt Michaelmas he will lack a day of being as old as Finnegan. You know Finnegan?"

"No, I don't know Finnegan; and if I did it would not help the matter. Is your husband an alien?"

"Och, thin, he's ailin entirely. He has rheumatics worse than owld Donnelly, who was tied double wid'em."

"How many male members have you in the family?"

"Nivir a one."

"What, no boys at all?"

"Boys, is it? Ah! murther, go home. We have boys enough to whip four loaves of bread for breakfast."

"When were you married?"

"The day Pat Doyl left Tippirary for Americo. Ah, well I mind it. A sunshiner day niver gilded the sky of owld Ireland."

"What was the condition of your husband before marriage?"

"Divil a man more miserable. He said if I did not give him a promise within two weeks he'd blow his brains out with a crowbar."

"What was he at the time of your marriage, a widower or bachelor?"

"A which? A widower, did you say? Ah, now go away wid yer nonsense. Is't the likes of me that would take up a second-hand husband? A poor divil all legs and consumption, like a sick turkey. A widower? May I niver be blissed if I'd rather not live an owld maid, and bring up a family on butter-milk and praties."

Here the dialogue ended, the marshal coming to the conclusion that he could "make more" next door. Whether he did we will know at some future time.

Banking and Exchange.

EDW. I. TINKHAM & CO.,
Having returned to their old stand,
CORNER OF LAKE AND CLARK STREETS,
Will continue their business as
Bankers and Exchange Dealers.
Exchange on all parts of Europe.

EDWARD I. TINKHAM. [je25, '58] JOHN S. [illegible]

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LACON, ILLINOIS.
C. D. CHASE, Cashier.........W. F. PALMER, Pres

Collections made in Marshall and adjoining counties and proceeds remitted promptly on day of payment.

A. C. OERTEL,
BANKER AND BROKER
75 Dearborn Street, Chicago, Ill.

Sight and Time Drafts on New York and other principal cities bought and sold. Collections made on favorable terms. Sight Drafts on England, Scotland, Ireland and Wales, Sweden, Norway, France, Holland and Germany in sums of $5 and upwards. ja11-b403-1y

HOFFMANN & GELPCKE,
BANKERS,
CHICAGO........................ILLINOIS.
44 & 46 LASALLE STREET,

Banking Department

Deposits received on Current Account from parties in city or country, and the usual accommodations granted to regular depositors and correspondents.

Interest on balances can only be allowed in cases where special agreements have been made to that effect.

We receive deposits, payable at a specified date, on which interest will be allowed.

SAVINGS DEPARTMENT.

Deposits, in sums not less than five dollars, received and Certificates of Deposit issued. Interest at the rate of [illegible] will be allowed on deposits of this description after the funds have remained in our hands a specified time. All certificates made payable on demand, and in like funds as deposited.

COLLECTION DEPARTMENT.

Collections in Chicago made and proceeds remitted on day of payment, less current premium on Exchange only. Collections solicited on all parts of the West, and proceeds remitted on favorable terms.

DOMESTIC EXCHANGE DEPARTMENT.

We draw Sight or Time Bills on the principal cities of the Union, available in any part of the United States or Canada, and have made arrangements by which we are enabled to order by Telegraph the payment of Notes, Acceptances, Accounts, &c., in New York.

STOCK DEPARTMENT.

We buy and sell on Commission either at Chicago, or through our Agents, at New York, State, City, County, Railway, &c., Bonds and Stocks. Our connections in New York are such as to insure prompt and judicious attention to any order entrusted to our care.

FOREIGN DEPARTMENT.

Our business connections with Europe being DIRECT, VERY EXTENSIVE, and MOST INTIMATE, we feel safe in assuring the public that their banking transactions can be effected through our house with promptness and efficacy, equal to any house in the Union. We issue Drafts and Letters of Credit in sums to suit at New York terms on our correspondents in London, Paris, Frankfort on the Main, Hamburg, Berlin, Bremen, Leipzig, Cologne, Heidelberg, Bale, Berne, Dresden, &c., &c., &c., &c.

Being particularly desirous of promoting direct commercial intercourse between the West and Europe, we cheerfully, and on terms most favorable, extend particular facilities by opening credits, &c., &c., to responsible Western Importers. Collections of Drafts, Orders, Notes, Acceptances, Inheritances, &c., &c., in any part of Europe, made with promptness and dispatch.

☞ Country Banks and Bankers supplied with Foreign Bills at low rates. Private Bonds and Mortgages negotiated abroad.

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FRANCIS A. HOFFMANN......OTTO GELPCKE......ALEX'R BILLER.

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Consul of the Grand Duchy of Saxe-Weimar, the Duchies of Brunswick and Saxe-Gotha, and the free city of Frankfort, and by special act of several States, authorized to act for former citizens of AUSTRIA, BADEN, BAVARIA, HANOVER, HESSIA, NASSAU, PRUSSIA, SAXONY, WIRTEMBERG, OLDENBERG, &c. ja27-cawly

EXCHANGE & DEPOSIT Bank
OF WEARE, CARPENTER & CO.,
CEDAR RAPIDS, IOWA.

JOHN WEARE. S. D. CARPENTER. S. L. [illegible]
Refer to Am. Exchange Bank, N. Y.; Roosa & Co., Bankers, Cincinnati; F. G. Adams, Chicago; Read, Drexel & Co., Bankers, New York. ja20 c11 ly

I. C. BARBOR, Banking and Exchange office 43 Clark street. Exchange, Uncurrent Money, Gold and Silver bought and sold.

References—J. Young Scammon, President Marine Bank; F. G. Adams. fe13

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COLLECTIONS made on all parts of the NEW ENGLAND STATES.
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Particular attention given to the sale of City and County Bonds and all Marketable Securities.
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REFERENCES AT BOSTON—J. Amory Davis, Esq., Prest. Suffolk Bank; Caleb Stetson, Esq., President Shoe and Leather Dealers Bank; G. W. Thayer, Esq., Prest. Exchange Bank; A. D. Hodges, Esq., Prest. Washington Bank. mh10b780 6m

BANK OF FOND DU LAC,
FOND DU LAC,
WISCONSIN.
S. E. LEFFERTS, Cashier...........A. G. BUTLER, Prest.

Collections made free of charge, and remitted promptly at current rates of exchange. no8-1y

MARINE BANK,
CHICAGO MARINE AND INSURANCE C
Capital $500,000.
B. F. CARVER, Cashier and Secretary.
J. YOUNG SCAMMON, President.

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EXCHANGE, COLLECTION AND BANKING OFFICE, MOLINE, ILLINOIS.
DEWITT C. MARSHALL. STEPHEN DRURY.

☞ Collections made and remitted at current rates.

REFERENCES—Park Bank, New York; Bank of Poughkeepsie, Poughkeepsie, New York; Marine Bank, Chicago, Illinois; White Bros, Chicago, Ill; Bockes, Phillips & Co., Chicago, Ill.; B. F. Stout & Co. St. Louis, Mo. c21x1

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OFFER to the Trade, a LARGE, FRESH, and WELL-SELECTED assortment of PARIS FANCY GOODS, to which they will receive constant additions, by steamers, during the season. Among their stock may be found nearly all the New styles and full lines of

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Life size bust of Abraham Lincoln [illegible]
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All kinds of Scales repaired.
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Insurance Against Loss by Fire.
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QUAKER CITY INS. COMP'Y,
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Capital and Surplus......$289,746.70.
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Cash Capital and Surplus—$2,194,100.02
Fire and Inland Navigation Risks
TAKEN AT LIBERAL TERMS AND RATES.
Especial attention given to Insurance of Dwellings and Contents for terms of one to five years.

ASSETS JAN. 1, 1860.

PAID UP CAPITAL.......................$1,500,000 00
CAPITAL AND SURPLUS...................[illegible]

	Par Va	M'k't Val.
Bank Stocks, &c.	[illegible]	[illegible]
U. S. Stock and Treasury Notes	[illegible]	232,650 00
State Stocks, &c.	[illegible]	224,022 [illegible]
City Stocks, &c.	115,000 00	116,000 00
Railroad Stocks, &c.	[illegible]	92,164 00
Mortgage Bonds	32,000 00	32,000 00
Real Estate, unincumbered		73,998 00
Miscellaneous Items		36,739 [illegible]
Cash on hand and deposited on call and in agents hands		394,748 26
		$2,194,100 02

Claims unadjusted and not due......$179,397 68

Applications received, and Policies issued or renewed by any of its duly authorized Agents. Losses equitably adjusted and paid in funds current at any of the Banks in Illinois.

Agents appointed, supplies furnished, and all business pertaining to a general supervision in the State of Illinois promptly attended to by WM. B. PATCH, State Agent, Springfield, Illinois.

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LIFE INSURANCE.
Miller & Willmarth,
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Aggregate Capital and Surplus,
$5,000,000.
Office, No. 150 South Water Street,
[je9y]

PHOENIX INSURANCE CO.,
OF HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT.
January 1st, 1860.

CASH CAPITAL...............................$ [illegible]
SURPLUS.....................................[illegible]

ASSETS.

Cash on hand, and in Bank...................$37,579 [illegible]
Cash in the hands of and due from Agents....[illegible]
Real Estate unencumbered.....................[illegible]
Loaned on Mortgages of Real Estate..........[illegible]
Amount loaned on pledge of Bank Stock.......[illegible]
Amount loaned [illegible]

[illegible]

Total Assets...............................[illegible]
Total Liabilities . . . $40,704 53
H. KELLOGG, Secretary.

HUBBARD & HUNT, Agents,
No. 1 Loomis' Building,
Corner of Clark and Water streets, Chicago.

Applications for Insurance, or the renewal of Policies and all business connected with the office, may be made to us, daily appointed Agents for the City of Chicago, with full power to receive proposals and issue Policies, as favorable terms as other responsible Companies; and it is also will be secure the confidence of the public by an honorable course of dealing.

N. MAGILL, General Agent, 52 and 53 West Third street, Cincinnati, O., to whom all application for Agencies in the Western or South Western States may be addressed. se6-60-ly

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The assets of this Company exceed $700,000.

The Annual Income exceeds $200,000. It is purely Mutual, and its dividends are paid in Cash.

Since its organization, it has issued 7,513 policies.

The large Capital safe investment and economical management, render its security beyond question.

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ap30 c216 3m Office 148½ South Water street.

NEW YORK INSURANCE
AGENCY.
HOWARD INSURANCE COMPANY,
Cash Capital and Surplus..........................$366,341 71
MANHATTAN FIRE INSURANCE CO.,
Cash Capital and Surplus..........................$330,000 00
ARCTIC FIRE INSURANCE CO.,
Cash Capital and Surplus..........................$288,163 [illegible]
INDEMNITY FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY,
Cash Capital and Surplus..........................$174,475 46
LAMAR FIRE INSURANCE CO.,
Cash Capital and Surplus..........................$345,049 [illegible]
MARINE INSURANCE:
PACIFIC MUTUAL INSURANCE CO.,
Total Assets......................................$1,000,[illegible]
LIFE INSURANCE:
MUTUAL BENEFIT LIFE INSURANCE CO.,
NEWARK, N. J.,
Total Assets......................................$4,400,[illegible]
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VERY IMPORTANT INFORM-ATION.—The Illinois Starch Company, at Ottawa, [illegible]

ILLINOIS STARCH COMPANY,
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Letters of inquiry, and all orders will receive prompt attention. ☞ All work warranted to give satisfaction.

Legal Advertisements.

STATE OF ILLINOIS, County of Cook, ss.—Superior Court of Chicago, August Term, A. D. 1860. The Merchants' Savings Loan and Trust Company, vs. William B. Treadwell, John J. Treadwell, John S. Perry and Edward Norton.

Public notice is hereby given to the said William B. Treadwell, John J. Treadwell, John S. Perry and Edward Norton that a writ of attachment issued out of the office of the Clerk of the Superior Court of Chicago, dated the twenty ninth day of May, A. D. 1860, at the suit of the said The Merchants Savings Loan and Trust Company and against the estate of the said William B. Treadwell, John J. Treadwell, John S. Perry and Edward Norton, for the sum of three thousand seven hundred and [illegible]-100 dollars, directed to the Sheriff of Cook County, which said writ has been returned executed.

Now, therefore, unless you, the said William B. Treadwell, John J. Treadwell, John S. Perry and Edward Norton, shall personally be and appear before the said Superior Court of Chicago on or before the first day of the term thereof, to be holden at the Court House in the City of Chicago on the first Monday of August, A. D. 1860, give special bail and plead to the said plaintiff's action, judgment will be entered against you and in favor of the said The Merchants Savings Loan and Trust Company, and so much of the property attached as may be sufficient to satisfy the said judgment and cost, will be sold to satisfy the same. WALTER KIMBALL, Clerk.

FARWELL, SMITH & THOMAS, Plff's Att'ys.
jy[illegible]-4w

STATE OF ILLINOIS, Cook County ss.—Superior Court of Chicago in Chancery.—The Chicago Marine and Fire Insurance Company versus George H. Eckley, Letitia W. Eckley, Charles Laycock, Samuel W. Fuller and Ezra B. McCagg.

Public Notice is hereby given, that in pursuance of a decretal order entered in the above entitled cause on the 25th day of June A. D 1860, I, Ira Scott, will as trustee and special commissioner, on the sixth (6th) day of August, A. D. 1860, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at the north door of the Court House in the city of Chicago, County of Cook and State of Illinois, sell at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, the following described premises (or so much thereof as may be necessary to pay the amount due the said complainant upon the indebtedness mentioned in said decree, and secured by a certain deed of trust bearing date the 28 h day of July, 1859, made and executed by the said defendants George H. Eckley, and Letitia W. Eckley, his wife, and filed for record in the Recorder's office of said county of Cook, August 6th, 1859, and recorded in book 181 of deeds, page 130, conveying the premises mentioned in said decree and hereinafter described to the said defendants, Ezra B. McCagg and Samuel W. Fuller, in trust to secure the indebtedness mentioned in said decree), situated in the city of Chicago, county of Cook and State of Illinois, to wit:

The south fifty (50) feet of the north one hundred and fifty (150) feet of the west one hundred and fifty (150) feet of block seventeen (17) in Bushnell's addition to the city of Chicago, and described more particularly as follows:

Commencing at a point one hundred feet south of the north west corner of block seventeen (17) and running south fifty (50) feet, parallel with Dearborn street, thence east one hundred and fifty (150) feet parallel with Elm street, thence north fifty (50) feet parallel with Dearborn street, thence west one hundred and fifty (150) feet parallel with Elm street to the place of beginning, and all equity of redemption of the said George H. Eckley and Letitia W. Eckley their heirs and assigns, therein.

IRA SCOTT, Trustee and Special Commissioner.
Chicago, June 29, 1860. [illegible]

STATE OF ILLINOIS, Cook County, ss.—Circuit Court of Cook County, September Term, A. D. 1860.—William E. Doggett, Henry D. Bassett and D. Hobart Hills, vs. Columbus S. Marshall, Attachment.

Public Notice is hereby given to the said Columbus S. Marshall that a writ of attachment issued out of the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court of Cook County, dated the fourth day of June, A. D. 1860, at the suit of the said William E. Doggett, Henry D. Bassett and D. Hobart Hills and against the estate of the said Columbus S. Marshall for the sum of four hundred and forty-four dollars and 75-100 directed to the Sheriffs of Cook and Ogle Counties, one of which said writs has been returned executed. Now therefore, unless you, the said Columbus S. Marshall, shall personally be and appear before the said Circuit Court of Cook County on or before the first day of the Term thereof, to be holden at the Court House in the City of Chicago, on the first Monday of September, A. D. 1860, give special bail, and plead to the said plaintiffs' action, judgment will be entered against you and in favor of the said William E. Doggett, Henry D. Bassett and D. Hobart Hills, and so much of the property attached as may be sufficient to satisfy the said judgment and costs, will be sold to satisfy the same.

WM. S. CHURCH, Clerk.
GALLUP & HITCHCOCK, Plff's Att'ys. je27-[illegible]

TRUSTEES SALE.—Default having been made by Milton Parker in the payment of his promissory note for $1,650 dated May 2nd, 1859, payable one year after date to the order of Daniel Brainard, and in the payment of the annual interest upon another note for the same amount of the same date, and payable to the like order two years after date. The said Milton Parker having also failed to keep certain covenants in a Deed of Trust executed by him and Harriet A. Parker, his wife, bearing date on said 2nd day of May, A. D. 1859, given to secure the payment of said notes, and other monies specified in said Deed, which Deed of Trust was recorded in the office of the Recorder of Cook County, State of Illinois, August 6th, 1859, in Book 181 of Deeds, Page 81; and in and by which said Deed said Parker and wife conveyed to the undersigned as Trustee in Trust, all that certain lot, piece or parcel of land situate, lying and being in the city of Chicago, County of Cook aforesaid, and being all that part of Block forty-six (46), in Kinzie's Addition to Chicago, which is butted and bounded as follows, to wit:—Beginning at a point on the west line of said Block, forty nine feet and ten inches south of the northwest corner of said Block, and [illegible]

[illegible]

L. C. PAINE FREER, Trustee.
Chicago, June 29th, 1860.

ESTATE OF GEO. W. DOLE, deceased. Public Notice is hereby given to all persons having claims and demands against the estate of Geo. W. Dole, late of Cook county, deceased, to present the same for adjudication and settlement, at a regular term of the County Court of Cook county, to be holden at the Court House in the city of Chicago on the third Monday of September, A. D. 1860, being the 17th day thereof.

GEO. F. RUMSEY,
JULIAN S. RUMSEY,
Executors and Trustees.
Chicago, July 3, 1860.

STATE OF ILLINOIS, County of Cook, S.S.—Superior Court of Chicago, September Term A. D. 1860. Henry Kasting, vs. Adolph Retzloff—Attachment.

Public notice is hereby given to the said Adolph Retzloff that a writ of attachment issued out of the office of the Clerk of the Superior Court of Chicago, dated the 31st day of May, A. D. 1860, at the suit of the said Henry Kasting and against the estate of the said Adolph Retzloff, for the sum of one hundred and [illegible] dollars and [illegible] cents, directed to the Sheriff of Cook county, which said writ has been returned executed. Now, therefore, unless you, the said Adolph Retzloff, shall personally be and appear before the said Superior Court of Chicago, on or before the first day of the term thereof to be holden at the Court House in the city of Chicago, on the first Monday of September, A. D. 1860, give special bail, and plead to the said plaintiff's action, judgment will be entered against you and in favor of the said Henry Kasting, and so much of the property attached as may be sufficient to satisfy the said judgment and costs will be sold to satisfy the same.

WALTER KIMBALL, Clerk.
H. P. SMITH, Plff's Att'y.

MASTER'S SALE.—State of Illinois, Cook County, S.S.—Superior Court of Chicago—In Chancery. Henry Keep and Albert Keep vs. George W. Noble and L. P. Hill—Bill to Foreclose Mortgage.

Public notice is hereby given that in pursuance of a decretal order, entered in the above entitled cause on the eighth day of June, A. D. 1860, I, Ira Scott, as Master in Chancery of said court, will on the sixteenth (16th) day of July, A. D. 1860, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of said day, sell at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, at the north door of the Court House, in the city of Chicago, in the County of Cook, the following described premises, or the parcels of land, (or so much thereof as may be necessary to satisfy the amount of said decree, interest and costs), situated in the city of Chicago, County of Cook and State of Illinois, to wit:—lots sixteen (16), seventeen (17), eighteen (18), and nineteen (19), in Block number eight (8), in the Fort Dearborn Addition to Chicago, together with all and singular the tenements, hereditaments, privileges and appurtenances thereunto belonging, or in anywise appertaining. IRA SCOTT,
Master in Chancery of the Superior Court of Chicago,
Dated Chicago, June 20th, 1860.

STATE OF ILLINOIS, County of Cook, ss. Superior Court of Chicago, July Term, A. D. 1860. Gysbert DeClercq, vs. J. L. McVicker, Michael Engelman and Hiram C. Bull.—Attachment.

Public notice is hereby given to the said J. L. McVicker, Michael Engelman and Hiram C. Bull that a writ of attachment issued out of the office of the Clerk of the Superior Court of Chicago, dated the 31st day of May, A. D. 1860, at the suit of the said Gysbert DeClercq and against the estate of the said J. L. McVicker, Michael Engelman and Hiram C. Bull, for the sum of four hundred and fifty-seven and 45 100 dollars, directed to the Sheriff of Cook county, which said writ has been returned executed.

Now, therefore, unless you, the said J. L. McVicker, Michael Engelman and Hiram C. Bull, shall personally be and appear before the said Superior Court of Chicago, on or before the first day of the term thereof, to be holden at the Court House in the City of Chicago, on the first Monday of July A. D. 1860, give special bail, and plead to the said plaintiff's action, judgment will be entered against you, and in favor of the said plaintiff, and so much of the property attached as may be sufficient to satisfy the said judgment and costs, will be sold to satisfy the same.

W. KIMBALL, Clerk.
FARWELL, SMITH & THOMAS, Plff's Attys.

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Whereas Julius Crone and William F. Apthorp, by Julius Crone, his attorney in fact, and Frances I. Crone, wife of said Julius Crone, made and executed a certain deed of trust bearing date the fourth day of March, A. D. 1859, and delivered the same to me, Solomon M. Wilson, to secure the payment of a certain promissory note therein mentioned, which said deed of trust is recorded in the Recorder's Office of Cook County, in the state of Illinois, in Book 186 of Deeds at page 312; and also in the Recorder's office of Lake County in the state of Indiana, in Book G of Mortgages at pages 403 and 404. Now, therefore, default having been made in the payment of the promissory note in the said deed of trust mentioned, and application having been made to me by the legal holder thereof to sell the premises in said deed described, on account of such default.

Notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale in the said deed of trust contained, I shall, on Monday the sixteenth day of July, 1860, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at the North door of the Court House in the city of Chicago, in the state of Illinois, sell at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, the premises described as follows, to wit: Lots thirty-eight (38), thirty-nine (39) and forty (40) in block forty four (44) of section seven (7) in township thirty-nine (39) north, of range fourteen (14) east of the 3d principal meridian, situated in the city of Chicago, county of Cook and State of Illinois. Also, the south half of the northeast quarter of section one (1) in township thirty-six (36) north, of range ten (10) west, situated in the county of Lake, and state of Indiana, together with all the right and equity of redemption of the said Julius Crone, and Frances I., his wife, and the said William F. Apthorp, their heirs and assigns, in and to said premises.

SOLOMON M. WILSON, Trustee.
Chicago, July 2d, 1860.

STATE OF ILLINOIS, County of Cook, S.S.—Superior Court of Chicago, July term, A. D. 1860. Walter L. Newberry vs. William B. Treadwell, John J. Treadwell, John S. Perry and Edward Norton.—Attachment.

Public notice is hereby given to the said William B. Treadwell, John J. Treadwell, John S. Perry and Edward Norton that a writ of attachment issued out of the office of the Clerk of the Superior Court of Chicago, dated the twenty fourth day of May, A. D. 1860, at the suit of the said Walter L. Newberry, and against the estate of the said William B. Treadwell, John J. Treadwell, John S. Perry and Edward Norton, for the sum of [illegible] dollars and sixty cents, directed to the Sheriff of Cook County, which said writ has been returned executed.

Now, therefore, unless you the said William B. Treadwell, John J. Treadwell, John S. Perry and Edward Norton shall personally be and appear before the said Superior Court of Chicago on or before the first day of the next term thereof, to be holden at the Court House, in the City of Chicago, on the first Monday of July, A. D. 1860, give special bail and plead to the said plaintiff's action, judgment will be entered against you and in favor of the said plaintiff, and so much of the property attached as may be sufficient to satisfy the said judgment and costs, will be sold to satisfy the same.

WALTER KIMBALL, Clerk.
FARWELL, SMITH & THOMAS, Plff's Att'ys.

STATE OF ILLINOIS, Cook County, S.S.—Superior Court of Chicago, July Term, A.D. 1860. Philetus W. Gates, Leander S. Warner, Thomas Chalmers, Archibald G. Warner and David R. Fraser, vs. Alexander Thatcher and William Thatcher.—Attachment.

Public notice is hereby given to the said Alexander Thatcher and William Thatcher, that a writ of attachment issued out of the office of the Clerk of the Superior Court of Chicago, dated the [illegible] day of June, A. D. 1860, at the suit of the said Philetus W. Gates, Leander S. Warner, Thomas Chalmers, Archibald G. Warner, and David R. Fraser and against the estate of the said Alexander Thatcher and William Thatcher, for the sum of eleven hundred and [illegible] dollars, directed to the Sheriff of Cook County, which said writ has been returned executed.

Now, therefore, unless you, the said Alexander Thatcher and William Thatcher, shall personally be and appear before the said Superior Court of Chicago, on or before the first day of the term thereof, to be holden at the Court House in the city of Chicago on the first Monday of July, A. D. 1860, give special bail, and plead to the said plaintiffs' action, judgment will be entered against you, and in favor of the said plaintiffs, and so much of the property attached as may be sufficient to satisfy the said judgment and costs will be sold to satisfy the same.

W. KIMBALL, Clerk.
FARWELL, SMITH & THOMAS, Plff's Att'ys.

SEXTONS AND UNDERTAKERS.
NO. 48 LA SALLE STREET.

[illegible]

TALLOW GREASE, CANDLES
AND SOAP.

[illegible]

J. C. MITCHELL.

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JEWETT & BUTLER
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
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SIGN OF THE SCISSORS,
Between Wabash and Michigan avenues, Chicago, Ill.
FREDERICK JEWETT..........................OLIVER R. BUTLER

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Field, Benedict & Co.,
NO. 81 & 83 SOUTH WATER STREET.

Are now receiving their usual large stock of goods adapted to MEN'S WEAR, to which they would invite the attention of cash and prompt paying customers, consisting in part of

Black and Colored Broadcloths, all grades.
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Farmers' and Mechanic's Cassimeres.
Cottonades in great variety.
Kentucky Jeans, Merino Cassimeres.
Farmers' Linen Drills and Ducks,
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Also, a general stock of TAILORS' TRIMMINGS. Dealing exclusively in goods adapted to MEN'S WEAR, we can offer the trade superior inducements in the way of prices and variety.

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MANUFACTURERS AND JOBBERS OF
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Goods at the Lowest Market Rates.
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SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS.

of the best quality and manufacture which we are prepared to sell for CASH and prompt paying trade at Boston and New York prices.

We are Agents for the sale of Mitchell's Patent Metallic Tip Boots and Shoes, of which we have a full stock.

C. M. HENDERSON & CO.,
MANUFACTURERS AND WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
Boots and Shoes,
NO. 32..........LAKE STREET..........NO. 32
CHICAGO, ILL.,

Have in store a large and desirable stock of goods which they will sell very cheap to cash and prompt paying trade.

We are Agents for the sale of

Mitchell's Patent Metalic Tipped Shoes,

In all the States without exception.

☞ After the 15th of June we shall be found at the magnificent store, No. 33 Lake street, corner Wabash avenue.
[illegible] C. M. HENDERSON & CO.

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(Successors to Satterlee, Cook & Co.,)
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IMPORTANT NOTICE
TO DEALERS IN
BOOTS AND SHOES.
The Celebrated Copper Toe!

BOSTON, March 22, 1860.

To MESSRS. WADSWORTH & WELLS, Chicago, Ill.:

GENTLEMEN:—To correct an error which appears to exist among some parties dealing in Mitchell's Patent Metallic Tipped Boots and Shoes, we hereby state that we claim no right whatever to deal in said goods within the States of Iowa, Wisconsin and Illinois. The exclusive right to deal in said Tipped Boots and Shoes in the above States having been sold by the patentee before we purchased the invention and patent of him. Respectfully yours,

CHASE, McKINNEY & CO.

WADSWORTH & WELLS,
Wholesale Dealers in
BOOTS AND SHOES,
60 . . Lake Street. . . 60

We own the exclusive right for the sale of

MITCHELL'S PATENT METALLIC TIPPED BOOTS AND SHOES.

[illegible]

MITCHELL'S PATENT METALLIC TIPPED GOODS

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STRAW GOODS
FOR JUNE TRADE.
WEBER, WILLIAMS & YALE,
35 LAKE STREET,
Have a very large stock of Mens, Boys, Misses, and Childrens'
STRAW GOODS,
To which they invite the attention of CITY and COUNTRY Dealers.

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Silver Plated & Britannia Ware,
HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS,
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THOMAS P. BURR,
[illegible] LAKE STREET.

DRESS TRIMMINGS,
SHAWL BORDERS,
Corsets, Hosiery, Skirts, Gloves, Mitts, Small Wares, Notions,
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The assortment and prices LOW for CASH.
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WARNER & RUST,
Wholesale dealers in
Wooden and Willow Ware, Brooms and Broom Materials, Tubs, Pails, Churns and Bowls,
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And Western Express Co.
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Leaving the Dock foot of Cincinnati street, at 7 o'clock P. M. Which, running in connection with the unequaled Canal facilities of this Company, comprises

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J. W. TUTTLE, Agent,
FOOT OF STATE ST., CHICAGO.
my9c[illegible]-4m

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NEW YORK AND WESTERN
STATES LINE.
STEAM ON CANAL.
E. T. EVANS, Evans' Ship Canal, Buffalo, Proprietor.
WHITE & NEAL, 113 Broad street, New York, Special Agents.

This line of first class steam Canal Propellers and Boats, connecting at Buffalo with the New York and Erie line of Propellers, landing at CENTRAL DOCKS, Chicago, will be prepared on the opening of navigation, to forward Merchandise and Produce between New York, Albany and Troy, and the accessible points West, North-west and South-west. Apply to

POAG, FARMER & Co., W. E. CHASE, LOUIS FONTAINE, Agents, 171 Broadway, 1 Courtland street, and 113 Broad street, New York.

GIBSON & CHASE, Agents,
CENTRAL DOCK.
Office, 3 Pomeroy's Building, Chicago.
mh[illegible]

THE NORTHERN TRANSPORTATION COMPANY.
1860.

Will, during the present season, will run their well known and popular line of

FIRST CLASS SCREW STEAMERS,
regularly between
Ogdensburgh, Cape Vincent, Oswego, and the Upper Lakes,

Forming a daily line to Cleveland, Sandusky, Toledo and Detroit, and a Tri-Weekly line to and from

Chicago, Milwaukee & Intermediate Ports.

Connecting with the Railroads between OGDENSBURG and BOSTON, Lowell, Lawrence, Nashua, Manchester Concord, Worcester, Fitchburg, Keene, Bellows Falls, Rutland, Burlington, and other intermediate points.

At Cape Vincent, with the Watertown and Rome Railroad, and

At Oswego, with the New Oswego Line of fifty first class canal boats on the enlarged canal, between Oswego, Troy, Albany and New York.

☞ Through Freight subject to but one transhipment.

One of these first class propellers will leave Chicago every MONDAY, WEDNESDAY and FRIDAY evenings.

Agents and Consignees.

J. MYERS, No. 177 Broadway, New York.
E. S. SPAULDING, No. 3 Coenties Slip, New York.
JOHN HOCKING, No. 25 State street, Boston.
A. GUSHMAN, No. 122 State street, Boston.
C. L. THOMPSON, Treasurer, Ogdensburgh.
GEORGE PARKER, Ogdensburgh.
GEORGE A. EDDY, Oswego.
CRAWFORD & HOVEY, Oswego.
FELTON & BREED, Cleveland.
W. T. WALKER, Toledo.
E. R. MATHEWS, Detroit.
G. J. HALE, Milwaukee.
McHENRY & BARKER, Racine.
FIFE & MICHAEL, St. Louis.
MATHER & CO., Agents,
[illegible] Chicago.

Bags.

BAGS—BAGS—BAGS—BAGS—
CORN EXCHANGE
BAG MANUFACTORY.
HART, ASTEN & CO., 187 South Water street, Chicago.
E. E. CLARK & CO., 122 Broad street, New York.
MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS IN
BAGS OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

Millers' and Grocers' Bags made and printed to order with beautiful brands. New and second-hand Burlap, Grain and Gunny Bags, for Shippers, Millers and Farmers' use. Bags for Flour, Buckwheat, Feed, Bran, Salt, Seed, &c.

☞ Orders filled with fidelity and dispatch. Bags loaned to shippers.

BAGS! BAGS!! BAGS!!!
FARWELL'S
"STEAM BAG MANUFACTORY,"
[illegible] Wabash avenue, Chicago.
BAGS AND SACKS of every description.
Furnished on short notice,
and printed with
NEW AND BEAUTIFUL BRANDS
SIMEON FARWELL.

CHICAGO BAG AGENCY.—
[illegible] South Water street.
SEAMLESS GRAIN BAGS of various sizes and qualities.
FLOUR—halves, quarters, eighths—printed to order of any desired pattern.
HAM SACKS—every size used.
GUNNY BAGS—Two of three bushels.
[illegible] HAWKINS & CHAPMAN.

Sewing Machines.

MILLAR'S NEW PATENT
Lock-Stitch family
SEWING MACHINES!
$35, $25, $35, $35, $35, $35.

[illegible]

WHEELER & WILSON'S $50 MACHINE.

We also have the

METROPOLITAN

[illegible]

LEWIS CORNELL,
103 Lake st., Chicago, Ill.

SEWING MACHINES,
$25, $35, $45, $50, $60, $65.
L. CORNELL & CO'S Late Improved
DOUBLE LOCK TIGHT FAST STITCH

[illegible]

LAKE STREET MILLS—ON West Lake and Randolph streets, Chicago, Illinois.

[illegible]

Financial and Commercial.

MONETARY.

SATURDAY EVENING, July 7, 1860.

The market for Eastern exchange continues quiet at yesterday's rates—1½ per cent. premium at the banks, and 1@1½ per cent. on the street. The market, however, is gradually tending downward. Currency is in good supply.

EARNINGS OF THE GALENA & CHICAGO UNION RAILROAD COMPANY—For the months of June 1859 and 1860:

	1859.	1860.		
Freight	$71,280 01	$55,862.75	Dec	$15,417.26
Passengers	32,184.15	26,446.59	Dec	5,737.56
Mail and Mis.	4,192.13	4,000.00	Dec	192.13
Total	$107,656.29	$86,309.34	Dec	$21,346.95

Corrected earnings for the previous month.......$118,505.50

COMMERCIAL.

SATURDAY EVENING, July 7.

The following are the receipts and shipments for the last twenty-four hours:

	Flour brls.	Wheat bus.	Corn bus.	Oats bus.	Bar. bus.	Rye bu.	Lead lbs.
Canal	....	....	63969	....	....	....	....
G. & C. U. R. R.	154	1127	6317	457	....	....	....
C. & R. I. R. R.	....	1050	18200	....	....	....	....
Ill. Central	444	1625	14500	830	....	....	....
B. & Quincy R R	....	1476	2421	814	....	....	19943
Northwest'n R R	124	435	49	1560	....	....	....
C. A. & St. L. RR.	....	....	300	....	....	....	....
Total	722	5698	105756	4601	....	....	19943

	Dressed Hogs No.	Live Hogs No.	Cattle No.	Hides lbs	High-wines brls.	Pots bus.	Wool lbs.
G. & C. U. R. R.	..	....	....	1960	30	....	11480
C. & R. I. R. R.	..	55	98	....	100	....	....
I. C. R. R.	..	....	34	1560	....	....	....
C. B. & Q. R. R.	..	837	225	....	....	....	....
C. & N. W. R. R.	..	....	....	740	....	20	3992
C. A. & St. L. R. R.	..	300	....	3010	....	....	....
Total	..	1192	355	7270	130	20	15472

SHIPMENTS.

	Flour, brls.	Wh't, bu.	Corn, bu.	Oats, bu.	Rye, bu.	Ba'y, bu.	S'des lbs
To Buffalo	995	6000	72608	....	1134	....	....
To Oswego	....	....	14300	....	....	....	....
To Bayfield	167	....	....	....	....	....	....
Total	1162	6000	86908	....	1134	....	....

RECEIPTS AND SHIPMENTS BY LAKE TO-DAY.

Receipts.		Shipments.	
Fish pkgs	73	Pork, bbls	2?
Railroad ties, No.	4,8?7	Lard lbs	400
Hides, lbs	2,000	Hams, brls	100
Iron, tons	600	Salt, brls	232
Coal, tons	275	Butter, lbs	12,000
Wood, cds	933	Millstuffs, lbs	6,900
Flour, brls	50	Oats, bu	12,000
Lath, No	35,000	Wheat, bu	12,550
Lumber, ft	335,5?0	Corn, bu	110,2?6
Shingles No.	1,6?0,000	Whisky, brls	10
Square timber, ft	30,000	Empty bbls, No	93
Empty bbls, No	675	Lead, lbs	21,000
Shipments.		Cattle, No	37
Flour, bbls	396	Eggs, bbls	3
Corn meal, bu	554		

The receipts of Corn to-day were heavier—amounting to 105,756 bushels, and this, with the prospect of still heavier receipts in the early part of next week, caused a dull and heavy market—prices having declined 1@1½c per bu. This decline, too, was experienced in the face of a firm market in Buffalo and New York; but the heavy stock now on hand—over 2,000,000 bushels, and the heavy supply promised, caused holders to quiver, and at the close there was no confidence in an early reaction in prices. About 120,000 bushels were sold, at 47@47½c for No. 2 Canal afloat 43c for damp River White afloat; 46@47½ for No. 1; 45½@45¾c for No. 2; and 42½c for Rejected—closing quiet at 46@46½c for No. 1. Wheat was scarce, and a further advance of ½@1c was paid, with sales of about 12,600 bushels at $1.09@1.10 for No. 1 Spring, and $1.07½@1.08 for No. 2 Spring in store. There was a good demand for Flour to-day, and the market was active—nearly all the desirable lots being taken at former quotations. Transactions amounted to about 1700 brls at $4.50@5 for common to choice Spring extras. Oats were very quiet and the market declined ½c, sales being limited at 26½c in store. Rye and Barley neglected. Wool buyers are not so eager to purchase, and the market is quiet. A lot of 20,000 lbs were sold from second hands to an Eastern manufacturer, but the terms and price were not made public. Hides quiet.

Freights opened very quiet; but towards the close nearly all the vessels on the market were taken at 5c for corn to Buffalo and 8½c to Ogdensburgh.

CROPS IN DE KALB COUNTY.—Mr. F. S. Love, writes from De Kalb county as follows: "We have a flattering prospect of a very heavy harvest, better than any crop for the last five years; but we want yet ten days to make spring wheat safe. Barley and rye are ripe. Corn and potatoes and in fact all farm products promise a bountiful harvest. Such I consider a statement of facts for the central portion of De Kalb county, including about one half of its territory."

ST. LOUIS MARKETS—July 6.—This morning's Missouri *Democrat* reviews the markets as follows:

The only features of interest in the produce market were, the sale of some 1,500@2,000 bbls city flour, owing to dispatches from New Orleans showing a little advance towards a shipping margin to that point—a downward tendency in oats, and sale of the first new rye of the season, which came in from a point east of Springfield, Ill. The general quietness and dullness in groceries as well as in produce generally continue to prevail. Provisions are likely to continue as at present, high and firm, the stock here and in the country generally being less than the wants from now to the new crop. At Quincy, Ill., and other up river points, the stocks have been reduced to a mere nominal amount. The stock of hams in the market is being fast reduced, the demand for this article now being large.

Daily Review of Chicago Market.

SATURDAY EVENING, July 7.

FREIGHTS—Steady. Schr Sweepstakes, corn to Buffalo at 5c; schr Drake, corn to Ogdensburg at 8½c; schr St George, (Canadian) corn and wheat to Kingston on p. t., schrs. Marquette, Cornelia, Curtiss Mann, and Wings of the Morning all with corn to Buffalo at 5c.

FLOUR—Receipts, 722 bbls; shipped, 1101 bbls. Market active and steady. Sales were: 700 bbls choice Spring extra at $5.00 del.; 300 bbls Cook county do at $5.00 del.; 90 bbls "Rock River" do at $4 90 del.; 47 bbls "Beloit City" do at $4.90 del.; 5? bbls good spring extra at $4 ?0 del.; 00 bbls "Como" do at $4 85 del.; 43 bbls "Bloomfield" do at $4.85 del.; 100 bbls "Baltic" do; 100 bbls "Shell Rock," 100 bbls "Rock River, (Beloit) and 100 bbls fair spring extra, all at $4.80 del.; 60 bbls do at $4 75 del.; 80 bbls "Henry City" do at $4.50 del.

MILL STUFFS—10 tons bran and Shorts at $9.25.

WHEAT—Receipts, 5,698 bu; shipped, 6,000 bu. Market firm and ½@1c better. Sales were: 1300 bu No. 1 Spring at $1.09 in store; 1000 bu do at $1.09½ in store; 1500 bu do at $1.10 in store; 300 bu No. 2 Spring at $1.07½ in store; 7,0 bu do at $1.07½ in store; 6,000 bu do at $1.08 in store.

CORN—Receipts, 105,756 bu; shipped, 86,908 bu. Market declined 1@1½c. Sales were as follows: 2500 bu damp River White at 43c afloat; 5000 bu No. 2 Canal Yellow at 47½c afloat; 12,000 bu do at 47c afloat; 11 000 bu do at 48c f. o. b; 3,000 bu No. 1 at 47½c in store; 40,000 bu do at 47c in store; 18,000 bu do at 46½c in store; 8000 bu do at 46½c in store; 8000 bu do at 46½c in store; 12,000 bu do at 46c in store; 1200 bu No. 2 at 45½c in store; 15,000 bu do at 45½c in store; 5000 bu do at 45½c in store; 3500 bu Rejected at 42½c in store.

OATS—Receipts, 4,601 bu. Market quiet and ½c lower. Sales were—3000 bu No. 1 at 26½c in store; 500 bu at 28c del.

RYE—Nominal at 50@53c.

BARLEY—Receipts, 163 bu. Nominal at 45@55c.

HIGHWINES—Receipts, 130 bbls. Market quiet. Sales were—50 bbls country wines at 18½c; 50 bbls city at 18½c.

ALCOHOL—36c per gal.

PROVISIONS—Mess Pork nominal at $18@18.50.

LARD—Nominal at 11½c.

TALLOW—25 bbls city at 9½c.

HIDES—Receipts, 7,270 lbs. Market quiet and unchanged. Sales to-day were at the following quotations:—Green Salted, 7½@7½c; do trimmed, at 8c; Dry Flint, 15@15½c.

WOOL—Receipts, 15,472 lbs. Market quiet and scarcely so firm. 20,000 lbs sold from second hands on p. t.

BUTTER—Quiet. 24 kegs at 9c; 8 kegs do at 8½c.

EGGS—Dull, with a limited shipping demand, and sales at 7@7½c per doz.

POULTRY—Chickens, $1.50 per doz.

POTATOES—Dull at 25@37½c for new.

WHITEFISH—40 bbls No. 1 whitefish at $3 25.

APPLES—New in fair supply from the South, with sales at $1.00@5.50 per bbl.

LIVE STOCK—Receipts, 355 Beeves, 1,192 Hogs. Market for Beeves quiet. Hogs steady. Sales were:—

140 Hogs, averaging	200	....	5.38
110 " "	204	....	5.50
40 " "	160	....	5.25
10 Beeves, "	1,234	....	3.25

Richardson, Spence & Co.'s Circular.

PER PERSIA.] LIVERPOOL, June 22, 1860.

BREADSTUFFS—The weather, although showery, has improved this week, and at the close presents a more settled appearance. The trade, in consequence, has ruled quiet, but generally prices are about maintained. On Tuesday, Wheat sold only in retail, and in exceptional cases a decline of 1d@2d per cental was submitted to. Flour slow, and easier to buy. Indian corn very dull, and 31s@31s 6d taken for mixed and yellow American; white neglected. On Wednesday and yesterday some sales of red Milwaukee wheat, to arrive, were made to speculators, at 11s per 100 lbs delivered.

At to-day's market the business done in all articles was of the most limited retail character. Wheat and Flour, in the absence of transactions, nominally unchanged in value. Indian Corn scarcely inquired for, and easier to buy. We quote Wheat: red [illegible]; white [illegible]. Flour: extra western [illegible]; superfine Philadelphia [illegible]; extra Philadelphia and Ohio [illegible]. Indian Corn: mixed [illegible]; yellow [illegible]; white [illegible].

Beef continues to arrive freely and there is still much pressure to sell, especially the lower qualities.

Pork steady in price, but with little doing.

Bacon firmly held for full rates.

Cheese: the finer qualities meet a fair sale, but inferior lots are dull.

Lard: the demand is more active and sales reach 350 tons at fully previous rates, 57s@57s 6d being paid for good refining, and 58s [illegible] for choice qualities.

Tallow: the home supply has fallen off, causing a more active demand for foreign, and an advance of 6d per cwt has been generally established. We quote Butcher's Association [illegible]. In London the market shows the same improvement. P Y C closing at [illegible], both on the spot and for the end of the year.

New York Market.

BY TELEGRAPH.] NEW YORK, July 7.

FLOUR—Opened with moderate demand for fresh ground common and medium grades, and at a slight improvement in prices, but the market afterwards became quiet and closed rather easier on last yesterday's figures. Sales 13,500 bbls, [illegible] for superfine state, $4.90@5.00 for extra state, $5 [illegible] for superfine western, $5.00@5.50 for common to medium extra western, $5.55@5.65 for shipping brands extra round hoop Ohio. Canadian flour quiet and steady. Sales 450 bbls, at [illegible] for superfine, $5.45@7.50 for common to choice extras. Rye flour in moderate request; $3.50 for common to choice superfine.

WHISKY—Dull and rather heavy. Sales at 21½c, with buyers at 21c.

GRAIN—Wheat opened quiet and unchanged, but towards the close of 'Change, holders, in view of the scarcity and high rates of freight, were compelled to accept lower prices. Sales 32,000 bu winter red western at $1.38@1.39; 32,000 bu Milwaukee club at $1.20@1.21; 300 bu white Michigan at $1.45; 1,000 bu Chicago spring, part at $1.24 and there is no advance on p. t.; 500 bu Canada club on p. t. Rye quiet at 80@80c. Barley dull and nominal. Corn very quiet. Sales 15,000 bu at 63@64c for unsound and sound mixed western, 59@60c for sound, 60c for round yellow and 69@70c for white western. Oats plenty and dull at 35@36c for western and Canada, 40@41c for state.

H[illegible] [illegible] as in quality for 1860, with small [illegible].

PROVISIONS—Pork quiet but firm. Sales 600 bbls at $18.00 for new mess; $18.12 for old mess; $17.75 for thin mess; $14.00 for new prime, and $12 50 for old prime. Beef dull and unchanged. Sales 335 bbls at $4.00@4.25 for country prime; $4.50@5.50 for country mess; $9.00@10.50 for repacked mess; $11.00@12.50 for extra mess. Beef hams very dull and nominal. Small sales at 10@15c for western, and 16@18c for state. Prime mess beef dull and nominally unchanged. Cut meats very scarce and firm. Small sales at 10@10½c for hams; shoulders nominal at 9½@9½c. Lard firmer, with fair demand. Sales 820 bbls at 11¾@12½c. Bacon dull and out of season. Butter continues dull and unchanged at 10@13c for Ohio; 10@18c for state. Cheese steady at 9@10½c for inferior to prime.

GROCERIES—Coffee market firm. Sales since our last of 400 bags Costa Rica at 14½@14¾c, and 1,000 bags Java on p.t. Molasses quiet. Sales 68 hhds and 17 tcs Porto Rico at 38@39c; 27 hhds Barbadoes at 35@36c; 300 hhds Cuba Muscovado at 2?@?c. Sugar steady. Sales 900 hhds chiefly Cuba at 6¾@7¾. Rice dull.

Buffalo Market.

BY TELEGRAPH.] BUFFALO, July 7.

FLOUR—Flour in fair demand. Market is firm. Sales 1400 brls $4.87½ extra state; $4.95@5.12½ extra Illinois Wisconsin and Iowa; $5.25@5.37½ extra Ohio, Indiana and Michigan; $5.87½@6.37½ double extras.

GRAIN—Wheat dull and nothing doing. Corn opened at 53c and advanced ½c on receipt of New York dispatch. Sales 5?,000 bu Illinois and Toledo at 53@53½c. Oats, small sales 3?½. Other grains nominally the same.

WHISKY—Less firm. Sales 100 brls 19½@20.

CANAL FREIGHTS—Steady, 40c flour; 11½c wheat; 10½c on corn to New York.

LAKE IMPORTS—2,000 bu flour, 20,000 bu wheat, 32,000 bu corn. No returns from the Canal Collector's office this evening.

Oswego Market.

BY TELEGRAPH.] OSWEGO, July 7.

FLOUR—Dull but steady.

GRAIN—Wheat unchanged, with fair demand; sales, 6,000 Mil club at $1.20; 4,500 do on p. t.; 5,000 amber Illinois at $1.21. Corn unchanged; sales, 6,000 Ind at 56c. Other grains quiet.

CANAL FREIGHTS—Steady, at 26c on flour, 8c on wheat, 7½c on corn to New York.

LAKE IMPORTS—2,052 bbls flour, 2?,000 bu wheat.

CANAL EXPORTS—400 bbls flour, 29,000 bu wheat, 35,000 bu corn, 1,400 bu oats.

MARINE JOURNAL.

PORT OF CHICAGO.

ARRIVED.....................July 7.

Stmr Gazelle, Butlin, Milwaukee, 24 pkgs beer, 1 box butter, lot household goods, 4 boxes fish, 5 pkgs sundries.
Prop Susquehanna, Webster, Buffalo, 50 bags coffee, 24 tcs rice, 5 crates crockery, 8 pkgs groceries, 87 pkgs mdze, 40 bbls molasses, 2 casks oil, 5 hhds and 10 bbls sugar, 4 boxes paper, 1 cask liquor.
Prop Racine, Pease, Buffalo, 200 pkgs mdze, 200 bbls sugar, 10 bbls oil, 40 pkgs castings, 15 bbls molasses, 184 kegs hardware, 10 threshing machines, 100 car wheels, 5 bales sundries, 340 wagon hubs.
Prop Montezuma, Robbins, St. Joseph, 2,000 railroad ties, 100 bbls flour, 15 boxes fish, 1 ton dry hides.
Bark Invincible, Bowman, Cleveland, 300 tons railroad iron, 125 tons coal, 10 tons stove pipe, 20 tons grindstones.
Brig Mechanic, Stewart, Buffalo.
Brig Sebastopol, Smith, Grand Haven, 100 m lumber.
Brig Eliza, Rugger, South Haven, 5? cords wood.
Schr Pioneer, Thompson, Centerville, 60 cords wood.
Schr Little Belle, Kirby, Grand Haven, 90 m lumber.
Schr John Lillie, Weighland, Muskegon, 900 railroad ties.
Schr Undine, Brown, Grand Haven, ?0 m lumber.
Schr Liberty, Chusick, Holland, 50 cords wood.
Schr Lizzie Throop, Flood, Grand River, 93,500 ft lumber.
Schr Queen of the West, Burns, Green Bay, 150 m lumber.
Schr Fannie and Floy, Lang, Sheboygan, 1,217 railroad ties, 25 tons rags, 50 bags flour.
Schr Whirlwind, Briggs, Centerville, 97 cords wood.
Schr Persia, Thompson, Green Bay, 75 m lumber, 5,000 lath.
Schr Ithaca, Falan, Sand Bay, 60 cords wood, 200 m shingles, 1,500 posts.
Schr Ramsey Crooks, Nelson, Sturgeon Bay, 8,000 cedar posts.
Schr H Rand, McHarry, Port Sheldon, 80 cords wood.
Schr Gertrude, Hoag, Manitowoc, 550 m shingles, 20 pkgs fish.
Schr J H Drake, Borden, Ogdensburgh.
Schr Oliver, Wheaton, Buffalo, 150 tons coal, 145 cords wood.
Schr Curtis Mann, Montgomery, Buffalo, 80 tons marble, 30 tons gunpowder.
Schr Cornelia, Jasmer, Buffalo, 200 brls lime, 170 brls rosin.
Schr Kitty Grant, Conant, White Lake, 50 m lumber.
Schr Helen Kent, Reed, Pier Cove, 73 cords wood.
Schr Dan Marble, Meyer, Nahma, 120 m lumber.
Schr E M Shoyer, Doherty, Muskegon, 100 m lumber.
Schr Geo. J. Fower, Smith, Muskegon, 78 cords wood.
Schr J. S. Wallace, Lawrence, Sheboygan, 45 cords wood.
Schr Maine, Crawford, Oconto, 10? m lumber, 30 m square timber, 50 m lath.
Schr Napoleon, Nelson, Manistee, 95 m lumber.
Schr St. Lawrence, Lawrence, Sheboygan, 45 cords wood, 675 pork brls.
Schr Wallen, Warren, Holland, 700 railroad ties, 5 m lumber.
Schr Nightingale, Stone, Buffalo.
Schr Cuba, Hinman, Traverse Bay, 145 cords wood.
Schr Antelope, Collon, Kalamazoo, 60 m lumber, 100 m shingles.
Schr St. Mary, Bennett, Grand Bay, 140 m lumber.
Schr J. G. Barber, Nilson, Muskegon, 35 m lumber.
Scow Tempest, Newton, White Lake, 50 m lumber, 45 pkgs fish.
Scow Transit, Richardson, Manitowoc, 300 m shingles.

CLEARED.....................July 7.

Stmr Lady Elgin, Wilson, Bayfield, 190 brls flour, 28 brls pork, 2 tcs lard, 118 bags meal, 91 brls and 4 hhd ham, 123 kegs and 20 jars butter, 2 boxes starch, 100 brls salt, 20 bags flour, 1 iron safe, 197 pkgs sundries, 18 bags shorts, 408 bags oats, 51 bags middlings, 57 head cattle.
Stmr Comet, Morgan, Grand Haven, 20 tons mdze, 10 bbls whisky, 36 bags meal, 10 bbls salt, 6 bbls ale, 6 bbls eggs.
Stmr Gazelle, Butlin, Milwaukee, 5 bbls fruit, 93 empty bbls, 12 kegs rum, 1 bbl and 1 box provisions.
Prop Racine, Brett, Buffalo, 16,000 bu corn, 12,000 bu oats, 200 bbls flour, 249 pigs lead.
Prop Montezuma, Robbins, St Joseph, 22 bbls salt.
Prop Susquehanna, Webster, Buffalo, 12,550 bu wheat.
Brig Mechanic, Stewart, Buffalo, 14,500 bu corn.
Brig Sebastopol, Rugger, South Haven.
Schr Pioneer, Thompson, Centerville.
Schr Richard Mott, Rees, Dunkirk, 12,206 bu corn.
Schr Transit, Hoag, Manitowoc.
Schr Liberty, Chusick, Holland.
Schr Whirlwind, Briggs, Centerville.
Schr H Rand, McHarry, Port Sheldon.
Schr Gertrude, Hoag, Manitowoc.
Schr Dan Marble, Mayer, Nahma.
Schr E M Shoyer, Doherty, Muskegon.
Schr G J Fower, Smith, Muskegon.
Schr Kitty Grant, Carson, White Lake.
Schr Augusta, O'Connor, Buffalo, lead at Crawford's pier.
Schr Sweepstakes, Buffington, Buffalo, 19,000 bu corn.
Schr Russ D Dart, Thompson, Buffalo, 14,?00 bu corn.
Schr Thomas Perry, Burke, Oswego, 16,046 bu corn.
Schr Napoleon, Nelson, Milwaukee.
Schr St Lawrence, Lawrence, Sheboygan.
Schr Wallen, Warren, Holland, 2 tons mdze.
Schr P Hayes, Peterson, Amsterdam.
Schr Oliver Culver, Wheaton, Dunkirk, 18,000 bu corn.
Scow Transit, Richardson, Manitowoc, 2 tons meal.

PORT OF CHICAGO.—We gather from the Custom House books for the three months ending July 1, that there have arrived at this port 2,093 vessels, with an aggregate tonnage of 469,357 tons, carrying 17,602 men. The clearances have been 1,586, with with a tonnage of 393,547 tons, and 13,990 men.

FOR COLLINGWOOD.—The propeller Ontonagon, Capt. Wilkins, left this port on Saturday evening, for Collingwood, with a fair cargo and quite a large number of passengers. The Ontonagon, on her last trip, made the run from Chicago to Collingwood in 63 hours, including stoppages.

Miscellaneous.

GALE.—A heavy gale swept over the west portion of Lake Erie on the evening of the 4th. The schooner Bay State was exposed to its fury. She was reported last evening as lying at anchor between Colchester Point and Point au Pelee with her foremast and main top-mast gone.

P. S.—The Bay State reached here to-day by tug Field and will immediately undergo the necessary repairs. Some 20 feet of her foremast is gone, besides her mainboom, &c., with slight damages done to her forehatch. She has on board a cargo of railroad iron destined for Saginaw.—[Detroit Tribune, 6th.

The schr Grapeshot passed down this noon with her mainsail rent; it presented the appearance of having been blown away by the recent squall.—[Ibid.

THE H. LATHROP.—The schooner Lathrop has come out of Campbell & Owen's dry-dock. The repairs to her bottom have cost $1,900, and it will require about $700 more to get her ready for sea.—[Ibid.

The schooners C. Y. Richmond, W. H. Willard and Margaret are reported aground on the Flats, all loaded and bound down.—[Ibid.

Passed Detroit, July 6.

UP.—Stmr North Star; props Buckeye, Adriatic, Iowa; barks R. G. Winslow, Quebec, Naomi; brig Empire State; schrs Meridian, Imperial, Snook, Syracuse, Athenian, Coquette, E. M. Peck, Amelia, A. E. Hart, Contest, White Squall, Rocket, J. Leslie.

DOWN.—Bark Jesse Hoyt; brigs H. R. Seymour, St. Louis, Banner, Andes, Belle; schrs Kenosha, Affair, Die Vernon, Alnwick, J. F. Tracy, Gov. Hunt, Twin Brother, Grape Shot.

Lake Ports.

CLEVELAND, July 5.—Cleared, schr Lively, Stearns Chicago.

BUFFALO, July 5.—Arrived, propellers Wetona, Conkey, Chicago; Potomac, Gebhard, do; brigs F. B. Gardner, Childs, Chicago; Young America, Doyle, do; Roscius, Hardenburgh, do; schrs H. Ross, White, Chicago; A. C. Rayner, Jameson, do; Marshall, Coffin, do; Wings of the Wind, Barse, do; Messilon, Lloyd, do; Dane, Becker, do. Cleared, propellers Cuyahoga, Welsh, Chicago; Nile, Collins, do; Queen of the Lakes, Rogger, do; Adriatic, Snow, do; brig F. B. Gardner, Sullivan, do; schrs Marshfield, Coffin, do; David Tod, Blue, do; A. C. Rayner Jameson, do; Arctic, Cameron, do.

CHICAGO MILL-FURNISHING DEPOT.

T. W. Baxter & Co.,

MANUFACTURERS OF

FRENCH BURR

MILLSTONES,

Of All Quarries, and

C. W. Brown's Patent Portable

Flouring and Grist Mills,

And Dealers in

DUTCH "ANKER" BOLTING CLOTHS,

Smut Mills and Separators,
Seperators for Warehouses,
Beltings of all kinds,
Hoisting Screws and Bail
Bran Dusters, Pecks, Proof Staffs, &c., &c.

Fairbanks' Scales,

AND

MILL FURNISHING GENERALLY.

Plans, Specifications and Estimates furnished when desired, and the construction of Steam and Water Mill contracted for entire.

STEAM ENGINES, BOILERS, &C.

The subscribers having obtained the agency for the sale of Steam Engines and Boilers, from the manufactory of GOULDING, BAGLEY & SEWELL, OF WATERTOWN, N. Y., would invite the attention of purchasers to their superior merits of style, workmanship and powers; also, their very low prices. The following is a list of prices of Engine and Boiler, together with Heater, Water and Steam Pipes, Cocks, Valves, Arch Castings and Grates, complete and ready for use, delivered in Chicago:

5 horse power	$500	20 horse power	$1,260
8 " "	575	25 " "	1,500
10 " "	725	30 " "	1,675
12 " "	800	35 " "	2,000
15 " "	1100	40 " "	2,200

and in like proportion for larger sizes as required.

Every Engine is furnished with

Judson's Patent Governor Valve.

For Flouring Mill we confidently recommend them as superior to any other style of Engine, and they will

Save from 25 to 50 per cent. in Fuel

over the usual class of boilers in use in the West. We shall keep an assortment of different sizes at our establishment, where they may be examined and the necessary information obtained regarding them. Competent men will, if desired, be furnished to set up and start Engines in any part of the country. We also supply

WATER WHEELS, SHAFTING, GEARING, &c.,
At very low prices.

T. W. BAXTER & CO.,

Mill Furnishing Depot, West Water street, between Randolph and Madison, Chicago.
Post Office address Box 274. oct '59 ly

BARNUM'S GREAT

VARIETY STORE

Re-opened at 138 Lake street,

With an entire NEW STOCK of

TOYS, FANCY GOODS,
YANKEE NOTIONS,
WILLOW WARE,
FISHING TACKLE,

Worsteds of all kinds, &c., &c.

WHOLESALE BUYERS

SUPPLIED AT PRICES TO SUIT THE TIMES.

BARNUM BROTHERS.

my7-ly

DR. MUNDE'S WATER CURE ESTABLISHMENT,

AT FLORENCE, MASS.,

(Near Northampton,) continues open throughout the year. It is one of the largest and best regulated institutions of its kind, and conducted after Priessnitz's principles, which Dr. Munde has practiced for nearly thirty years. The situation is a handsome mountain region; is very healthy; the air bracing, and the water—coming from granite—as pure, soft and cold as that of Graefenberg. Price of board and treatment from $8 to $12 per week.

"Dr. Munde is next to Priessnitz, the most eminent practitioner of the Water Cure that Germany has produced."—New York Tribune.

my[illegible]

FRESH SHAD,

Halibut, Haddock, Codfish,

SEA SMELTS, &c. L. B. PLATT & CO.,

[illegible]

BY TELEGRAPH.

From Washington.

WASHINGTON, July 7.—It has been finally decided to give Mr. Winslow, Administration Democrat of North Carolina, the Mission to Sardinia.

Judge Stanley, the District Attorney at Cincinnati, who remained in the Convention to which he was sent and refused to follow Cushing and the rest of the Seceders, is to be removed to morrow or Monday.

Mr. Hill, who holds a similar District Attorneyship in North Carolina, and like Stanley, did not go out, shares a like fate.

The representatives of the Great Eastern held a conference here to-day with some merchants of Norfolk, Va., who are eager to obtain a visit of the Leviathan to that port.

The Administration has determined to transport the California paper mail by means of revenue cutters, co operating with the Panama Railroad Company. Secretary Cobb has offered to furnish the Postoffice Department with the revenue cutter Harriet Lane as one of these steamers.

Another authority states that it is understood that an arrangement was concluded yesterday between the Postmaster General and Com. Vanderbilt, whereby the mails are to be shipped from New York to California three times a month until the 4th of March next.

The mails for the Pacific will be dispatched from this city by the steamer which sails on Wednesday next.

Elias B Schnabel, entering the *Constitution* office this morning, assaulted Gen. Bowman with a stick, while the latter was sitting in his chair. One of the clerks in the office effectively came to the rescue, when Schnabel made a hasty retreat. Immediately steps were taken for his arrest. The reason for the assault was the publication in yesterday's *Constitution* of an article reflecting on the conduct of Schnabel.

Edmund French, late Ass't Super't of the Treasury extension, under indictment for embezzlement, died here this morning. His trial was to have taken place to day.

Later from Pike's Peak.

ST. JOSEPH, July 6.—The Pike's Peak Express arrived yesterday afternoon, bringing fifteen thousand five hundred and fifty dollars in gold dust.

By this arrival we get the following summary of news, which has been detained here in consequence of a severe storm, prostrating the telegraph lines.

DENVER CITY, June 28th.—Indian depradations upon straggling parties and on our ranches have become of so frequent occurrence that it was considered advisable to call a meeting of the citizens to consider what was best to be done in the matter. Such a meeting was held yesterday afternoon, and two of the Arrapahoe Chiefs were present part of the time.

The outrages in the main consist of taking whatever they desire when they find unarmed parties, or unable from lack of numbers to resist successfully by force; tearing down fences, and turning their ponies into gardens and destroying them, and in some cases shooting at whites, and one or two are known to have been killed by the Indians.

The chiefs thought it very hard to hold them accountable for the bad acts of their own and four other nations, now in this vicinity, namely, Cheyennes, Kiowas, Apaches and Camanches; but as far as their own men were concerned, they would hold them responsible for any injury done the whites.

An effort was made to pass a resolution to drive them from the country, if they did not leave within three days. More moderate counsels, however, prevailed, and the trouble will no doubt be peaceably arranged.

Mining news remains unchanged. No new or important discoveries have been made. The difficulties in operating some of the quartz mills recently set up, to advantage, are not yet surmounted. Quartz mills are arriving daily and going to the mines. Business very dull. Money tight and scarce. Weather hot and showery.

The Campaign in Kentucky.

LOUISVILLE, July 7.—One of the largest meetings ever held here [according to the Telegraph Reporter] met last night and ratified the nomination of Douglas and Johnson. There were bonfires and cannon.

The Convention at Irvine, Estell county, on the 5th, having representatives from 31 counties, unanimously passed resolutions endorsing Breckinridge and Lane, and repudiating Douglas and Johnson.

From New York.

NEW YORK, July 7.—The extensive flouring mills at the corner of Fulton and Furman streets, Brooklyn, near the Fulton Ferry, were burned last night. Loss $75,000.

Mayor Wood publishes a letter, endorsing Douglas's nomination, and proposing a Douglas ticket exclusively in the Northern and Western States, and Breckinridge in the Southern.

From New York.

NEW YORK, July 7.—Henry C Jewett of Baltimore, was this day appointed agent of the visiting department of the Great Eastern.

The arrangement with Vanderbilt for the transportation of the Pacific Mail is from July 11th to March 4th. He is to receive the postage, and the President is to recommend Congress to give him reasonable compensation besides.

Great Republican Meeting in Buffalo.

BUFFALO, July 7.—The Republican ratification meeting last night was the largest and most enthusiastic political gathering of this campaign. The Wide Awakes in uniform, bearing torches, made their first appearance in procession. Owen Lovejoy, of Illinois, was the orator of the evening.

Fourth of July Accident.

NORFOLK, Va., July 6.—At the celebration of the Fourth at Punga League, Accomac county, Wm. Garrison was killed by the premature discharge of a cannon, and James V. Hall, Principal of the Seminary there, was terribly injured. He has probably since died.

Behold how their Brethren, &c.

TERRE HAUTE, Ind., July 7.—During the proceedings of the Democratic County Convention to-day, Mr. Cornwell, the Post Master, hurled an ink stand at Mr. Cokkerly, editor of the *Journal*, cutting his head badly.

The Zouaves at Cleveland.

CLEVELAND, July 7.—The Chicago Zouaves met with an enthusiastic reception here and drilled to-day before an immense crowd of people. They leave to-night for Buffalo.

The Prince of Wales.

BOSTON, July 7.—Private letters from official sources in England, state that the Prince of Wales will go as far East as Portland, and as far West as Cincinnati, in the United States.

For Europe.

NEW YORK, July 7.—The steamships New York for Southampton and Bremen and Kangaroo for Liverpool, took $435,000 in specie. The former took the mails.

Removal.

ALBANY, July 7.—The rumor of the removal of Col. North, special agent of the Post Office Department, is well founded.

The Mississippi.

DUBUQUE, Iowa, July 7.—River 3½ feet at this point.

Extensive Depredations Upon the U. S. Mail—Arrest of the Robber.

For a month or two past there has been an extensive and systematic robbery of the mail bags between Montreal and this city, and between Montreal and New York,—something like a dozen mails between Montreal and New York having been plundered, and eight between Montreal and this city. The robber was evidently well provided with keys to the bags, for though upon the arrival of the plundered mails at the post-office in this city the bags were locked and had no appearance of having been tampered with, yet it was in every case found that the Boston packages were missing.

These packages undoubtedly contained a large amount of drafts and other property of value, but it is not known that any large amount of money was secured by the robbers. As it was suspected here that the robbery was effected at or near Rutland, where the bags remained for the night, the postoffice authorities gave order a week or two since, to change the mails to the Grand Trunk Route, and they have since been received in an undisturbed condition.

For a number of weeks the United States Post-office detectives have been on the alert, and the telegraph informs us that they yesterday arrested John Whitcomb, for robbing the American and Canada mails, while under his charge, at the Rutland Post Office. He had spent six hundred dollars lately in Canada money, and had a number of skeleton keys upon his person.

In addition to the above we learn from a telegraphic despatch from Vermont that there is no doubt that Whitcomb is the person who has been committing the late wholesale plunder of the Montreal mails, as the mail bags were in his charge at night in the Rutland office. This is the greatest case of mail robbery since that of Mr. Tuckerman.—*Boston Transcript.*

MISCELLANEOUS.

The Belfast, (Me.) *Journal* puts up Douglas and Johnson's names, *because the Douglas men abandoned their Squatter Sovereignty dogma* by the last resolution adopted.

THE LARGEST AND SMALLEST STEAMERS.—In 1860, the Atlantic is crossed by the largest and smallest steamers that were ever borne across it—the Great Eastern from England to New York, and the Seth Grosvenor, of only 69 tons, from New York to Liberia. The Great Eastern is now safe in New York, and the Seth Grosvenor, we doubt not, is also safe in Monrovia.

—United States Marshal Johnson of Ohio, has been obliged to commence two suits against persons for refusing to answer the questions propounded by Assistant Marshalls under the census law. These cases are in Trumbull and Cuyahoga counties. Another suit will be commenced against a person in Crawford county who set a bull dog on the Assistant Marshal and would not permit him to enter his gate.

—"The twin relics of (political) barbarism"—the two wings of the Democratic party.

—The Governor of New York, instead of calling together the Legislature to discuss the cattle disease, had a talk on the subject at the State Agricultural Rooms with the leading agriculturalists of the State. These gentlemen thought there was no danger to New York cattle, but recommended isolation, believing that in the singleness of herding, every farmer has the remedy in his own control.

—Paddy Malone went to his priest and asked him: "What is a meracle, your rivirence?" The priest asked him several questions, and found he had been to the revival meetings, and heard the strange talk. He was mighty mad; and telling Paddy to stand out before him, he gave the poor fellow a tremendous kick in the rear. "Did it hurt you?" asked the priest. "To be sure it did," said Paddy. "And it would have been a miracle if it didn't," replied his reverence; with which Paddy walked away —answered, but not satisfied.

—The valuation of New York city, as returned to the assessors this year, is 577½ millions,—an increase of over 25 millions since last year. Of this, 558 millions is south of 57th street.

—There is great excitement about reported gold discoveries at about 50 miles from Picton, Nova Scotia, and thousands of people have gone thither from all the neighborhood.

Campaign Biography of Abraham Lincoln.

We shall issue in a few days a campaign biography of the Republican standard-bearer, in style so compact and cheap that, with suitable effort on the part of clubs, canvassers and local committees, it may reach every voter in the Northwest before the campaign is over. It will be a pamphlet of 32 pages, of close type, double columns, and in the style and shape of the campaign life of Col. Fremont, issued in 1856. It has been prepared with great care, by one of the editors of this paper, and it may be considered an entirely reliable and authentic narrative of the life of ABRAHAM LINCOLN,—embracing also the substance of his debates with Mr. Douglas in 1858, and a complete history of that remarkable campaign. It has been the purpose of the writer to make it *the* document of the times. A copy should be placed in the hands of every man in the Northwest who can read the English language. For the purpose of giving it the widest circulation we will furnish it at the following reduced rates:

Single copies.............................4 cents.
Per dozen...............................40 cents.
Per hundred..............................$2 50
Per thousand.............................$20 00

When ordered by mail, one cent each must be added for postage. Send in your orders. First come, first served.

Address, Press and Tribune Office, Chicago, Illinois.

TAIL TO BE DISCONTINUED.—Near Warren, Connecticut, is posted on a meadow fence the following:

"*Notis*—Know kows is aloud in these medders eny man ore women letten thare kow run the rode wot gits inter my medders aforesaid shel have his tail cut orf by me.—Obadiah Roggers."

THE CENSUS.—An old maid publishes her protest against the pertinent questions asked by the census takers. She says for the last twenty-six years her friends have annually celebrated her twenty-fifth birth day.

—"Tho' lost to sight to memory *dear*," as the New Yorkers said of the Japanese, after their final departure.

FINALLY DISPOSED OF.—Mrs. Partington has sent Isaac, the inquisitive, off to get an "epidemic education."

—A legal wag calls his marriage certificate "a writ of attain'd her."

—"That's my business," as the butcher said to the dog that was killing his sheep.

DRY GOODS!

AT FIFTY PER CENT. LESS THAN COST!!

Now is the Time to Buy Summer Goods!

STRYKER & CO.,

141 - Lake Street. - 141

Those wishing to save money will do well to call and examine the

Cheapest Goods ever offered in this Market!

Having determined to close out our

ENTIRE STOCK of SUMMER GOODS

We have marked them down to such a figure as to induce all to buy.

WE are now offering Foulard and Pacific Challis at 12½ cents—former price 25 to 31¼ cents.
Bareges at 6¼ cents—former price 11¼ to 20 cts.
Fine ditto at 15 to 20 cts—former price 25 to 37½ cts.
Barege Robes worth $10 to $15 we are now selling at from $4 to $9.
Lawns at from 8 to 12½ cts, formerly sold at from 12 to 18¾ cents.
Organdies from 18¾ cts to 50 cts, formerly sold at 31¼ to 75 cents.
Valencias and Poil du Cherres 15 to 20 cts, formerly sold at 31¼ to 37½ cts.
Best brands of American and English Prints only 10 cts.
Beautiful French Chintz do. at 15 cents.
Lonsdale & Bartlett 4 4 Bleached Cottons only 12½ cents.
Heavy Brown do. at from 6 to 8 cents.
Hoop Skirts from 2 shillings to 16 shillings.
Pine Apple Silks 31¼ to 37½ cents per yard.
Foulard do. 37½ to 50 cents per yard.
Travelling Dress Goods in great variety AT COST.
Fancy Dress Silks at 25 per cent. less than cost in Eastern markets.

A large and extensive assortment of

LACE POINTS AND MANTLES

AT COST.

A large assortment of

PARASOLS AND SHAWLS,

AT GREATLY REDUCED PRICES.

Call and see us and avail yourselves of these GREAT BARGAINS.

STRYKER & CO.

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CHARLES TOBEY & BRO.,

72 & 74

STATE STREET,

Manufacturers and Dealers in

Parlor, Chamber and Dining-room,

Mahogany, Black Walnut and Rosewood

FURNITURE,

Looking Glasses,

MATTRESSES, BEDDING.

HOWE'S PATENT

Eliptic Spring Bed,

The best ever offered to the Public.

We would invite the attention of the Trade to a large variety of COMMON FURNITURE.

CHAS. TOBEY & BRO.,

72 & 74 . . . State Street, ... 72 & 74

CORNER RANDOLPH.

This Store, located at the terminus of the three principal Horse Railroads, is one of the most accessible points in the city. my9c830-2m

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Spalding's Prepared Glue!

"A Stitch in Time saves Nine."

ECONOMY!

Dispatch!

Save the Pieces!

As accidents will happen even in well regulated families, it is very desirable to have some cheap and convenient way for repairing Furniture, Crockery, Toys, &c.

SPALDING'S PREPARED GLUE

meets all emergencies, and no household can afford to be without it. It is always ready and up to the sticking point. There is no longer a necessity for limping chairs, splintered veneers, headless dolls, and broken cradles. It is just the article for cone, shell and other ornamental work, so popular with ladies of refinement and taste.

This admirable preparation is used cold, being chemically held in solution, and possessing all the valuable qualities of the best cabinet-maker's Glue. It may be used in the place of ordinary mucilage, being vastly more adhesive.

"USEFUL IN EVERY HOUSE."

N.B.—A Brush accompanies each bottle.

Price, 25 Cents.

Wholesale Depot, No. 48 Cedar-st., New York.

Address HENRY C. SPALDING & CO.,
Box No 3,600 New York.

Put up for dealers in Cases containing, four, eight or twelve dozen—a beautiful Lithograph Show-Card accompanying each package.

A single Bottle of SPALDING'S PREPARED GLUE will save ten times its cost annually to every household.

Sold by all prominent Stationers, Druggists, Hardware, and Furniture Dealers, Grocers, and Fancy Stores.

Country Merchants should make a note of SPALDING'S PREPARED GLUE, when making up their list. It will stand any climate. de21 dlyeod

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WOOL TWINES & BURLAPS.

GILBERT HUBBARD & CO.,

Dealers in

TWINES AND CORDAGE.

my30-c474-3m 205 South Water street, cor. Wells.

E. G. HALL, KIMBARK & CO.,

Importers and Dealers in

IRON, NAILS, STEEL

AND HEAVY HARDWARE.

[illegible] No. 10 and 100 Washington street, Chicago, Ill.

CATARRH! CATARRH!!

DOCTOR SEELYE'S

Liquid Catarrh Remedy.

Warranted to be a SURE and PERMANENT CURE for Catarrh. A Circular, with 12 cases of cures of disease, &c., will be sent to any person by addressing post office box 4356. Office 196 Lake street, corner of Wells, Chicago, Illinois. fe8c518-1y

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(SUCCESSORS TO SAWYER, PARKER & CO.)

General Commission Merchants,

No. 274 South Water-st., Chicago, Ill.

E. S. PARKER. [ja21'60-1y] E. D. RAYMOND

G. H. & L. LAFLIN,

WHOLESALE PAPER WAREHOUSE,

49 South Water Street,

Are now receiving their spring stock of Fine Papers and Eastern Book Papers, which they offer at low prices. Printing paper of every size and best quality. oc7-b185

KILN DRIED CORN MEAL.

Fairfield Mills.—500 bbls of this celebrated brand in store and for sale by

BEDFORD MEREDITH & CO.,

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---

300 Bags RIO and JAMAICA COFFEE for sale by

PARSONS, PITKIN & HANKEY,
16 South Water street.

---

100 Pockets O. G. JAVA COFFEE, for sale by

PARSONS, PITKIN & HANKEY,
16 South Water street.

---

300 Hf. Chests TEA, assorted qualities.

PARSONS, PITKIN & HANKEY,
16 South Water street.

---

100 Hhds. N. O. SUGARS, Common to Choice, in store and for sale by

PARSONS, PITKIN & HANKEY,
16 South Water street.

Miscellaneous.

THE CAMPAIGN OF 1860.

Politicians, Attention!

BANNERS,

FLAGS FLAGS

BANNERS,

TRANSPARENCIES,

Torches, Decorations, &c.,

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION,

For Political Meetings, Turn-outs, Excursions, Etc.

We have on hand a large assortment of

American Flags!

With or without the names of the Candidates, from 2 to 45 feet. Also—portraits of the candidates on banners, from 3 to 10 feet, which we can furnish on short notice.

Orders by letter, or otherwise, will be promptly attended to at

REASONABLE RATES.

Country orders solicited. All goods forwarded with the utmost dispatch.

CHAMBERS & DUBOIS,

115 & 117......DEARBORN STREET......115 & 117

CHICAGO.

Post Office Box 4166. je?c?18w4m

MARKET FIRE INSURANCE

OF NEW YORK,

Cash Capital and Surplus......................$375,000.
Seventy-five per cent of the net profits divided annually to Insurers.

STANDARD FIRE INS. CO.

Of New York,

Cash Capital..................................$200,000.

Insure also in

FIRE INS. CO., of London,

Capital.......................................$5,200,000.

EAGLE & ALBION LIFE INS. CO.,

Of London,

Capital.......................................$25,000,000.

Will insure Merchandise, Household Furniture, Buildings, Grain in Store in Elevators, &c.

L. E. ALEXANDER, Agent 180 South Water st.,
e7-c587-1m Three doors above Lasalle, Steel's Block.

BUFFALO, CLEVELAND AND

CHICAGO LINE.

1860.

For the ensuing season of navigation, this Line will be composed of the following first class SCREW STEAMERS, which will run regularly, between Buffalo and Chicago, touching at intermediate ports, and forming a

DAILY LINE,

(Sundays excepted,) for the transportation of Freight and Passengers:

DACOTAH,	MAY FLOWER,
GALENA,	NEPTUNE,
MENDOTA,	MOUNT VERNON,
WENONA,	PLYMOUTH,
MISSOURI,	MOHAWK,
CHICAGO,	TONAWANDA,
CUYAHOGA,	FREE STATE,

Running in connection at Buffalo with the

New York Central Railroad,

SPALDING'S EXPRESS, PEOPLE'S LINE EXPRESS, WESTERN EXPRESS, and the

Western Transportation Comp'y

Line of Canal Boats on the Erie Canal. Also, running in connection, at Cleveland, with the

Cleveland, Pittsburgh & Wheeling R. R.

The Steamers of this Line, for size, strength, speed and accommodations for passengers, are far superior to those of any other line.

With these unequalled facilities, the Line is prepared to contract to transport property from Chicago and Ports on West Shore of Lake Michigan, to Cleveland and Buffalo, and all the principal points East; also, Pittsburgh, Bridgeport, Wheeling, Philadelphia and Baltimore. And FROM those points to Chicago, Waukegan, Kenosha, Racine, Milwaukee Port Washington, Sheboygan and Manitowoc.

For Rates of Freight and Passage, apply to

RICHMOND & CO.,

Office No. 1 Clark street, Cor. So. Water, Chicago.
J. J. TALMADGE, Milwaukee, Wis.
H. C. McDOWELL, Special Agent, Cleveland, Ohio.
WILLIAM STEWART, Agent Cleveland and Pittsburgh Railroad, Pittsburgh, Pa.
JOHN H. MORE, Agent New York Central Railroad, No. 239 Broadway, New York.
M. B. SPAULDING, Agent Spaulding's Express, No. 2 Astor House, Broadway, New York.
WESTERN TRANSPORTATION COMP.'S OFFICES, No. 1 Coenties' Slip, No. 9 Astor House, Broadway, } New York.
JAMES SMITH, No. 69 Washington-st., Boston, Mass.
J. [illegible] " "

SHELDON PEASE,
MANAGING AGENT

ap20c130-2m Office foot of Michigan Street, Buffalo.

THOMAS GEORGE

225 Lake Street,

(Cor. of Franklin,)

Having disposed of his old stock at 201 Lake street, has removed to

225 Lake Street, Cor. of Franklin,

Where he offers for sale a new and complete assortment of Housekeeping Goods, consisting in part of

WINSHIP'S

Self-Ventilating Refrigerator,

The best thing of the kind ever manufactured, to which the attention of every housekeeper is respectfully invited Ice Boxes, Water Coolers with Filters attached or without

KEDZIE'S WATER FILTER,

An excellent and sure article for clearing and purifying Rain River, or Lake Water. Also, a smaller one convenient for offices, &c.

Masser's 5 Minute Ice Cream Freezer,

WEATHER STRIPS for keeping the dust and wind from coming through loose doors and rattling windows.

WOODEN AND WILLOW WARE GENERALLY.

Plain Tin Ware

AT WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

Will furnish Lumbermen for the Pineries, Steamers and Canal Boats with Pumps, Bow Lights, Horns, &c., &c. Orders solicited.

"Old Dominion" Coffee and Tea Pots, Chesterman's Amorpheric ditto, Roofing, &c., well done to order.

Japanned Ware, Tea Canisters, Grocer's Canisters, Lamps, Toilet Sets, Chamber Pails, &c., &c., &c.

Plainly or Extra Finished Old Ware made New by nicely re-jappaning.

Stoves, Ranges, Hot Air Furnaces, Heaters, Ventilators, Regesters and Kitchen Utensils.

Hardware, Cutlery, Nails, etc., at retail.

Plumbing, Copper, Sheet Iron, Tin Work and Jappaning done to order.

Thomas George,

225 LAKE-ST., COR. FRANKLIN.

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NEW GOODS, SPRING TRADE

COOLEY, FARWELL & CO.,

(Successors to Cooley, Wadsworth & Co.)

DRY GOODS JOBBERS.

42, 44 & 46 Wabash Avenue

Are now receiving a full assortment of

Dry Goods, Yankee Notions, Etc.

Fresh from the Mint.

SMALL PROFITS AND PROMPT PAY

Will be our motto, and all dealers, particularly cash and short time trade, will find it to their interest to examine our extensive and attractive stock before purchasing elsewhere

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Chicago Lead Works;

LEAD PIPE,

Sheet, Bar and Pig Lead, Shot,

WHITE LEAD, RED LEAD,

Litharge, Pumps & Hydraulic Rams.

Also—VERY LIGHT PIPES FOR CONVEYING WATER LONG DISTANCES.

Cash paid for Old Lead and Flax Seed.

f?8'60-wly E. W. BLATCHFORD, Chicago, Ill.

MILLAR'S NEW PATENT

Lock Stitch Family

SEWING MACHINES!

$35, $35, $35, $35, $35, $35.

The *only* one taking this stitch sold for less than $50. In form, general appearance, stitch, (alike on both sides,) size, capacity, speed stillness, ease of motion, and manner of forming the stitch, it is *very much like* and *warranted* to do as much and as well as the celebrated

WHEELER & WILSON'S $125 MACHINE.

We also have the

METROPOLITAN

Double lock tight fast GROVER & BAKER stitch $25 family Sewing Machine—warranted superior to any $50 machine, or money refunded. We will send either or both of these machines, at agent's prices, to any party engaged in the sale of sewing machines, and refund the money at the end of thirty days if they are not satisfied.

Agents wanted. Call at 102 Lake street, or address LEWIS CORNELL, Box 3551, Chicago, Ill.

je21'60-1yw

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WAREHOUSE AND SEED-STORE.

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WARRANTED to give as good satisfaction as the highest priced in market. Make the same stitch as the $125 machines; are large six inches under the arm, and flat in the table, under feed straight needle, sew from common spools from 4 to 80 stitches to the inch, RUN VERY EASY and ALMOST NOISELESS, neatly finished, and will

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These Springs are situated in the valley of the Oak Orchard Creek, in the town of Alabama, Genesee county, N. Y., eight miles South of the village of Medina, on the Erie Canal, and fourteen miles from Batavia.

The principal Acid Springs are three in number besides these there are six others. They are all located within a circuit of about fifty rods. The medicinal qualities of the waters are fully shown in the subjoined testimonials. They contain a very large amount of *Sulphur, Sulphuric Acid, Sulphate of Lime, and Proto-Sulphate of Iron.* The great medicinal virtues possessed by the waters depend very largely upon the presence, in such unusual quantities, of these curative substances.

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In skin diseases—even in confirmed *leprosy*—the waters have been signally successful.

Opinions of medical and scientific gentlemen are given in the circulars. The following eminent gentlemen speak in strong terms of the medicinal value of these waters:—Prof. EMMONS, T. ROMEYN BECK, M. D., of Albany, JAS. MCNAUGHTON, M. D., of Albany; EDWARD SPRING, M. D., of New York; DR R. CAMPBELL, of Pittsfield, Mass.; Dr. J. S. SQUIRES, of Lockport, N. Y. They recommend the waters confidently. *Dr. Spring refers to a case of chronic diarrhea of several years' standing, which was cured by the use of the water.* Dr. Beck says, "I am satisfied that these waters are highly valuable as medicinal agents." Dr. Campbell says, "They must be highly beneficial for all chronic diseases of the stomach and bowels."

Dr. S. P. WHITE read a paper on the subject of these Waters, before the Academy of Physicians, in the city of New York, in which he states that the Waters possess decidedly tonic, refrigerant, and astringent properties; and that the class of diseases to which they are more particularly adapted, are chronic affections of the *digestive and urinary organs*, and some of the *cutaneous diseases*; *chronic dyspepsia*; *chronic diarrhea*; *chronic dysentery*; *chronic diuresis*; *chronic cystitis*; *diabetes*; cases of passive hemorrhage, such as *Purpura hemorrhagica*, and the colliquative sweats of Hectic Fever. The water may also be often used with advantage, he says, in cases of *low typhoid fever*; in *convalescence from protracted fevers*, to excite the appetite and promote digestion; in diarrhoea, particularly such as are dependent on a relaxed or ulcerated state of the mucous membrane of the intestines. In calculous affections, or *lithiasis* attended with phosphatic sediments, it is the suitable remedy, being preferable to muriatic acid, as being more solvent, and less apt by continued use to disorder the stomach. In febrile diseases it can be used, properly diluted, as a refrigerant to diminish thirst and preternatural heat. In skin diseases—in those forms of dyspepsia connected with the alkaline condition of the stomach, as in *Pyrosis*, or water brash, it will prove better than hydrochloric acid. In cases of *Colica pictonum*, and other injurious consequences arising from the action of lead, this water will prove to be an admirable antidote. In *chronic pharyngitis, laryngitis, chronic mucous catarrh*, and *humid asthma, chronic ophthalmia* externally) as a gargle in *ulcerated sore throats*, in cases of salivation, and in *leucorrhea* and *gleet*; and also in *piles*.

When taken internally, a WINE GLASSFUL of the Water, *diluted*, taken three times a day, is sufficient for an adult.

Other testimonials from physicians, and other respectable individuals, may be seen on application to the Agent.

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No Water genuine unless procured from

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je14'60-c554-tu-th-&-s-ly

Oak Orchard Acid Spring Water. This Water is gaining great celebrity, and the demand for it is increasing rapidly. Its beneficial character is attested by thousands, and it is pronounced by distinguished physicians to be superior to any other medicinal Spring Water now in use. The almost miraculous cures which it has performed lead us to believe that it is destined to become extensively used in the treatment of very many diseases which ordinary remedies fail to cure. Its curative properties are established beyond question, and we feel assured that it must, to a great extent, supersede many of the artificial compounds of the day. We recommend those of our readers who may be suffering from general debility, or from any of the diseases for which this Water is prescribed, to give it a trial. See advertisement in another column.

je14-c554 eod&ly

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REFERENCES—Capt. McClelland, Vice President Illinois Central R.R.; Ogden Fleetwood & Co., Chicago, Ill.; E. I. Tinkham & Co., Chicago, Ill.; Forrest, Brothers & Co., Chicago, Ill.

CORRESPONDING HOUSES—J. L. Phipps & Co., New York. Heyworth, Pearce, Balman & Co., Liverpool, England.

mh10x6m

WILLIAMS & HOUGHTELING

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

No. 210½ South Water street, second door West of Wells street Bridge, give their exclusive attention to the sale and purchase of all kinds of Produce, Stock, &c., on Commission. Cash advances made on Bills of Lading and property in store. Refer to George Smith & Co., Marine Bank and George Steele & Co.

J. M. WILLIAMS. [ja1'60-1y] W. D. HOUGHTELING.

SAMUEL FAULKNER,

(LATE OF THE FIRM OF SATTERLEE, COOK & CO.,)

Grocer and Commission Merchant,

DEALER IN

HAMBURGH AND W. R. CHEESE,

Lard, Hams, Whitefish, Dried Fruits, &c.

No. 22 State-st., between Lake and Water-sts.,

CHICAGO, ILL.

Special attention given to the purchase and sale of Produce and General Merchandise, on Commission. Orders and Consignments solicited. my11-c814-2m

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CULVER & COMPANY,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

216 South Water Street.

B. F. CULVER. (ja4 b916) C. F. CULVER.

RUMSEY, BROTHER & CO.,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

Give their exclusive attention to the purchase and sale of Flour, Grain, and other Produce, on Commission.

No. 146 S Water, cor. Clark-st., Chicago. no?-a35?

VAN INWAGEN & CO.,

GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

No. 8 Dole's Building, corner South Water and Clark sts Chicago, Illinois.

Liberal Advances made on Consignments.

REFERENCES:—Flint & Wheeler, Smith, Pollard & Co. Chicago; Jason Parker, Esq., Cutter & Nims, Buffalo.

mh1?60-1y

Tucker, Randolph & Carter,

GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

No. 3 Loomis' Building,

Cor. Clark and South Water street, Chicago. Give the personal and exclusive attention to the Commission business. fel '60-1y

JOS. H. TUCKER. CHAS. RANDOLPH. SAM'L P. CARTER.

WELLER, MUDD & MELLEN,

EXCLUSIVE COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

184 South Water Street, Chicago, Illinois.

JESSE WELLER......J. O. MELLEN......J. J. MUDD.

Cash advances made on Bills of Lading, Property in Store and on Shipments to our friends East and South. [ap9'60-1y

---

WEBSTER & BAXTER,

PRODUCE AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

Office 197 Kinzie Street.

We give our personal attention to the purchase and sale of all kinds of produce in this market.

GEO. WEBSTER. [ja30'60-1y] D. F. BAXTER.

SHACKFORD & HOW,

PRODUCE COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

No. 3 New Board of Trade Rooms, Chicago, Ill.

Give exclusive attention to the legitimate business of COMMISSION MERCHANTS; buying and selling for other parties ONLY.

Will make liberal advances on property in store or for Shipment East.

SAML. SHACKFORD. [aug8-b423-1y] GEO. H. HOW.

UNDERWOOD & CO.,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

152 South Water Street,

mh22'58 CHICAGO.

WATSON V. COE & CO.,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

For the purchase and Sale of

PORK, FLOUR, GRAIN AND STOCK,

No. 218½ South Water street, Chicago.

WATSON V. COE..........WM. H. RICE..........A. L. UNDERWOOD.
de2 '59 1y

ALLEN VANE & CO.,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

For the sale of Flour, Grain, Beef, Pork, Hams, Lard, Butter, Cheese, Seeds, Dried Fruits, &c. 120 South Water-st., Chicago. Agents for Hamburgh and Western Reserve Cheese.

ALLEN VANE. [au15 a125-y] R. STONE.

PHILLIPS, BROTHER & CO.,

GENERAL

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

188......SOUTH WATER STREET, CHICAGO......188

THOS. S. PHILLIPS...WM. S. PHILLIPS...R. D. VAN WAGENEN

REFERENCES:

Marine Bank, Chicago, Ill.; J. F. Dunn & Co., Bankers Galesburg, Ill.; A. D. Reed & Co., Bankers, Galesburg Ill.; C. Runkle & Co., Bankers, Knoxville, Ill.; J. P. Hotchkiss & Co., Bankers, Peoria, Ill.; M. S. Henry & Co. Bankers, Sterling, Ill.; Rumsey, Brother & Co., Chicago Ill.; Henning & Woodruff, St. Louis, Mo.; Greely & Gale, St. Louis, Mo.; Carrington & Preston, Oswego, N. Y.; R. S. King, Buffalo, N. Y.; D. & A. Dows & Co., New York.

fe8 '60 1y

CHAMBERLAIN & SEYMOUR,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

For the purchase and sale of

GRAIN, FLOUR, PRODUCE & MERCHANDISE,

No. 1 Pardee's Building, corner of Wells and South Water street, Chicago, Illinois. Liberal advances made on consignments. F. V. CHAMBERLAIN, M. W. SEYMOUR. [de15-'59

ALBERT MORSE & CO.,

PRODUCE COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

No. 186 South Water street, Aiken's Building, Chicago, Ill.

Business confined strictly to Commissions. [ly30 1y-a902

MURRY NELSON,

Produce, Commission and Shipping Merchant,

No. 214 South Water street.

(Agent for the Fulton Starch Works, Oswego Co., N.Y.)

Liberal cash advances on Flour and Grain for shipment to Oswego or New York, or in store; giving the shipper the privilege of selling in either market for one commission.

ap18

Paper Hangings.

WALL PAPERS

SELLING

CHEAPEST IN TOWN.

F. E. RIGBY,

81..............RANDOLPH STREET..............81

ap30a136-6m

WALL PAPER,

LARGEST ASSORTMENT OF

NEW PATTERNS,

AT

DRAKE & BRO'S,

PAINTERS AND PAPER HANGERS.

154....South Clark street....154

od1?ly

Railroads.

MICHIGAN SOUTHERN

LAKE SHORE RAILROAD

1860. Summer Arrangement.

7.30 am.—New York and Boston Express, Sunday—via the old line.

8.00 pm.—Night Express—daily except line.

Connecting at Toledo and Detroit with interior in Ohio, Pennsylvania, New York, England States and Canadas.

Salisbury's Patent Ventilation and trains.

Woodruff's Patent Sleeping Cars night trains on this route to N. Y. and

Tickets can be had at all ticket offices at the company's office, 56 Dearborn depot.

Trains leave Toledo at 11.15 am. and Chicago at 4.00 am. and 8.00 pm

GEO. M. GRAY, Gen'l
JOHN D. CAMPBELL, Gen'l Supt.

ST. LOUIS, ALTON AND CHICAGO RAILROAD.

Shortest and only road between Chicago without Change of Cars, Baggage, or

GREAT SAVING IN TIME AND

Elegant Sleeping Cars in Night

NEW MANAGEMENT.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.

Chicago Depot—Corner of Canal and Van Chicago Office—42 Dearborn

Trains leave Chicago every morning and every evening, Saturdays excepted.

Trains leave Chicago..............
Arrive at Joliet..............
" Peoria..............
" Bloomington..............
" Springfield..............
" Alton..............
" St. Louis..............
Trains leave St. Louis..............
Arrive at Chicago..............

Making direct connections with all trains North.

Joliet and Wilmington Accommodation leaves 4.30 p. m. daily.

Wilmington and Joliet Accommodation leaves 4.00 p. m.; arrive at Chicago 9.33 p. m.

Tickets by rail for Peoria, Galesburg, Burlington, Jacksonville, Naples, Quincy, St. Joseph and connections at St. Louis by rail for Jefferson City, Pilot Knob and St. Joseph. Also by steamer noon from St. Louis for Cairo, Memphis, New Orleans, Jefferson City, Kansas City, Leavenworth, Peak, Weston, Atchison, and St. Joseph.

JAMES ROBB
CHARLES CONGDON

JOSEPH PRICE, Treasurer.
R. B. MASON, Chief En'gr
N. H. MOORE, Gen'l Freight

ILLINOIS CENTRAL RAILROAD.

1860...Summer Arrangement.

On and after SUNDAY, April 15th, trains will leave the Great Central Depot and South Water streets.

6:35 a.m. Day Express, (Sundays excepted) Peoria at 3.45 p.m., at Decatur Springfield at 5.10 p.m.; p.m.; Naples at 10.20 p.m.; St. Cairo at 10.35 p.m.; Memphis New Orleans in 48 hours from

4.35 p.m. Night Express, (Saturdays excepted) Decatur 1.15 a.m.; Springfield sonville 5.05 a.m.; Naples 10.30 a.m.; St. Louis Memphis in 28 hours, and New hours from Chicago.

Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains.

HYDE PARK AND WOODLAWN

Trains leave Chicago 6.20 a.m.; 8.00 p.m. and 6.15 p.m.

Returning will leave—

Woodlawn,	6.55 am.	9.00 am.	1.00 pm.
Hyde Park,	7.00 "	9.05 "	1.05 "
Oakland,	7.04 "	9.09 "	1.10 "
Fairview,	7.08 "	9.13 "	1.14 "
Car Works,	7.11 "	9.16 "	1.20 "

W. R. ARTHUR, Gen. Supt.
W. S. JOHNSON, Gen. Passenger Agent.

RACINE AND MISSISSIPPI RAILROAD.

Trains leave the depot of the Chicago and Railroad for Beloit, Freeport, Galena, the Mississippi River at 9 45 a. m. and

MATT. TAYLOR,
G. A. THOMSON, Gen'l Manager.

CHICAGO, BURLINGTON AND QUINCY RAILROAD.

Passenger Trains leave and arrive at Chicago Day Express leaves 9:15 a.m. Sundays 6:00 p.m., Sundays excepted..... Night p. m. Saturdays excepted; arrives 5:50 cepted..... Mendota Accomodation leaves excepted; arrives 9:15 a.m. Sundays excepted.

C. G. HAMMOND,

Chicago, April 7th, 1860.

THE PENNSYLVANIA CENTRAL RAILROAD.

300 MILES DOUBLE TRACK.

The capacity of this Road is now equal country.

Three Through Passenger

Between Pittsburgh and Philadelphia

Connecting direct in the Union Depot, at Through Trains from all Western Cities New York, Boston, Baltimore and Washington furnishing facilities for the transportation surpassed, for speed and comfort, by any without change of Cars or Conductors.

Express and Fast Lines run through without change of Cars or Conductors.

Smoking Cars are attached to each train. Sleeping Cars to Express and Fast Trains runs daily, Mail and Fast Line Sundays daily trains connect direct for New York. Fast Line connect for Baltimore and Washington.

All Through Passenger Trains provided with Patent Brake—speed under perfect control thus adding much to the safety of Travelers.

Six Daily Trains between Philadelphia and Two Daily Trains between New York. Through Tickets, all rail, are good on either trains.

Boat Tickets to Boston are good via Norwich or Stonington Lines. Boston passengers charge through New York.

Tickets may be obtained at any of the Offices in the West; also, on board any of Steamers on the Mississippi or Ohio River. Offices of the Company in Boston New York Philadelphia.

FARE ALWAYS AS LOW AND TIME AS ANY OTHER ROUTE.

ASK FOR TICKETS BY PITTSBURGH.

The completion of the Western connections sylvania Railroad, makes this the

DIRECT LINE BETWEEN THE EAST AND GREAT WEST.

The connecting of tracks by the Railroad burgh, avoiding all drayage or ferriage of with the saving of time, are advantages by Shippers of Freight, and the Travelling

For Freight Contracts or Shipping Directions address either of the following Agents of the

D. A. STEWART, Pittsburgh; H.S. Pierce & Co., Zanesville, O.; J. J. J. O.; R. McNeeley, Maysville, Ky.; Portsmouth, O.; Paddock & Co., Jefferson; W. Brown & Co., Cincinnati; Athern & R. C. Meldrum, Madison, Ind.; Jos. ville; P. G. O'Riley & Co., Evansville; ham & Co., Cairo, Ill.; R. F. Sass, Louis; John H. Harris, Nashville, Tenn.; Memphis, Tenn.; Clarke & Co., Chicago; Alton, Ill., or to Freight Agents of Railroad points in the West.

The Greatest Facilities offered Protection and Speedy Transportation of LIVE STOCK

And good accommodations with passage men traveling in charge thereof.

FREIGHTS.

By this Route Freights of all descriptions forwarded to and from Philadelphia, New York, Baltimore, to and from any point on the Railroad Kentucky, Indiana, Illinois, Wisconsin, Iowa, by Railroad direct.

The Pennsylvania Railroad also connects with Steamers, by which Goods can be forwarded port on the Ohio, Muskingum, Kentucky, Tennessee, Cumberland, Illinois, Mississippi, Wisconsin, Arkansas and Red Rivers; and at Cleveland Chicago with Steamers to all Ports on the Lakes.

Merchants and Shippers entrusting the transportation of their Freight to this Company, can rely with its speedy transit.

The rates of Freight to and from any point by the Pennsylvania Railroad, are at all times as are charged by other R. R. Companies.

Be particular to mark packages "via Pennsylvania"

E. J. SNEEDER, Philadelphia.
MAGRAW & KOONS, 80 North street,
LEECH & CO., No. 2 Astor House, or New York.
LEECH & CO., No. 77 State street, Boston.
H. H. HOUSTON, Gen'l Freight Agt.
L. L. HOUPT, Gen'l Ticket Ag't
THOS. A. SCOTT, Gen'l Supt., Altoona, Pa.

BUFFALO & LAKE HURON RAILWAY. Shortest and best route to other Eastern cities.

Train leaving Chicago at 8:00 p.m., Detroit arrives at Buffalo at 5:40 p.m., New York at ton at 4:30; connecting with N. Y. Central N. Y. & Erie trains going East. Tickets be obtained at the Union Depot. R. S.

fel4 '60 1y

PITTSBURGH, FORT WAYNE AND CHICAGO RAILROAD.

Now completed and cars run from Chicago without change, connecting with the great

PENNSYLVANIA CENTRAL RAILROAD

To New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore and City, and all the interior towns of Pennsylvania, New York, Maryland, &c.

Merchants, by taking this route, will have all the Eastern market at no additional cost.

Baggage checked through.

Trains leave the depot, corner of Canal and streets, West Side, as follows:

6 40 A. M.—Morning Express, daily (Sundays
7.25 P. M.—Night Express, daily (Saturdays

Connecting at Crestline with Cleveland and Railroad to Dunkirk, Buffalo, Niagara Falls, Boston, and all interior towns of New England York Central and New York and Erie Railroads.

Also, south to Columbus, Zanesville, Vernon, Steubenville, Wheeling, and interior and Virginia.

The above trains connect at Forest with River Road to Springfield, Urbana, Dayton. Also with trains at Lima for Dayton and

FARE AS LOW AS ANY OTHER

Passengers bound East will find this route and agreeable, passing through many of the finest cities in the United States.

Passengers arriving at Chicago, on any of the find attentive check agents at the depots, to and convey baggage free of charge to the Chicago cars. Sleeping cars accompany each

Tickets for sale at all the principal Ticket West, and at the Company's Office, corner of Dearborn streets, opposite the Revere House, Depot West Side, corner of Canal and Van Buren Chicago.

Be particular to ask for tickets by Fort Wayne

B. F. PATRICK,
JAS. W. MUSSON, Freight Agent,
J. J. HOUSTON, Gen'l Freight Ag't, Chicago.

MICHIGAN CENTRAL AND GREAT WESTERN (CANADA) RAILWAY.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.

Trains leave the Great Central Depot, foot of Lake Chicago:

6.00 am—Lightning Express, (Sundays excepted) Detroit 4.45 pm. Suspension Bridge 3.30 pm. New York 9.00 pm. Boston

8.00 pm—New York & Boston Express, arrive at Detroit 7:30 am., Suspension Buffalo 8:10 pm., Albany 4:45 am. 9:45 am., Boston 1:00 pm.

7:30 am—Cincinnati Express—(except Sundays) Cincinnati in 15 hours.

8:00 pm Cincinnati and Louisville Express day) through to Cincinnati in 14 hours in 18 hours.

8:00 pm Train, Saturday, only to Niles. Sunday Trains 8 pm.

Patent Sleeping Cars on all night trains.

The 8.00 pm train connect at Paris with the Lake Huron Railway for Buffalo and all points ronto with the Grand Trunk Railway to Kingston burgh, Montreal, Quebec and all points in Northern Vermont, New Hampshire and Maine.

Baggage checked through.

Through Tickets for sale at the principal in the North and West, and at the Company's Dearborn street, Chicago, at the depot, foot of

R. N. RICE,
H. J. SPAULDING, General Passenger Agent.

FOR ROCKFORD, BELOIT, Freeport, Galena, Dubuque, Janesville, Chippewa, Oshkosh, La Crosse, St. Paul, and all points and Northwest, via—

Chicago & Northwestern Railway.

Two daily trains leave, viz:—

9.45 am.—Day Express.
3.00 pm.—For Rockford and Janesville
9.30 " —Night Express.

Both express trains go direct through to all points Northwest, and connects at La Crosse and Prairie with steamers for St. Paul, &c.

Passengers for Rockford take the Day Express 3 pm train.

Sleeping Cars on night trains.

GEO. L. DUNLAP,

GALENA & CHICAGO UNION RAILROAD.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.

On and after FRIDAY, June 1st, 1860, trains Wells street depot, Chicago, as follows, Sundays

9.45 am and 9.30 pm for Dixon, Polo, Rapids, and intermediate points.

At 9:45 am and 9:30 pm for Belvidere, Freeport, Warren, Galena, Dunleith, Dubuque, diate places.

4:00 pm for Elgin, Belvidere, Rockford, ate points.

At 5:30 pm for Geneva, Elgin, and intermediate

Passengers for Beloit and Janesville will am. train.

Passengers for McHenry, Richmond, Geneva intermediate points, will take the 4:00 pm.

Sleeping cars on night trains.

E. B. TALCOTT,
H. E. PORTER Gen. Passenger Agent.

CHICAGO AND MILWAUKEE RAILROAD—For Milwaukee, La Crosse, St. Paul.

Morning Line—At 9.45 a. m., arrives at Milwaukee and La Crosse same evening.

Evening Line—At 9.30 p. m., arriving at 12.30 a. m., and La Crosse at 10.30 a. m.

Both of these trains connect at La Crosse with Boats for Saint Paul.

Waukegan Train leaves Waukegan at 7 a. m. Chicago at 8.30 a. m. Leaves Chicago at rives at Waukegan at 6.30 p. m.

Trains leave Milwaukee at 10.15 a. m. and arrive at Chicago at 1.30 p. m. and 4.

April 24th, 1860. S. C. BALDWIN

CHICAGO & ROCK ISLAND RAILROAD LINE.—Passenger Trains leave and arrive at Chicago as follows:

Day Express and Mail leaves at 9.15 am. 6:15 pm. (Sundays excepted.)

Night Express leaves at 9.15 pm. (Saturdays arrives at 5:20 am (Mondays excepted.)

Joliet Accommodation, 4.00 pm,

JOHN F. TRACY,
W. L. St. JOHN, Gen. Agent.